A SPECIALITY.

Gentlemen's Light Tweed Suits or Overcoats which have become faded can be Dyed Darker Shades.

SUITS DYED, 14/-; OVERCOATS, 10/6.

PRESCOTT'S DYE WORKS, DUBLIN.

Telephone—0/1. Telegrams—"Dyer, Dublin." (6)

SPECIAL EXTRA

The Irish Times

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN. FRIDAY. MARCH 7, 1924. VOL. LXVI. NO. 20,873.

FINE INDIAN TEA 2/4, 2/8, 3/- 3/8, 4/-.

FRESH ROASTED COFFEE, 1/10 to 2/9.

Robt. ROBERTS & Co. (Ireland), Ltd., 44 Grafton St. - 19 Suffolk St. DUBLIN.

An Unexpected Invitation

MAY MEAN

You require your dress cleaned quickly and correctly.

TRY OUR EXPRESS SERVICE

DARTRY DYE WORKS, DUBLIN

'Phones: Rathmines 55 and 195.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

Irish Times 'Phone Numbers.—Dublin—5036 and 5037; Belfast—1787; London—Central 4330. Belfast Office—139 Royal Avenue. London Office—59 Fleet Street.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

(1914-1918.)

IN MEMORIAM.

SHERIDAN—In loving memory of Brinsley, Lieutenant, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, killed 7th March, 1916.

BIRTHS.

BERESFORD—March 5, 1924, at 29 Norfolk rd., Regent's Park, London, the wife of Major Marcus de la Poer Beresford, D.S.O. (late S. Wales Borderers), of a daughter.

BEVAN—March 5, 1924, at 12 The Crescent, Monkstown, to Mr. and Mrs. C. Bevan, of 7 Haddington tce., Kingstown, a daughter.

DELANY—February 24, 1924, at Mrs. Herbert Webb's Private Nursing Home, Waterford, the wife of Thomas Delany, Ballyboe, Clonmel, a son.

HANAN—February 25, 1924, at 7 Leitrim place, Wicklow, to Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hanan, a son.

LYTTLE—March 3, 1924, at "Ancona," South Parade, Belfast, to Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Lyttle (nee Barbara Coath), a daughter.

MAGEE—February 29, 1924, at 1 Wyndham Park, Bray, Co. Wicklow, to Mr. and Mrs. James M. Magee, a daughter.

O'CONNELL—March 2, 1924, at 51 Watercourse rd., Cork, to Mr. and Mrs. N. T. O'Connell, a son.

MARRIAGES.

KEOWN and JAMES—March 1, 1924, at All Angels, London, Robert White Keown, M.C., son of the late Mr. Robert Keown and of Mrs. Keown, Highgate, N., London, to Doris Ruth James, stepdaughter of Brigadier-General C. R. Crofton Atkins, C.B.E., The Lawns, Alveston, Gloucestershire.

PEARCE and LEDGERWOOD—On Saturday, March 1, 1924, at Holy Trinity Church, London, W., by the Revd. Charles Knight, M.A., Vicar, assisted by the Rev. Hugh D. Atkinson, B.A., Dr. Andrew Harman Pearce, younger son of Mr. Nigel R. Pearce and Mrs. Pearce, Cedar House, Grantchester, Cambridge, to Dr. Hilary Ledgerwood, London, only daughter of Mr. N. J. Ledgerwood and the late Mrs. Ledgerwood, Wellington Park, Belfast.

WHEELER and DUGGAN—March 4, 1924, at Christ Church, Kensington, by the Rev. H. Jackson, Major Gerald de Courcy Wheeler, the Welch Regiment, to Dorothy I. Tuthill, widow of the late Captain George Grant Duggan, Royal Irish Fusiliers.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on page 4.

BOWERS—March 6, 1924, at her son's residence, Elizabeth M., widow of the late John F. Bowers, Donnybrook, and daughter of the late John Newport, Donnybrook. R.I.P. Funeral private. No flowers.

CAMPBELL—March 6, 1924, at a London Private Nursing Home, Sir Henry Campbell, of Greenwood Park, Newry, Co. Down (formerly Town Clerk of Dublin for 28 years). Funeral strictly private.

COBBE—March 6, 1924, at a Nursing Home in Dublin, after an operation, John Cobbe, Doolagh House, Portarlington, in his 80th year. "Nearer, my God, to Thee." Funeral at 2 p.m. to-morrow (Saturday).

GEOGHEGAN—March 4, 1924, at The Gables, Goring-on-Thames, after a short illness, Emma, widow of the late Jacob T. Geoghegan, of 8 Hatch st., Dublin, aged 74.

GLOVER—March 6, 1924, at 11 Belgrave square, Rathmines, Joseph Glover, the dearly-beloved husband of Sara Glover. Deeply regretted. "Washed in the blood of the Lamb." Funeral private.

JAGO—March 6, 1924, at his residence, 2 Malvern, Greystones, William Henry, dearly-beloved husband of Mary Jane Jago, aged 67. "To be with Christ, which is far better." Sadly mourned by his sorrowing wife and children. Funeral will take place to-morrow (Saturday) at 3 p.m. to Redford Cemetery. No flowers, by request.

KNIGHT—March 2, 1924, at his residence, 2 Glentworth st., Limerick, John G. Knight, to the inexpressible grief of his loving wife and family. "Eternal Shepherd! hear the cry of a soul whose faith on Thee relied." "By Thy cross my victory," R.I.P.

McCAUSLAND—February 13, 1924, at Donamore School House, Co. Wexford, Anne, widow of the late Andrew McCausland, Lisiap, Omagh, youngest daughter of the late George Storey, Rockfield (Prospect), Co. Cavan, and grand-daughter of the late William Storey, Esq., Swanlinbar, Co. Cavan."

"On the Resurrection morn
We shall meet to part—no, never!"

McDONNELL—On Tuesday, March 4, 1924, at "Hillside," Killiney, Mary, Ian Alasdair McDonnell, eldest son of the late Alexander McDonnell. Funeral Enniskerry Church 11.45 a.m. to-day (Friday).

O'DRISCOLL—February 29, 1924, at Greenpark House, Bray, Robert, beloved husband of Kate O'Driscoll. Interred in Enniskerry Churchyard March 3rd.

ORMSBY—March 6, 1924, at Ulster Bank House, Limavady, Mary Ormsby, of Bowmore Lodge, Rosses Point, Sligo, widow of the late J. R. Ormsby, Castle Dargan, Sligo, Co. Sligo. Funeral private.

PERCY—March 4, 1924, at Talavera, Templemore, Robert Henry Percy. Funeral took place yesterday (Thursday) at 3 p.m. No flowers.

ROGERS—March 5, 1924, at Estate Office, Inistioge, Co. Kilkenny, William Francis Rogers, to the inexpressible grief of his sorrowing wife and family. "Thy will be done."

SYNGE—March 1, 1924, at Upper Downing, Whitford, Holywell, Francis Robert Millington, sixth Baronet, of Kempsefield, Birr, late Major South Lancashire Regiment, aged 72. Funeral took place yesterday (Thursday).

WALKER—March 5, 1924, at Adelaide Hospital, Margaret Waters, wife of John J. Walker, of 15 South Circular rd. Funeral (private) this (Friday) morning.

WARRIN—March 6, 1924, at Apsley House, 31 Charleston rd., James Warrin (otherwise James Eustace Warren), in his 80th year of age. Funeral arrangements later.

IMPORTANT.—As announcements for this column, if posted on Saturday, cannot reach this office in time for Monday's paper, they should be sent by telegram.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mr. and Mrs. Reid desire to return thanks to all their kind friends who sympathised with them (by letter or otherwise) in their recent bereavement, and trust this will be accepted by all in grateful acknowledgment.

IN MEMORIAM.

MILNE—In loving memory of Alexander Milne, who died at Provincial Bank House, Drogheda, on 7th March, 1915.—Helen.

YOUNG—In loving remembrance of my dear wife, Amelia F. Young, who fell asleep on March 7th, 1923, at her residence, 46 Charleville av., North Strand, Dublin. Deeply mourned by her husband and only surviving daughter, Constance E. Young.

NICHOLS' 'Phone—276. 'Phone—276.

FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT. Lombard street (Westland Row). Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

WALLER, 49 and 50 DENZILLE STREET (Merrion square).

SALOON MOTOR HEARSE.

Private Mortuary.

'Phone—131. Wires—"Undertaker, Dublin."

'Grams: "Collier, Bray." 'Phone: Bray 117.

MILLER & CO BRAY, CO. WICKLOW

MOTOR FUNERALS

SUPERIOR SALOON MOTOR HEARSE.

All details attended to with promptitude.

COALS.

WALLACE BROS., LTD.

THIS DAY'S PRICES:

BEST ORRELL..... 48/- Per Ton Cash
BEST WIGAN..... 45/- Per Ton Cash
BEST KITCHEN..... 41/- Per Ton Cash
DELIVERED IN THE CITY.

2/- Per Ton extra if Coals are Booked.

All Coals are Double Screened, and are very best of respective qualities. Small additional charges are made for delivery beyond old City Boundary, or on quantities of less than one ton.

23 WESTMORELAND STREET

Telegrams—"Wallace, Dublin." Telephone—2999 and 3000.

ST. PATRICK'S HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.

In addition to the Main Hospital in James's street, the Governors have Branch Establishments at St. Edmondsbury, Lucan, standing in a Demesne of 200 acres, and provided with every facility for the Curative Treatment of Mental Cases.

The Mansion at St. Edmondsbury has been adapted for the Treatment of Ladies, and a Villa specially built to accommodate a limited number of Gentlemen.

Urgent Cases can be admitted to the Hospital on application to the Medical Superintendent.

For further particulars, Forms, etc., apply to THE REGISTRAR, St. Patrick's Hospital, James's street, Dublin.

MONEY Lent by Post, from £30 to £5,000, on Note of Hand alone, without security, to ladies or gentlemen; strictly private. No charge whatever. If Loan is not granted. Apply SECRETARY, The City and County Private Finance Co., Ltd., 12 South Leinster street, Dublin.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MAGNIFICENT Newly-built Premises for Sale, 8 Upper Liffey street (2 minutes from Nelson's Pillar). Fee simple. Floor space, 14,000 feet. Ground floor, 8,000 feet. Rear entrance. Suit any large important business. Apply Laurence Brady, 2 Pretoria Villas, Dollymount.

TO LET, large Malt Houses; good water supply; good barley district; convenient to Ballybrophy Station, G.S. and W.R.—Dugdale, Donaghmore, Ballybrophy.

SALMON FISHING.

A FEW GUESTS taken at private Country Mansion in Western Highlands; own living rooms; gorgeous scenery; excellent salmon, sea trout, and brown trout fishing; car; motor boat; terms moderate; also small Deer Forest to Let.—Major Burnett, Drumbeg, Aharacle, Argyllshire.

KILLINEY—Private Sale large, sunny House; garden, tennis, garage.—Box 1229, Eason's Advertising Service, Dublin.

SMALL IRISH INDUSTRY.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

OWING to Dissolution of Partnership, small fully-equipped Irish industry allied to Boot Trade (the only one of its kind in Ireland). Registered Irish trade mark. The business returns good, profits, and is capable of being developed into a really big concern, as there is an ever-increasing demand for the product. Full particulars and authority to view will be given only to bona fide inquirers from—

HENRY CONNOLLY, Auctioneer and Valuer, 15 D'Olier street, Dublin.

FOR SALE.

LARGE HOUSE and Three Cottages, in extensive grounds, Blackrock, held for ever, subject to a nominal rent; suitable for hotel or conversion into flats. Price £2,500.

FREDERICK CROSKERRY and SON, Solicitors, 30 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

"TAMILESE," the Tea for FLAVOUR. Packed in 2, 1, and 1lb. Packets. Ask for it.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED.—James H. North and Co., Auctioneers, Grafton street. Established 1829.

JOHN C. PARKES & Sons, Ltd., DUBLIN. CYCLES, CYCLE ACCESSORIES, MOTOR ACCESSORIES.

ELVERY and CO., LTD. WE MAKE CART COVERS. ELEPHANT HOUSE, DUBLIN, CORK & LONDON.

BROOKS, THOMAS, AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN. BROMAS WALLPAPERS. Our New Books contain LATEST CREATIONS In Wall and Panel Decorations. PATTERNS FREE.

VALUATIONS OF FURNITURE, HOUSE Property, etc., made for Probate and all purposes.—James H. North and Co., Valuers, Grafton street.

ASK your Grocer for and insist on getting ANNE LYNCH'S TEA.

PAINT covers a lot. We supply the Tools. Brushes, etc.—BOOTH BROTHERS, Limited.

NO WOMAN need suffer any facial blemish. By POMEROY ELECTROLYSIS TREATMENT Superfluous Hair is destroyed at the root; warts and moles vanish, and peace of mind returns. Make an appointment for a Free Consultation to-day.—Mrs. Pomeroy, Ltd., 67 Grafton street, Dublin.

"MARVEL" DRY FEEDER for PIGS. Avoids waste—controls quantity each feed. KENNAN'S, FISHAMBLE ST., DUBLIN.

MOWERS sent for, Sharpened and Repaired. KENNAN'S, FISHAMBLE ST., DUBLIN.

IRELAND'S WEEKLY SPORTING PAPER.—The "IRISH FIELD," published every Saturday, contains all the latest Racing News, Programmes and Selections. Also Special Articles and Reports on Football, Hunting, Coursing, Golf, Angling, Motoring, Boxing, etc. Official Organ of the Irish Kennel Club. At all Newsagents'. Price 2d.; 13/- yearly, post free.

OPERA AT WATERFORD—A special group Photograph of the Wallace Grand Opera Society, Waterford, appears in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" to-day. Price Twopence, at all newsagents'.

SHERWIN WILLIAMS PAINTS. For Farm and Greenhouse. Shades and Prices From DOCKRELL Limited, Dublin.

MOIRA RESTAURANT, TRINITY STREET (COLLEGE GREEN). Two minutes from Trinity College. Charcoal Grill. P. NUGENT, Proprietor.

HEATING STOVES. BATHS AND BOILERS. HENSHAW and CO., LTD., Christchurch place.

CARSON'S "VITROLITE."—The Paint for greenhouses and outside work.—Carson's, 22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

INCOME TAX Recovered. Returns Filled. Super Tax Statements Prepared.—J. T. WALLACE, Expert, 10 Nassau street, Dublin. 'Phone 1585.

ARGENTO CLEANS SILVER WITHOUT RUBBING. Full particulars from DOCKRELL LIMITED, DUBLIN.

WIRELESS—How to fit up a set at home is explained by an Expert in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." On Sale to-day.

INCOME Tax, Super Tax, Returns; Statements and Repayment Claims Prepared. Advice Free.—NEVIN and GRIFFIN, Expert (late of J. T. Wallace), 11 St. Andrew street, Dublin.

JEWELLERY and SILVER Purchased at KELLY'S, 44 FLEET STREET. Established 1795.

WOULD any kind Gentry help Farmer (very loyalist family) in poor circumstances.—H 1982, this office.

RAILWAYS.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY (IRELAND).

NAVAN RACES, SATURDAY, 8th MARCH.

As this Meeting has been abandoned, Notice is hereby given that the Special Train arrangements and Excursion Fares advertised in connection therewith are cancelled.

JOHN BAGWELL, General Manager.

LEGAL NOTICES.

In the Goods of SIDNEY MARGARET KINCAID, late of Cloncevin, Killiney, in the County of Dublin, Widow, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors or otherwise to have any claim or demand against the estate or assets of the said Sidney Margaret Kincaid, deceased, who died on the 14th day of January, 1924, are hereby required, on or before the 12th day of April, 1924, to furnish (in writing) the particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors of the said Deceased, to whom Probate of the will and codicils of said Deceased was granted forth of the Principal Registry (Probate) of the High Court of Justice, Sacrista Eireann, on the 25th day of February, 1924. And Notice is hereby further given that after the said 12th day of April, 1924, the said Executors will distribute the assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.

Dated this 29th day of February, 1924.

ROOKE and ROOKE, Solicitors for said Executors, 6 Merrion square, Dublin.

Notice of Sitting for Proof of Debts.—21. SAORSTAT EIREANN. IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE. KING'S BENCH DIVISION—IN BANKRUPTCY. In the Matter of

MISS A. J. MacDEVETTE, of Buncrana, in the County of Donegal, Merchant and Spinster, a Bankrupt.

A Public Sitting in this Matter will be held before the Chief Registrar, at the Law Courts, the Castle, Dublin, on Thursday, the 27th day of March, 1924, at the hour of Eleven o'clock forenoon, for the Proof and Admission of Debts and for the vouching of the Official Assignee's account.

A creditor may prove his debt at the Sitting, or send his Affidavit of Debt in the prescribed form or his detailed account to the undermanned Official Assignee four days previously to the Sitting in order to have the same admitted.

Dated this 4th day of March, 1924.

W. F. COOPER, Senior Assistant.

ALFRED GEORGE HOLLINSHEAD, Official Assignee, Law Courts, the Castle, Dublin.

PORTER, MORRIS and CO., Solicitors having Carriage, 3 Clare street, Dublin.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF EDWARD T. BANNON, late of Otteran's Terrace, Waterford, School Inspector, Deceased.

All persons having any claims against the Estate of the above-named Deceased, who died on or about the 23rd February, 1924, will please send same to the undersigned.

WILLIAM KELLY, Solicitor, Letterkenny, Co. Donegal.

EDUCATION.

HILLSIDE CONVENT COLLEGE, FARNBOROUGH PARK, HAMPSHIRE. HIGH-CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Conducted by the Religious of Christian Education. Under the Patronage of HIS LORDSHIP THE BISHOP OF PORTSMOUTH.

Ideal situation, Hampshire Pine District. Grounds 40 acres. Tennis, Hockey, Net Ball, Riding. Home Farm. Preparation for University Examinations. Post-Matric. Courses. Modern Languages by native teachers. Music, Art, Elocution.

For particulars apply REV. MOTHER.

A GOOD Hood keeps you dry. Have one fitted by JOHN HUTTON and SONS, Ltd., 115 Summerhill.

10 H.P. WOLSELEY TWO-SEATER, £300. Delivery from stock.—Grafton Motor Co., 43 Grafton street, Dublin.

FORD. Low Build. Grey Finish and Upholstery. Nickel Radiator. New model now on view. AUTOCARS IRELAND LTD., Chatham street, Authorised Ford Dealers.

MORRIS CARS. Good delivery of all Oxford and Cowley Models. G. A. Brittain, Ltd., Hatch st.

THE PIONEERS OF FORDING IN IRELAND. R. W. ARCHER and CO., 65 Lr. Mount street, Dublin.

THE CHEVROLET TON-TRUCK IS WHAT YOUR BUSINESS NEEDS to back it up. We would like to tell you more about it.—Ashenhurst, Williams and Co., Store Street, Dublin.

COMMER Cars create confidence—more business. Co. Wicklow Garage and Motor Touring Co., Bray.

ELECTION ADDRESSES & NOTICES.

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL.

SOUTH CITY ELECTION, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12th.

MR. JAMES O'MARA, THE GOVERNMENT CANDIDATE.

ELECTION HEADQUARTERS: 3/4 COLLEGE STREET (COLLEGE GREEN).

All enquiries will be attended to at above address. Telephone—2261.

WILLIAM P. CORRIGAN, Solicitor, Agent for Candidate.

CONTRACTS.

STATIONERY OFFICE, DUBLIN.

TENDERS are invited for Letterpress Book Binding for the Public Service for the year ending 31st March, 1925.

Full details are given in "Irish Office list" of 7th March.

(Signed) J. B. WHELEHAN, Controller.

G 6288. W.H.Co.

URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF BLACKROCK.

The Urban District Council of Blackrock are prepared to receive Tenders for the supply of FIVE SUITS OF UNIFORM.

Official Tender Forms and Specification may be obtained on application at the Surveyor's Office, Town Hall, Blackrock, during Office hours.

Samples of the articles tendered for, addressed to the Town Clerk, and marked with price in plain figures, must accompany each Tender.

Price and quality being equal, preference will be given to Irish Manufacture.

The Contractor to pay the standard Trade Union rate of wages, and observe the usual terms of employment recognised by the trade.

Tenders, in sealed envelopes, endorsed with the name of the article tendered for, and addressed to the Chairman of the Council, must be delivered at this Office not later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd April, 1924.

The Council will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order, JOHN MOONEY, Town Clerk.

Town Clerk's Office, Town Hall, Blackrock, 6th March, 1924.

FOUR COURTS HOTEL, DUBLIN.

TO BUILDERS.

Tenders are invited from Competent Builders for the Reconstruction of the Four Courts Hotel, Inns quay, Dublin.

Bills of Quantities may be obtained after Monday next, the 10th instant, from Mr. James Meskell, Surveyor, 58 Dame street, Dublin, for deposit of a fee of £2 2/-, which will be refunded on receipt of a bona fide Tender.

Plans and Specifications prepared by Mr. Aubrey V. O'Rourke, A.R.I.B.A., Architect, 3 Clare street, Dublin, may be inspected at the Offices of the Surveyor.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

GREAT CARE IS TAKEN THAT ADVERTISEMENTS IN ALL PARTS OF THIS PAPER APPEAR CORRECTLY; BUT NO LIABILITY IS UNDERTAKEN FOR ANY ERROR IN OR OMISSION OF ANY ADVERTISEMENT. THE PROPRIETORS RESERVE THE RIGHT TO OMIT OR ALTER ANY ADVERTISEMENT, NO MATTER WHERE OR BY WHOM ACCEPTED.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SMALL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

12 words or under, 1/-
Every succeeding word, One Penny.
4 consecutive insertions FOR price of 3

This concession does not apply to advertisements in display form or placed contrary to our classification.

Box Office address counts as three words if replies are to be called for, or, if they are to be sent by post, as four words. Postage extra.

Advertisements not prepaid are charged at a minimum of 3/ per insertion.

Publication of these advertisements is not guaranteed on any particular day.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS OF ADVERTISEMENTS IN THESE COLUMNS 1/- PER LINE

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ORIGINAL testimonials should not be enclosed with replies to advertisements.

(3/3/23.)

IRISH TIMES, LTD.,
WESTMORELAND STREET DUBLIN.
Telephone Nos.—6036, 6037.
BRANCH OFFICES—
BELFAST—139 Royal Avenue ..... 'Phone 1787
CORK—33 Marlborough Street ..... 'Phone 65.
LONDON—59 Fleet Street, E.C. 4 ..... Central 4330
MANCHESTER—32 Victoria Street ..... City 3084
GLASGOW—54 Gordon Street ..... Central 54

LOST AND FOUND.

BROWN Leather Purse, initials K.G., between Wilton place and Baggot street, Wednesday. Reward, Parsons & Bagot street Bridge.

FOUND, Sealyham Puppy in Ranelagh.—4 St. James's terrace, Clonskeagh.

KODAK and Case left in 8.50 a.m. train, Kingstown Pier, 3rd inst.; finder well rewarded.—K 90, this office.

MOTOR Gloves (Brown) Lost on Thursday, Dame street or vicinity; reward.—K 108, this office.

STOLEN or Strayed from 28 Leeson Park, evening February 21st, two Terrier Dogs, one large rough coated, undocked, also Pup, tail docked, smooth, both tan colour. Reward £5 for recovery. 3 E

STRAYED from 31 Fitzwilliam square, Irish Terrier Dog; police notified.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ABANDON Unemployment.—Important Appointments secured after few months' training in Wireless Broadcasting; salaries average from £5 weekly. Prospectus post free 6d. Apply Secretary, Atlantic College, 45/47 Henry street, Dublin.

A REPRESENTATIVE Wanted amongst racing men, grocers, tobacconists, newsagents and others in every town and village by well known firm of Turf Accountants; liberal commission given. Write the City Turf Club, 14 South Anne street, Dublin. 12 S

ARCHITECTURAL Draughtsman and General Assistant Wanted at once; must be good Designer; salary as rate of £260. Address stating references and experience, "Z 697, Draughtsman," this office. 4 F

ACTIVE and energetic Salesman Wanted for Wholesale Confectionery Trade; must be capable motor driver, to cover Dublin and radius of thirty miles; full particulars of past employment required; state salary expected. Apply K 95, this office.

AUCTION and General Assistant Wanted; state salary, copies of testimonials.—K 49, this office.

ACTIVE, healthy Man, age 25-30, Wanted for Window Cleaning and General Work; 30/- weekly to permanent employment to satisfactory man.—K 56, this office. 6 B

BOOT Salesman—Wanted, capable, experienced Boot Salesman; Protestant. Apply, stating experience, salary, and with copy references, "Z 750, Salesman," this office.

BOARD Residence, riding and motoring, offered Lady able to cook and wait on six roomed Hampshire Cottage; no salary. Address "Z 750, Residence," this office.

DISABLED Soldiers and Beginners.—Your living guaranteed. Start your own Drapery Business; little capital required. Write for catalogue and advice.—H. Leamon Dept. C., 43 Moundsditch, London, E.C. 4.

DRAPERY.—Wanted, good Junior Salesman; one with experience of Hosiery preferred. Address, stating experience, religion, and salary expected, "Z 710, Junior," this office.

DESIGNATED business like Men desiring outdoor employment required, to be trained as Special Salesmen, calling on city establishments; no previous experience needed; Protestant applications to epcenal area, who can become assured. Apply, stating age (not under 25) and previous calling, K 81, this office.

DRAPERY.—Wanted, good Man for Boots and Beadmades. State experience, salary (outdoor), enclose copies reference, to G. S. Barry and Co., Enniscorthy.

EXPERIENCED Typist required at once for one week. Apply H 1916, this office.

FREE House available for Protestant gardener; young family indispensable.—Hoey, Gowran, Kilkenny.

GROCERY, Hardware, Seeds, etc.—Wanted, young Man Protestant, as Junior Assistant (indoor); country town; state experience and terms, good reference of last employer. Address "Z 765, Man," this office. 5 A

HARDWARE Assistant Wanted—Man with five or six years' experience and good general lines. Apply, stating salary expected (indoor), with copies references.—"Z 598, Assistant," this office. 4 F

LADY requires Companion Help, exchange hospitality for £2 monthly and light duties; small kept; quiet, lonely country, 40 miles Dublin. Address "Z 751, Companion," this office. 5 A

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, ETC.

ADVANCES on Endowment Policies, ex-R.I.C. Vouchers, and Householders only—All applications will be dealt with privately.—H 1889, this office. 4 M

ADVERTISER, with small capital, seeks experienced co-equal Partner. Turf Accountancy.—H 1854, this office. 6 F

EX-ARMY Officers and R.I.C. granted Loans upon security of their pension vouchers.—Northern Counties' Loan and Discount Co., Ltd., Cathedral Buildings, Donegall street, Belfast. T

LOANS—The Commercial Union Loan and Discount Co., Ltd., 57 Middle Abbey street, Dublin, grant Loans. Apply to Manager. 26 4

PARTNER Wanted, with capital from £2,500 to £5,000, to join another in the purchase of old established wholesale business, with plenty of room for expansion; partner active and one who would travel preferred; principals only dealt with.—H 1973, this office. 8

PARTNER Wanted (Protestant) to assist in developing good Manufacturing Business. Address "Z 783, Partner," this office. 6 A

WANTED for five years, £300, First Mortgage 277 acres fee simple. Address "Z 683, Land," this office. 4 F

YOUNG Gentleman can have £150 yearly and quarter share in sound Motor Business; £400 investment and suitable qualifications necessary.—K 101, this office. 6 B

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS.

COMPETENT Managing Clerk required immediately for Solicitor's Office, County Tipperary; state salary and full particulars. Address "Z 703, Clerk," this office. 4 F

COMPETENT Costs Drawer disengaged; highest testimonials; accept temporary engagement.—K 75, this office. 5 A

EXPERT Shorthand Typist required; thoroughly experienced legal work; give full particulars.—K 37, this office.

SOLICITOR, recently qualified, desires salaried assistment; year's experience. Address "Z 688, Solicitor," this office. 4 F

Yesterday a Lady said to our leading Salesman—"It's wonderful the number of people who are motorists now." He scratched his head and said—"Madam, it's still more wonderful the number of people who are not motorists and should be motorists."

"Yes, but it's rather expensive, you know," came the reply. "Everybody can't put down the cost of a motor at one go."

"Just so," said the Salesman. "And to meet this disability we have just completed arrangements whereby our cars can be purchased by gradual payments."

"Oh!" said the lady. "I know two or three who will be glad to hear that." "Quite," said the Salesman, "but we know there are hundreds and hundreds, and that's why we made the arrangements, which are the most moderate ever offered in this country."

"Does this arrangement apply to the Maroon Chevrolet Saloon?" inquired the lady.

"Yes, madam," said the leading Salesman, "it applies to all Chevrolet, Buick and Oakland Models, and, no doubt, some of your gentlemen friends will be glad to know that it applies to Commercial Models as well."

Call for the Terms and see the Cars, or write, stating in which car you are interested.

LINCOLN & NOLAN, LTD. 57 AND 58 LR. BAGGOT ST., DUBLIN. "WHERE SERVICE AND VALUE MEET." Wires: "Lincolan, Dublin." 'Phone 943-944

SPECIAL WOOL CARDIGANS. BIG PURCHASE. Exceptional Value. 10/6 each, Worth 14/6. GRANDY, 87 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

"MIFFY"—The first of a new series of cartoons is published to-day in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES."

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

MACHINIST required (temporary), able to work embroidery, darning, and linen marking machine. Apply, stating salary, etc. (all meals provided), K 94, this office. 5 F

"MIFFY"—the first of a new series of Cartoons—is published to-day in the "Weekly Irish Times." F

NORTH Circular road.—Advertisements for this Paper received by Mr. Lonergan, newsagent and confectioner, Ye Olde Toll House, Phœnix Park Gate, North Circular road.

OPERA at Waterford—A special group Photograph of the Wallace Grand Opera Society, Waterford, appears in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence, at all newsagents.

OPERATOR Wanted for Interlype (second machine); for night man. Apply, with full particulars, Manager, Bray Printing Co., Ltd., Main street, Bray.

PHOTOGRAPHIC Business—Wanted, good Salesman, with experience and practical knowledge of cameras, etc., developing, printing, and repairs; state age, salary required, experience, enclose copies references.—Box No 824, Irish Times Branch Office, Cork. S 1

PORTOBELLO Barracks—A large group Photograph of N.C.O.'s with Commandants of the National Army at this barracks appears to-day in the "Weekly Irish Times." F

USEFUL Help or Working Housekeeper Required. West country town; good cook and housewoman; assist waitress; 3 adults; wages £30; references.—Mrs. Quinton, Sligo. 6 F

WANTED, for a Railway Office in the City a Lady who has had experience in knowledge of Accountancy and Audit Work. Apply, stating age and experience, to H 1830, this office. 4 F

WANTED, early Parlourmaid Recess, if suit, lady country home, quiet country place, Co. Sligo, in return for Companionship; 10 minutes' walk from village and railway station; gentlemen or lady with small means. Address "Z 721, Recess," this office. 4

WIRELESS—How to fit up a Set at home is explained by an expert in the "Weekly Irish Times." On sale to-day. F

WANTED for town in Cavan, experienced young Lady Millinery and General Drapery; good Saleswoman only; able to make up; comfortable home; state religion and salary (indoor); enclose copies references Address "Z 730, Assistant," this office. 5 A

WANTED at once, a young Man as Assistant for General Provision Business. Apply, with references, salary (indoor), McMurray, Main street, Ballybay. 5 E

WANTED, Mother's Help, Protestant; Dublin; youngest child 4 years; maid kept; no cooking.—K 7, this office. 5 E

WANTED, nice Girl, Catholic, as Mother's Help for little boy, two years old; needlewoman; state salary. Address "Z 752, Help," this office. 4 F

WANTED immediately, an experienced Lady to take charge of Millinery, Mantle and Blouse Department; must be competent at sales, neat stockkeeper and window dresser; age and reference essential; Roscrea district; applicants to suitable lady; enclose copy references and state salary expected (outdoor).—Keenan's, Ltd., Millinery. 8 F

WANTED Lady Cook (Protestant), with first class qualifications, for gentleman's fully refurbished house Dublin; preference given to lady understanding dairy for use of house; superior woman; servant kept, might suit; state age, with copies, stating full terms and wages. "Z 762, Cook," this office. 5 F

WANTED, Saleswoman to assist Traveller in Stockings; must be resident in city for week or two in Children's Frocks, etc.; must be smart; permanent position if proved to be good saleswoman; state salary, references, etc.—K 75, this office.

WANTED, young Lady, own bicycle, collect accounts city and suburbs; knowledge typewriting preferred; one leaving school would suit. Call Friday, Saturday, 10 to 1, Soldier Co., Soldier st.

WANTED, Housekeeper for gentleman (superior General), country town, age 30 to 35 years; good cook and broad thinker essential; no fowl, dairy or rough work. Interview evenings, 31 Pembroke road.

WANTED, Protestant Shorthand Typist, with knowledge accounts; experience, age, salary.—H 1986, this office.

WIRELESS—Amateurs, with some technical knowledge, required to Sell well known Sets; liberal commission; spare time work. Apply K 99, this office. F

WANTED, young Men and Women desiring to become Stewards, Stewardesses, Clerks, Barmen, Stokers, etc., on Atlantic liners. No experience necessary. Send addressed envelope.—Box No. 1283, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.

WANTED, Belfast, Assistant Checker of Moneys, able to invest £200, returnable after twelve months; salary £4 per week.—Box No. 1292, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.

YOUNG Lady Bookkeeper Wanted for City Office; state experience and salary expected. Address "Z 667, Lady," this office. 3 F

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

COMMERCIAL and Private—Experienced Waiter; excellent references, can call now, recommended.—K 2, this office. 5 A

HOTEL Bar—Young Lady, two years' experience as Barmaid, best references, wishes to hear of vacancy in first class Dublin or South preferred; can be highly recommended.—Box No. 1288, Irish Times Branch Office. F

HOME, Cook wishes employment, singlehanded, as plain cook; 25/- weekly.—Annie Byrne, 22 Charlemont avenue, off Charlemont street, Dublin.

WAITRESS wishing more training; good hotel, city; highly recommended.—H 1619, this office.

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED.

AN Important Liverpool Firm, engaged in the importation Canned Goods, Dried Fruits, and Provisions, are open to appoint a Representative for the City of Dublin and district. Write (first instance) Box R 710, Sells and Nicholson, Adv. Offices, Liverpool. 5 C

ADVERTISER Offers Buying Agency of highly finished Competitive Typewriter; sample machine may be inspected; experienced principals only.—K 1, this office. 5 B

AGENT required, with sound connection amongst drapers, to sell medium and better class children's outer garments.—H 1975, this office. 4 F

ENERGETIC and pushing Traveller Wanted to Represent a Dublin Manufacturing Firm over Midland and Western Ireland; must have good commercial training and connection; only energetic worker; applicants to give complete details of past employment and state salary expected. Apply K 91, this office. 5 E

LADY Wanted to assist Traveller, one with sound connection preferred, in city and country, for Ladies' and Children's Readymades; salary or commission.—K 97, this office. F

REPRESENTATIVE required, city and suburbs, for Oils, Greases, Disinfectants, etc.; must be real live wire; character must bear strictest investigation; enclose copies references, stating experience, connection, K 65, this office.

AGENCIES AND SITUATIONS WANTED.

GENTLEMAN, energetic, having very good connection with all classes of business houses in Dublin and country, wishes to hear of Agency, in high class article (whole of Ireland); well known and good salesman.—K 81, this office.

GENTLEMAN, retired Irish Civil Servant, residing in South-East London, requires good Irish Agency. Box B 813, Irish Times Branch Office, 59 Fleet street, E.C.4. 4 B

Motor Matters, Bicycles &c.

MOTOR CARS.

A RIEL Nine Watercooled 4 Seater, tax £7, price £200, free in Dublin.—Wallen, Trinity Street Garage. T

AT Woods', Westland Row—B.S.A. Cars now further reduced. £205. T

LINCOLN AND NOLAN, LTD., 57 and 58 LR. BAGGOT ST.
BUICK..... CHEVROLET
OAKLAND..... SUNBEAM
"Where service and value meet." T

1924 PRICES.
14 HP ROVER CARS.
2-3 Seater (Four Speed Gear Box) £485
Ditto (Three Speed Gear Box) £470
4/5 Seater (Four Speed Gear Box) £495
Ditto (Three Speed Gear Box) £480
(At Works)
THE ROVER COMPANY, LTD., 16 LORD EDWARD ST., DUBLIN. X

STONELEIGH 9 h.p. CAR. £200. With Starter.
LEINSTER MOTOR WORKS, Fitzgibbon Street, Dublin. 12 X

E. J. SHANNON and CO., RUTLAND LANE GARAGE, CLONTARF, DUBLIN—Luxurious Cars (Open or Closed) for Hire by Day or Night. Garage Open Day and Night.
REPAIRS AND REPAINTING.
Any Make of Cars Supplied. X

MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE.
Comprehensive Policy, including BURGLARY, HOUSEBREAKING and THEFT.
Ask for quotations from FRANK GIBSON-LLOYD and CO., LTD., 30 Anglesea Street, DUBLIN. X

AUSTEN 20, perfect running order, owner driven; seen by appointment.—Edgeworth, Cherbury, Booterstown. 'Phone—241, Blackrock. T

A FORD Car and 1 Ton Lorry for Sale, both in perfect working order; any trial given; price £35 each; must be sold at once. Apply M. J. Doyle, Kilcool, Co. Wicklow.

BRING your Ford Repairs; competitive estimates given for overhaul of any part of car; special garage terms to commercial users.—Walden Motor Co., Ltd., 173-174 Parnell street; 'phone 1Dublin, 757. 4 B

CALCOTT Two seater, 10.5 h.p., dynamo lighting set, in perfect order; good appearance and never skowned.—Johnston's Pharmacy, Ranelagh. 6 F

DODGE Coupe and Five Seater Dodge Tourer, both fully equipped; also B.S.A. 12 h.p. Touring Car, cap; for immediate Sale. Seen at Lucania Works, Leeds street. 4 F

DEFERRED Payments—All makes of Cars supplied except Fords; immediate delivery; state particular car required.—Nassau Motor Co., 25 Nassau street, Dublin. 5 B

FOR all Motor Body Work and Painting.—The City Wheel and Carriage Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick street, Dublin. 10 T

FORD, 1920, new condition, owner driven, small mileage; four new Dunlop cord tyres, fire detachable wheels, self starter, electric lighting.—H 1810, this office. 5 E

FORD De Luxe, five seater, perfect order, C.A.V. electric lights, leather upholstery, side curtains, speedometer, K.W. coils, five detachable wheels, cord tyres, almost new, aluminium pistons, full kit of tools, etc.; seen by appointment.—H 1898, this office. 4 F

FIAT Landaulette, 15-20 h.p., also Indian Combination, for immediate Sale; what offers?—H 1836, this office. 4 F

FORD Coupe for Sale, reasonable price; requires painting, etc.; can be seen in city by appointment.—H 1971, this office. 5 E

FORD Touring Car, late 1922, electric light, self starter, demountable rims; owner drives; as new; any guarantee. Call or apply c/o Webster, Stationer, Portarlington. 5 A

FOR Sale, Dodge Touring Car, in perfect order, only done 9,000 miles, overalls; cord tyres, owner drives; price £200.—Box No. 1289, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast. 5 A

FOR immediate Sale, Ford Touring Car, late 1923, complete, as new, only run 1,000 miles, owner driven; selling to get larger car; fitted with all accessories, including 3 new Michelin cable covers; any trial given; sell reasonable. Address "Z 738, Motor," this office. 5 A

FORD Touring Car for Sale, 1922, in perfect order; any trial given; £60. Address "Z 736, Motor," this office. 5 A

FOR Sale, 1c Dion Four Seater Car, 1911; good engine, 15-14 h.p.; body re-upholstered; owner giving up car.—Murrey, Ashfield, Beaupare, Co. Meath. 6 F

FOR Sale, Calthorpe Four Seater, 1921 model, repainted and overhauled, in excellent condition, tax and insurance paid.—H 1989, this office. 5 F

FOR Sale, Ford Landaulette—Hayden's Garage, Moretampton road. 5 F

LANDAULET, small Beksize, 10.12 h.p., electric 14 light, six detachable wheels; suit doctor; trial; £150. Seen O'Donohoe's Garage, Schoolhouse lane, Kildare street. 5 E

MOTOR Cars Re-Upholstered; hoods a speciality.—Connolly, 14 Amiens street. 4 F

MORRIS-Oxford 1923 Two Seater, recently painted. G. A. Britain, Ltd., Hatch street, Dublin. 6 B

ROVER, 8 h.p., Chummy Body, 1923 Model; owner driven, good condition; tax paid to December, 1924; trial and examination.—The Rover Co., Ltd., Lord Edward st. 5 A

RENAULT Landaulette, 1914, 20 h.p., C.A.V. lighting and detachable rims, 2 spare; also Delaunay Belleville Landaulette, 1914, detachable rims; both in perfect order; any trial or examination.—Traynor's, rear 25 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin. 6 B

SINGER 2 Seater, perfect order; splendid appearance; no reasonable offer refused.—K 6, this office. 5 E

SUNBEAM 14 h.p. 1925 Two Seater, mileage 3,000, unused during winter; £575.—H 1978, this office. 5 A

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

SINGER Coupe, 1921, £90.—Mrs. Fitzgerald, Wroxton, Foxrock. 6 B

TWO Seater Buick; electric lighting, self starter, fully equipped; £85. Seen 15a Upper Merrion street. 5 A

TWO Seater Ford, English body, five wire wheels, H.T. magneto; mechanically perfect; Sell cheap.—Granby Motor Works, 54 Granby place. 6 B

2 SEATER Bayard Car, in perfect order and condition; any trial; cheap.—Tara Motor Works, 42 Poolbeg street. 6 F

6 CYL. 2-3 Seater 18.9 Oakland for Sale, electric lighting and starting, overhauled and repainted. Seen Gowing's Garage, Cahir, Co. Tipperary. 5 F

1923 MAXWELL, perfect condition, £220.—H 1606, this office. 5 B

1922 ROVER, 8 h.p., good condition, run 6,000 miles; £110, or near offer. Address "Z 749, Rover," this office. 5 A

1923 VERY good type Two Seater, practically new, 10-20 h.p., £210.—H 1824, this office. 4 F

1923 ROVER 12 h.p. 4/5 Seater, engine No. 11525, mileage under 8,000; used for demonstration purposes only; tax paid to December, 1924; to be cleared cheap; trial and examination invited.—The Rover Co., Limited, Lord Edward st. 5 A

1924 CITROEN, 7.5 h.p., Two Seater, slightly soiled; mileage under 300; tax paid to end of year; £185; inspection and trial.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Harry street, off Grafton street. 6 F

WANTED.

STANKLEY, Smith, and Co. have inquiries for Light Cars. Give full particulars, year price, 44 Temple Bar, Dublin. 6 B

WANTED, 1923 or 1924 Two Seater, Morris Cowley or other make; must be in perfect condition; good price given.—H 1975, this office. 5 F

WANTED, a late type 12 h.p. Rover, Citroen and Cowley 4 Seater, also 25/40 h.p. Vauxhall 2 Seater.—H 1980, this office. 6 B

WANTED, Chassis, not later than 1914. Apply K 109, this office.

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1" 1924 Models. Come and see our large stock of Sunbeams, New Imperials, Diamonds, P. and M., Humbers and Rovers. Accessories in great variety.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon street, off Grafton street. T

ASTOUNDING Value—2; four stroke B.S.A., £39 10/-; 2½, £47 10/-; 3½, £59 10/-; 6 Twin, £75.—Woods, Westland row. T

TRIUMPH Lightweights £62 10/-, 4 h.p. Comb. from £126; electric light delivered Dublin.—Wallen, Trinity Street Garage. T

A DVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern st. (opposite Four Courts); new garage. T

RALEIGH MOTOR CYCLES, 1924. Prices from £47 to £95. For particulars apply to their Main Agents, JOHN HUTTON AND SONS, LTD., 115 SUMMERHILL. T

ALL Models in Stock—Velocette, James, New Hudson, P. and P., from £48, free.—Henkil, Molesworth place. 5 E

A 7-9 Indian Combination for Sale; perfect order; electric fittings; Existing wind screen; £55.—16 Frankford avenue, Rathgar. 4 B

AT Garland's Auction Rooms, 8 Merchant's quay, Dublin (opposite Four Courts)—150 Ladies' and Gentlemen's Bicycles and Motor Bikes, from the Winetavern Street Pawn Office. On View Saturday and Monday next. Sale Monday Evening. 5 B

FOR Sale, new Imperial 4 Stroke, 2 speed, kick start model, perfect condition; £27.—77 Harcourt street. 5 E

FOR Sale, Triumph 1920 Combination, perfect order, all on, Millford Sidecar.—K 32, this office.

WALL Auto-Wheel with Lucania Three Speed Cycle, splendid condition; £12—47 Moyne road, Ranelagh. 5 E

WANTED.

AUTO Wheel Wanted, good condition, running order; cheap. Address "Z 769, Auto Wheel," this office. 6 F

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

FOR Hire, One Ton Motor Lorries all classes of Removals and Deliveries Undertaken at reasonable terms.—George Connolly, 7 Rutland place, Parnell square. 3 E

FORD Ton Truck in extra good order and condition; including tyres, detachable side boards and cradle; any examination or trial; low price.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 4 F

FORD Ton Van for Sale, 1922, English coach built body, in perfect order; any trial; £90. Address "Z 737, Ford," this office. 5 A

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

WANTED, two Motor Tyres, 875 by 105, new or second hand; any good make; state lowest price.—K 11, this office. 5 A

BODIES.

WANTED, Landaulette Body for Wolseley Car, 15 h.p.—K 59, this office.

BICYCLES.

"A1"—NEW 1924 Models—Sunbeams from 15 guineas, Sparkbrooks from 7 guineas. Centaurs from £7 15/-, B.S.A. from £8 15/-, a few 1923 Soiled Models reduced. Easy payments arranged.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon street, off Grafton street. T

AT Garland's Auction Rooms, 8 Merchant's quay, Dublin (opposite Four Courts)—150 Ladies' and Gentlemen's Bicycles and Motor Bikes, from the Winetavern Street Pawn Office. On View Saturday and Monday next. Sale Monday Evening. 5 B

FOR Sale, Bicycle, Secondhand, good order, Rudge Whitworth.—"Bicycle," Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 6 F

PIERCE, Humber, Raleigh, Rover, Enfield, Rudge, and Triumph Bicycles supplied on Easy Payment System; terms arranged to suit your convenience.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth.

RALEIGHS, Humbers, Swifts; extraordinary cash bargain.—Price Brothers, Chatham street (immediately off Grafton street). 6 20

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED.

FORD Mechanic Wanted immediately; must be fully qualified; state wages. Address "Z 722, Mechanic," this office. 4 F

URGENTLY Wanted, first class Mechanic for Provincial town in West of Ireland; only fully competent man need apply; wages £4 10/-. Address "Z 682, Mechanic," this office. 4 F

WANTED by lady in Meath, Chauffeur-Valet, thoroughly understanding Ford and Rover Cars; state wages and all particulars; must have been in private service. Address "Z 727, Chauffeur," this office. 5 E

WANTED, first class Mechanic, capable of taking charge city garage; only live men need apply.—H 1848, this office. 5 F

WANTED, by 1st April next, Driver for 4 ton Napier Motor Lorry; reliable, experienced men only need apply; preference to man with some knowledge of loading of round timber. Apply, with copies references, to P. Flanagan and Sons, Ltd., Saw Mills, Moate. 5 A

DISENGAGED.

A FIRST class Motor Mechanic will undertake repairs and overhauls; charges moderate.—H 1879, this office.

CHAUFFEUR General (single), Ford, quite change cars; highest reference; generally useful; T.T. Address "Z 668, Chauffeur," this office. 3 E

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR Wants situation; driving certificate; can do all running repairs; interview Dublin; splendid character; good references.—H 1796, this office. 5 E

CHAUFFEUR wishes situation; careful driver, running repairs; private or commercial; well recommended.—H 1720, this office. 5 E

CHAUFFEUR, first class driver, all makes; repair; excellent references; T.T. Address "Z 735, Chauffeur," this office. 5 A

CHAUFFEUR, Mechanic, T.T., married, seeks employment; careful driver, good repairs, plain garden-ing, generally useful.—R O 68, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

FIRST Class Motor Mechanic, 9 years' experience, owns all makes, desires engagement good firm, look after commercial lorries; good references; state wages. Address "Z 732, Mechanic," this office. 5 A

MECHANIC, married man, seeks employment as Driver; 10 years' experience; any responsibility; good references; knows country well.—H 1749, this office. 3 E

MOTORS Overhauled or any Repairs at owners' own address; terms moderate.—K 66, this office. 5 E

MECHANIC would go Improver or Helper; small wages expected. Call or write Foxie, 54 Patrick street, Kingstown.

SHANDON WORKS CORK

None nicer than Urney Chocolates

SPECIAL FEATURES IN THE Weekly Irish Times

H. G. W. Means HARRINGTONS & GOODLASS WALL, LTD., the renowned IRISH MANUFACTURERS OF PAINTS, ENAMELS, DISTEMPER, VARNISHES, POLISHES, STAINS, OIL AND VARNISH. Enquiries invited.

DOMESTICS (CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1).

WANTED, smart young House Parlourmaid, small family in city, end of March.—H 1672, this office. 3 E

WANTED, for Dundrum, Country Girl as House Parlourmaid; R.C.; four in family.—H 1890, this office. 5 E

WANTED, thoroughly experienced House Parlourmaid for England, 10th March; two in family, three servants kept. Write, enclosing references and full particulars, Mrs. W. H. Lindsay, Well Vale, Alford, Lincolnshire. 4 A

WANTED, good R.C. Parlourmaid to help in housework, middle of March; three in family; £26. All particulars to Knox, Britten, Theries. 4 F

WANTED, House Parlourmaid, R.C.; Monkstown; 2 in family; send copies references, stating wages and age. Address "Z 740, House Parlourmaid," this office. 5 A

WANTED, Maid, Housemaid, about 35; three servants.—Mrs. Hore, St. Mary's Hill, Tenby. 5 E

WANTED, thoroughly experienced House Parlourmaid, also under Housemaid; must be good needlewoman.—Mrs. Dunne, Black Hall, Sallins. 6 B

WANTED, a superior experienced House Parlourmaid, for South Dublin suburbs.—K 44, this office.

WANTED, a very superior Girl as House Sewingmaid in gentleman's family; 20 minutes from city; must do fine laundry.—K 42, this office.

NURSES WANTED.

AGENTS for NURSES, MAIDS, and ATTENDANTS. Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton st., Dublin. Interviews daily. Tel. No. 5258. T

NURSE Housemaid Wanted, Call 17 Raglan road, Sundays, 1.30. 5 E

RELIABLE, experienced Children's or Useful Maid Wanted, Protestant, entire charge of boy of 6, out of lesson hours; good sewer essential; copies and full particulars, Mrs. Harold Goodbody, Kilcoursey, Clara, King's County.

WANTED, Dublin, thoroughly experienced Children's Maid; two children; good needlewoman essential. Reply, giving age and copies, K 58, this office. 6 F

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED at once, good Singlehanded Laundress; £28; help given; shirts, collars, etc; state age, copies.—More O'Ferrall, Edgeworthstown House, Edgeworthstown.

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

A GOOD, steady Woman wishes daily work; can be well recommended.—K 54, this office.

A WOMAN wants Morning or Daily Work.—115, Lr. Rathmines Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

LADY'S Maid disengaged, Protestant; thoroughly experienced dressmaker, hairdresser, traveller.—774, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 5 A

LADY can recommend reliable Girl for morning or daily work.—55 Moyne road.

RESPECTABLE young Widow seeks situation as Working Housekeeper where a little girl 6 years can accompany.—K 106, this office.

RESPECTABLE Widow seeks Dail, Weekly Work; good laundress; recommended.—H 1851, this office.

WORKING Housekeeper (Catholic) requires situation, respectable widow, capable, trustworthy; well recommended; salary £24 per year. Address Sarah, c/o. Bassett, Fethard, Wexford.

SERVANTS' REGISTRY.
HOURS: { 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Servants. 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Ladies. Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN. T

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

A GOOD, steady Cook General, business house; well recommended.—48 Lower O'Connell st.

COOK.—Lady highly recommends most respectable good plain Cook, disengaged March 25th, R.C.—Cook, 2 Vesey place, Kingstown.

COOK, Good Plain, and capable House Parlourmaid, sisters; R.C.'s; long reference.—H 1704, this office. 5 F

COOK (First Class) disengaged; highly recommended; laundry if required.—48 Lower O'Connell st.—1071, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge. 5 C

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LADY can recommend reliable Girl for morning or daily work.—55 Moyne road.

RESPECTABLE young Widow seeks situation as Working Housekeeper where a little girl 6 years can accompany.—K 106, this office.

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DUBLIN WOMAN'S WILL.

RELATIVES AT LAW.

Before Mr. Justice Dodd and a city common jury, the probate action of Ledwidge against Plunkett and others was listed for hearing. It was a claim by the plaintiff, Joseph G. Ledwidge, of 105 Lower Baggot street, Dublin, as sole executor, to have established the last will, dated 25th October, 1920, of Emily Haskins, widow, late of 105 Lower Baggot street, Dublin, who died on the 28th June, 1923. The defendants were Thomas Patrick Plunkett, Robert Valentine Plunkett and Leo Oliver Plunkett, all of 138 Pembroke road, Dublin, and they contested the will on the three usual statutory grounds.

Mr. Battersby, K.C., and Mr. Morgan Byrne (instructed by Messrs. Gerrard and Co.) appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Lardner, K.C., and Mr. Whelan (instructed by Mr A. J. O'Donoghue) for the defendants.

Mr. Battersby said that Mrs. Haskins was about ninety years old, and the plaintiff was her favourite nephew. Within three or four years of her death, she had made three wills, although her property was small. It consisted of the house in which she lived, at 105 Lower Baggot street, some small shares in the Commercial Banking Company, and cash, amounting altogether to £246 2s. 4d., which, after deduction of testamentary and funeral expenses, had been reduced to cash assets of £187 14s. 10d., excluding the house. Under previous wills the defendants had benefited, but under the last will the plaintiff was the sole beneficiary, and it appeared that after making this will the deceased woman executed an assignment of her house to the plaintiff, so that the case that the jury was dealing with was an estate value £187 14s. 10d.

Mr. Chas. Daly, solicito , of Messrs. Gerrard and Co., Westmoreland street, Dublin, proved the making and execution of the will, and said that, in his opinon, the testatrix, who was a very shrewd woman, was perfectly capable of making her will and understanding its contents.

Mr. Lardner said that, in view of the evidence of Mr. Daly, he must say at this stage that he could not pursue his opposition. The reason that the defendants opposed the will was that the deceased was an old woman, and was living in Dublin, where the defendants were also living, and the opposition was not on their own behalf, but on behalf of their sister, Miss Agnes Plunkett, for this reason, that the old lady always led Miss Agnes Plunkett, who was a constant visitor to believe that she would benefit by her testamentary dispositions. Having heard what Mr. Daly had said he must ask his lordship to allow him to withdraw his opposition.

Mr. Justice Dodd accordingly directed the jury to find in favour of the will.

BROADSTONE FATAL ACCIDENT.

DEATH DUE TO MISADVENTURE.

Mr. Thomas M. Batchen, who was appointed by the Ministry of Industry and Commerce to inquire into the fatal accident at Broadstone Railway Station, Dublin, on February 19, when James Killalea (50), carriage examiner, and Thomas Harney (60), ballast train flagman, were killed, has furnished a report to the Ministry.

Mr. Batchen finds that the level crossing where the men met their deaths by the Kingstown train was well lighted, that the driver and fireman of the train, who were experienced railwaymen, carrying out an operation to which they were accustomed and apparently with all necessary precaution, did not seem to have seen the unfortunate men until after the accident had occurred, and could not, in the Inspector's opinion, be held responsible.

As Killalea, with his many years' experience, was known to have been familiar with the movement of the Kingstown train, the Inspector states that he can only attribute the occurrence to misadventure.

M. Poincaré received Lord Crewe, the British Ambassador, in Paris, last evening.

LAW REPORTS.

GALWAY FARMER'S INJURIES.

NEW TRIAL REFUSED.

Court of Appeal—Before the Lord Chief Justice, Lord Justice Ronan, and Lord Justice O'Connor.

An application for a new trial was made on behalf of the plaintiff in the case of Stephens v. Rooney, on the grounds that the damages (£50) awarded by the jury at the trial before Mr. Justice Dodd and a city common jury on the 13th February last were grossly inadequate, that the finding as to damages was against the weight of evidence, and that the jury were misled by the learned judge in his charge, in comments on the delay of the plaintiff in making his claim against the defendant.

The action was brought by John Stephens, farmer, of Brockagh, Cummer, Co. Galway, against Martin Rooney, motor garage proprietor, of Tuam, Co. Galway, to recover damages laid at £800 for injuries alleged to have been caused by the negligence of the defendant's servant in driving a motor car near Tuam on the 21st December, 1922.

It appeared that the plaintiff was leading a horse and cart on the road and walking on the footpath when he was knocked down by the motor car and so seriously injured that he was unable to work for twelve months.

The defendant, traversing the cause of action, denied negligence and alleged contributory negligence on the part of the plaintiff, lodging £100 in Court.

The learned judge, it was stated, had expressed approval of the verdict.

The Court refused the application for a new trial, but they allowed the plaintiff the costs of the issues on which he succeeded, and set aside so much of the judge's order as deprived the plaintiff of those costs. They gave the defendant his costs of the appeal.

Mr. Lynch, K.C., and Mr. W. G. Shannon (instructed by Mr. Patrick M. Hosty) appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Fetherstonhaugh, K.C., and Mr. Conor Maguire (instructed by Mr. Henry Concannon) for the defendant.

A FIREMAN'S CLAIM.

CASE RETURNED TO COUNTY COURT.

Before the Lord Chief Justice, Lord Justice Ronan, and Lord Justice O'Connor, in the case of the Workmen's Compensation Act, Higgins v. O'Callaghan, an appeal was heard on behalf of the applicant, James Higgins, a fireman in the employment of Messrs. E. O'Callaghan and Son, tanners and leather merchants, Limerick, from a decision of County Court Judge Pigott, refusing compensation to the applicant in respect of injuries sustained while he was inspecting a drain, the manhole cover of which fell on his left leg when he was replacing it.

The County Court Judge held that such incapacity as the applicant suffered from was due to the condition of his bodily health and not attributable to the accident.

The Court allowed the appeal, with costs both in the Court of Appeal and in the Court below, and remitted the case back to the County Court Judge to rehear it and award such statutory compensation (if any) as he might think fit, having regard to the principles laid down in the case of Howard v. Wykam.

Mr. Phelps (instructed by Mr. J. S. Gaffney) appeared for the applicant and appellant; and Serjeant Hanna and Mr. Michael Binchy (instructed by Messrs. F. M. Fitt and Co.) for the defendants and respondents.

SALE OF A SHOP.

AN ABSENT WITNESS.

Chancery Division—Before the Master of the Rolls.

In the case of Arigo v. Taylor, which was listed for hearing, Mr. James Henry, with whom was Mr. Conner, K.C. (instructed by Mr. P. S. Smith), applied on behalf of the plaintiff for an adjournment of the hearing on account of the absence of a material witness, who had been subpœnaed by the plaintiff and had gone to the Leipsig Fair, where he would be for some time.

Mr. FitzGibbon, K.C., who, with Mr. T. Sullivan, K.C., and Mr. George Moonan (instructed by Mr T. G. Quirke), appeared for the defendant, opposed the application.

The Master of the Rolls said that this witness had deliberately left the jurisdiction of the Court, although he had been served with a subpœna to attend. An adjournment would be granted only on the terms of the plaintiff paying the defendant the costs of the day. On these terms the hearing of the action would be adjourned till the first day of the next sittings.

The action, it appeared, was brought by Mr. Joseph Arigo, of Eglinton Lodge, Monkstown, against Mrs. Margaret Traynor, of Lower Kenilworth square, Rathgar, for specific performance of an agreement, dated 13th June, 1923, for the sale to the plaintiff of the shop and premises 90 South George's street, Dublin, and the stock in trade, for £4,100, and for breach of the agreement for the sale of the premises.

The defendant alleged that the agreement was unfair and inequitable, and that it was obtained by surprise, and was entered into by her without independent advice and without knowledge of its meaning.

CYCLIST AND LAUNDRY COMPANY.

ACTION SETTLED.

King's Bench Division—Before Mr. Justice Samuels, Sitting Wylie.

Mr. Sainsbury (instructed by Messrs. Gerald Byrne and Co.) applied to have a consent made a rule of Court, in the action brought by Agnes Rogan, suing by Catherine Rogan, of Finglas, Co. Dublin, against the White Heather Laundry, Ltd., Dolphin's Barn, Dublin. Counsel said that the action was brought to recover £500 damages for injuries to the plaintiff and the destruction of a bicycle and wearing apparel, through the alleged negligence of the defendants and their servants in the management of a horse and van. The consent provided for the payment into Court of £100, to be lodged to the separate credit of Agnes Rogan, in full discharge of all claims against the defendant, together with £21, to be paid to plaintiff's solicitor in full discharge of plaintiff's costs.

Mr. Fergus O'Connor (instructed by Mr. M. J. Molloy), on behalf of the plaintiff, said that the terms of settlement were considered satisfactory.

Mr. Justice Samuels received the consent, which was made a rule of Court.

A RUNAWAY HORSE.

ALLEGATION IN CORK ACTIONS.

Before Mr. Justice Samuels, an application to remit three actions for personal injuries for trial before the Recorder of Cork was granted, both parties consenting.

The plaintiffs were William Heaphy, an infant, suing by Michael Heaphy, who claimed £1,000; Thomas Mulcahy, an infant, suing by James Mulcahy, who claimed £2,000; and Patrick and William Fitzgerald, infants, suing by Edward Fitzgerald, who claimed £2,000 against John Morrissey, of Gortnagoppul, Killeagh, Co. Cork, for damages for personal injuries alleged to have been caused to the minor plaintiffs, all of Cork Hill, Youghal, Co. Cork, by a runaway horse, the property of the defendant.

Mr. J. J. Cassidy, for Messrs. J. Hodness and Son, who made the application on behalf of the defendant, said that Messrs. Moloney and Son, the solicitors for the plaintiffs, had consented to the three actions being remitted for trial to the Recorder of Cork.

COMPOUNDED ARREARS OF RENT.

Court of Irish Land Commission—Before Mr. Justice Wylie.

In the case of Patrick Rice, tenant, and H. S. A. Upton, landlord, an objection by the tenant to the landlord's return of compounded arrears of rent under the Land Act of 1923 was heard. The holding is situated at Cooley, near Greenore, Co. Louth, and it was stated that the case governed a large number of others on the same estate. The tenant claimed that there was a hanging half-gale on the estate, and this claim was contested by the landlord.

Mr. Justice Wylie held that there was a hanging half-gale, and that the landlord's return should be abated by a half-year rent. He allowed the tenant five guineas costs.

Mr. J. H. Murphy, solicitor, was for the tenant, and Mr. Leonard, K.C. (instructed by Messrs. A. and L. Goodbody) for the landlord.

DALKEY COUNCILLORS SURCHARGED.

DECREES GRANTED.

COURTS' JURISDICTION.

Seven members of the Dalkey Urban Council were summoned yesterday before Mr. Collins, K.C., at Kingstown Police Court, by the Local Government Auditor, Mr. Francis Barnard, for the recovery of £289 in respect of surcharges, the difference between the accepted tenders and the lowest tenders for the laying of water mains and the building of an annexe to the Town Hall, together with the Surveyors' fees in connection with these works, amounting to £17 17s. 4d.; and also for £5 18s. 8d. remuneration paid to an employé whilst he was absent from work.

Mr. M. J. Lennon (instructed by Messrs. James O'Connor and Co.) appeared for Mr. Barnard.

Mr. James Brady, solicitor, represented the surcharged members of the Council—viz., Messrs. Thomas Dowling (chairman), John Mulhall (vice-chairman), J. F. Warren (chairman of the Finance Committee), J. Cullen, William Preston, J. Bowman and John Quirke.

Mr. Brady raised a preliminary objection as to the summons, in which his worship was described as a Justice of the Police.

Mr. Collins said that the defects were merely technical.

Mr. Brady said that he objected to any amendment of the summons. There was no offence disclosed in the summons.

Mr. Collins said that there had been no payment. It was no offence; it was a liability.

Mr. Brady said that the present officialdom was merely new wine in old bottles. His clients were brought there as guilty of technical offences, and his worship was going to help them by amending the summonses.

Mr. Collins said that he was against Mr. Brady on both points. He amended the summonses.

Mr. Lennon said that the defendants had appealed to the Minister of the Local Government Department, and their appeal had been disallowed by sealed order.

Mr. Brady pointed out that there was an error on the first summons when Mr. Barnard was sworn and proceeding to give evidence. He objected to the summons being amended from £5 11s. 8d. to £5 18s. 8d., the amount surcharged. He submitted that once there had been an appeal to the Local Government Board the jurisdiction of the Courts was ousted. Appeal to the Local Government Department was final and conclusive with regard to litigation in any Court. He called his worship's attention to Section 13 of the Act of 1871. In this case there had been an appeal, and therefore they could not come before that Court, according to Section 13. He relied confidently on this section of the statute. He submitted that there was a grave defect, and his worship was not entitled to amend the statute. They could sue for a debt in some other Court.

Mr. Collins said that the proper course for the Local Government Department was to come into Court and get a decree.

Mr. Brady said that his point had never been raised in any Court before, in any of the decided cases.

Mr. Lennon said that he wanted an order for payment, a distress warrant, and a committal order.

Mr. Collins granted the orders sought. The other cases were proceeded with, and Mr. Barnard, the auditor, gave evidence as to the various surcharges.

Similar decisions were given on all the summonses, with costs.

Mr. Brady asked his worship to state a case. He maintained that the Court's jurisdiction had been ousted.

Mr. Collins said that he would consider the matter, but did not hold out any hopes.

Mr. Brady said that the Dalkey Urban Council was composed mostly of Labour men, and what they did in this matter was work done for the benefit of the entire community. He had in his bag letters of threats of violence against the Chairman and members of the Council by what was called the Republican Army, warning and cautioning them that if they did not give the tender to the man who got it and if they attempted to bring in an outsider their lives were not worth twenty-four hours' purchase. The members of the Council, he said, at the time were between the devil and the deep sea.

FEARLESS, IMPARTIAL, AND HONEST.

MR. JUSTICE PIM AND DUBLIN JURORS.

In discharging the jurors at the close of the Commission in Green street Courthouse, Dublin, yesterday, Mr. Justice Pim said that the majority of the jurors had attended there for nearly five weeks, and had discharged their duties in a manner beyond all praise. Theirs was a heavy and responsible task—one which in normal times it would not be fair to ask them to perform. Existing conditions, however, were not normal, but transitional. He was glad that Dublin jurors realised that the safety of the State placed certain responsibilities on them, and hoped that very soon there would be no occasion to call on them to discharge such duties as they had performed so well and faithfully at that Commission.

Possibly some of them did not quite realise the enormous importance attached to the duties of jurors, not only in criminal, but in civil, cases. The safety of the State depended largely on their fearlessness, impartiality and honesty, and the State could be injured more than they realised by jurors who were timorous, partial or dishonest. He believed that he could thank the Dublin jurors on behalf of the people of Ireland for the way they had discharged their duties at that Commission. He appreciated, too, how well they had attended each day; the care with which they considered each case, and the evident desire that they had always shown to administer strict, impartial and, at times, stern justice.

PILFERAGE AT THE QUAYS.

SHIPPING DUES AND THE TAILTEANN GAMES.

The pilferage of incoming goods at the Port of Dublin was discussed by the Port and Docks Board yesterday, on a London merchant's complaint, forwarded from the Ministry of Industry and Commerce.

The Secretary stated that if the consignors gave full particulars of the pilferage, investigations would be set on foot.

The Chairman (Mr. Baird) pointed out that people shipping goods into Dublin seemed to be of the opinion that the Board was responsible for stopping such thefts. That was not so; but the Board had done all they could to stop it.

Mr. Holleway said that he had to deal with a case of theft of watches from a consignment. It turned out that one of the crew of the carrying steamer was selling the watches in Dublin. He even offered some of them for sale in the shop of the consignee.

The Law Agent submitted counsel's opinion on the suggestion that the Board might remit dues on ships which it was proposed to use as floating hotels at the quays, to accommodate visitors during the Tailteann Games. Counsel's opinion was that the Board has no power to make any remission or reduction of the tonnage rates ordinarily payable by such vessels on entering the port.

It was decided that the Board, in the circumstances, could not agree to the request for a reduction of dues.

"THE BLUE PETER."

"The Blue Peter," the March issue of which will be on sale to-day, is devoted to past and present-day sea travel, and includes excellent illustrations from photographs and in colour, and contributions from the pens of noted writers on sea topics. "An Odyssey of Empire," a series of pen and camera impressions of the cruise of the Special Service Squadron, is particularly interesting and instructive.

The Portsmouth magistrates yesterday passed sentence of fourteen days' hard labour on three stowaways, who had tramped from Glasgow to Dover in six weeks, in search of work, and had boarded a steamer there bound for Guernsey (Channel Isles).

Books of the Week.

SHELLEY'S LIFE STORY.

Shelley will always charm and perplex. His tender nature and sublime imagination, his stern, insane logic, his *doctrinaire* atheism and anarchism, leading him to the shipwreck of his own and other lives, make his life story a romance and a parable. In "Ariel"—the French original appeared last year and the critics immediately demanded an English translation—M. Maurois tells the poet's story with French lucidity and grace. The translation is published in the exact form of a novel, and it reads like a novel; yet have we found scarcely a page in which the author takes undue liberties with his material. M. Maurois has simply selected from the authentic records of Shelley and his friends the essential episodes and the essential phrases, weaving herefrom an intense and delicate narrative.

We read, then, of Shelley's schoolboy revolt against "fagging," his expulsion from Oxford with Jefferson Hogg, his foolish marriage with Harriet, and Hogg's disloyalty, his breaking of that irksome bond and flight with Mary Godwin, his strange dealings with the author of "Political Justice," who resented his application of the doctrines he himself had taught. So to the encounters with Byron, who here is an aristocratic satyr, and the story of Don Juan's relations with Claire. Piteous is the tale of Shelley's visit to the child of that evil union, little Allegra, and her message to her father: "*Che venga farmi un visitino e che porta seco la mammina.*" Here we touch the ugly side of Shelley's ungoverned enthusiasms.

On goes the story to those days of child-like happiness with Mary under the Italian sun, and to that windy July day when he went sailing in the "Ariel," never to return alive. Then the fiery burial on the seashore, between the pine-wood and the sea, when incense and salt and oil were thrown on the poor ashes, and the poet's body bathed in more wine than ever he drank. Of course, M. Maurois tells the story of Trelawney's snatching the heart from the flaming body, though this is not held authentic. What of those who remained? The author dwells most lovingly on Claire, whom he draws, a withered old woman, in 1878, denying that she had ever loved that dazzling lord, and declaring, fifty years late, that it was Shelley who won her devotion.

It is a strange, mad story, wonderfully told. The poet Shelley is here lost in the man, and we find that he, too, was noble, fine, fascinating. His life story will never be more justly and persuasively related.

"Ariel: A Shelley Romance." By André Maurois. Translated by Ella D'Arcy. London: Lane. 7/6 net.

SECRET SERVICE ADVENTURES.

According to Major Russell, a notice appeared in the *New York Times* in 1919, headed "German soldiers who aided Allies here for safety." The message, dated July 21st, was to the effect that two German soldiers, for certain inducements, had given valuable information to the Allied forces, that this information had materially shortened the war, and that the two agents in question were in America. The author, who is described as the head of the American Secret Service in France, explains this incident by starting with a certain Freytag, a Swedish Red Cross man, who was working among the German prisoners at La Rochelle. Fires were continually occurring among the stores where these prisoners were employed. Freytag took ill, and it was discovered that he was none other than Prince Joachim of Prussia, the Kaiser's youngest son.

He was imprisoned, and two clever American officers were despatched to San Sebastian, where they met the "Great Five" controlling the German Intelligence Department in Spain. Posing as traitors, these officers agreed to rescue Prince Joachim from the firing squad. The Prince was allowed to escape, this being part of the American plan. The Americans returned with him to Spain, and hoodwinked the German Intelligence Staff, which was overjoyed at the escape of its darling. The Germans next sent the Americans and the Prince to Germany. This was done by U-boat from a village near San Sebastian. The party reached Kiel, and journeyed to Berlin, where the Americans had many interviews with von Hindenburg. Naturally they obtained valuable information; but, most important of all, they came into touch with two German officers, who, disgusted at the ineptitude of the German Higher Command in prolonging a hopeless struggle, were willing to aid the American Intelligence men. After a reckless dash across No Man's Land the four soon found themselves in the presence of General Foch, who received from the Germans such information as enabled him to modify his plans and to have the German Army in full flight within two months of the escape from Berlin.

The Americans, fulfilling their part of the bargain with the two Germans, settled on them sufficient to maintain them and their families for life, and brought them out of the reach of the German Secret Service agent. Prince Joachim, in despair that, even indirectly, he caused two of his countrymen to turn traitor, committed suicide in July, 1919, on learning the full facts. Whether all this be true or not—this is the substance of the first story in Major Russell's book—it is true that he mistakes the year of Prince Joachim's suicide. The other tales in this work are equally startling.

"True Adventures of the Secret Service." By Major C. E. Russell, of the United States Secret Service. London: Hurst and Blackett. 12/6 net.

THE RIDDLE OF A SMILE.

The "ten direct, distinct and decisive *data*" which seek to prove that the Isleworth "Mona Lisa" is the original picture painted by Leonardo da Vinci, to the order of Francesco del Giocondo, are obviously the result of patient research and the sincere sifting of the meagre evidence that the four centuries of semi-obscurity have almost obliterated. All thoughtful and unbiassed minds must admit that the writer makes out a good case for his plea that this work came, at any rate, from Leonardo's studio. Fra Pietro Nuvolaria, writing to Isabella d'Este in March, 1502, says:—"Leonardo has only done one cartoon since he has been in Florence. . . . He has done nothing else. Two of his pupils are painting portraits, and he touches them up from time to time." Mr. Eyre claims that the Isleworth picture is one, and the Louvre picture the other of these portraits.

The drawing by Raphael of the Gioconda has two definite pillars framing the background. This occurs in the Isleworth portrait, but not in the Louvre painting. Another claim to authenticity, in the author's opinion, is the expression of the Isleworth Mona Lisa—or, it might be more correct to say, a comparison of the expressions in both pictures. Which gives the better idea of the young wife and mother who had recently lost her only child, and whom the painter attempted to rouse from dejection by calling in "jesters and musicians"? The inscrutable smile in the Louvre picture, as Michelet says, "entices me, calls me, usurps me, absorbs me: I go to it in spite of myself, as the bird goes to the serpent." Is this da Vinci's suggestion of a mourning mother? At Isleworth the face is relaxed; the smile is tremulous, as though fleeting, and the portrait, weaker it may be, has appeal rather than the magnetic attraction of the baffling mouth and eyes of the Louvre picture. The opinions of Italian authorities, recently expressed, are sufficiently favourable to the author's contention to warrant its further investigation. The two Mona Lisas and Raphael's drawing illustrate this most interesting little book.

"The Two Mona Lisas." By John B. Eyre. London: Ouseley. 5/- net.

SOUTH-EASTERN SEAS.

Mrs. Charlotte Cameron is said to have the greatest travel record of any woman. She has written excellent books on her adventures in Alaska and Yukon and in the Southern Seas. In her latest book, wherein she takes Singapore as base, and carries the reader's fancy voyaging to Malacca, Kudat, Kirching, Java, Tonga and Tasmania, she shows how travel books ought to be written; also, how they ought to be illustrated. Her plentiful photographs show us exactly the things that interest, such as the tapping of rubber trees, a Samoan war canoe, the Rajah of Sarawak and his Dyak guard.

The City of Singapore, to-day much in the news, was founded by Sir Stamford Raffles, who died in poverty and neglect in 1826. Mrs. Cameron gives a moving account of his sad, strenuous life, and a picture of his monument in bronze—a tall, fine figure, with folded arms—gazing over the harbour whose greatness is the impress of his spirit. In what follows Mrs. Cameron is not solely concerned with the ways of primitive folk, or strange beings like that Virgin of Samoa, the Japon, who leads the men into battle; she finds many an interesting trace of European doings. In Tanjong there are Dutch buildings dating back to the sixteen hundreds and redolent of tradition; there, too, is the church where Francis Xavier's body lay. The island of Haapai gives the author occasion to tell a tale of horror that Stevenson might have turned into a South Sea novel—the true tale of an Englishman, William Marriner, sole survivor of a shipwrecked crew, who became the cannibal chief's confidential friend, and so escaped the worst of fates, to which he saw his comrades submitted.

We read this book like a schoolboy discovering Jules Verne. In our arm-chair we would gladly explore all the globe under the same guidance.

"Wanderings in South-Eastern Seas." By Charlotte Cameron, O.B.E. London: T. Fisher Unwin. 12/6 net.

POLICE COURT RECOLLECTIONS.

Mr. Ewens has given the public an interesting account of his thirty years' reporting at Bow street. Years ago a tall, grey-haired man, clad in a well-worn frock coat, stood in the dock, charged with begging. He carried his faded tall hat with an ineffable ease, admitted the charge, and promised never to be guilty again. A hacking cough disturbed him in court, and when, twelve hours later, he was found dead on a doorstep from starvation no one felt surprised. But the courteous old beggar-man was the father of a Colonial bishop. He had in his day given £3,000 for the erection of a church in London, and the man from whom he had begged had received from him his first start in life. Rash speculation had been his ruin.

There are humorous stories in this volume, as when the over-zealous constable arrested the detective at Covent Garden. Then there were the two barristers, counsel for each side, who had dined a little too well, and could say no more than, "In this case, sir, in the case; as I was saying, in this case." A good-humoured magistrate, Mr. Fenwick, adjourned the proceedings for a week, allowing bail, whereat the learned counsel wobbled out of court arm in arm. Two cases are recorded of persons who did well after prison. One of these was convicted with Goudie, the forger, and the other, an erstwhile waster, was made a man when his old mother became afflicted with blindness. Both these men "made good" in the Colonies. Eggs, boots and flour were part of the impedimenta used by the suffragists in an effort to break up the court not so many years ago. When a warder addressed Horatio Bottomley, as the latter sewed sacks, with a, "Sewing, I see," the rogue immediately retorted, "No, reaping." So we are told.

"Thirty Years at Bow street Police Court." By William Thomas Ewens. London: Werner Laurie. 5/- net.

FROM THE WILDS.

This handsome volume is something of a sequel to Prince William of Sweden's hunting experiences in "Among Pygmies and Gorillas." Here, however, we have but one form of hunting—with the camera rather than with the gun. There are over forty photographs of beasts of the wilds, little known in many instances, though trophies of some are to be found in our museums. Accompanying these are vivid pen-pictures of the animals, obviously studies of the "sitter" during the film-taking. In the form of a gift-book these photographs will make known the fruits of the Prince's wanderings and endurance to many who might never see them in museum or book of reminiscence. "How long will the wild stretches echo with the trumpeting of elephants, the humorous snorting of the rhinoceros, the deep roar of the lion? How long before the clumsy play of the hippopotamus is finished forever? How long before the buffalo will have vanished and the last giraffe has stretched his neck exploringly over the spiny tops of the acacias"? The writer asks these questions, and stay-at-home readers will smile indulgently as he adds, "It is, indeed, a comfort to know that this time is still remote." That breathes a promise of further discoveries, the more surely as the Prince admits that he suffers from that insatiable malady, "horizon fever." The book is well produced, type and illustrations are very clear, and the matter and word-painting are refreshingly original.

"Wild African Animals I Have Known." By Prince William of Sweden. London: Lane. 25/- net.

THE RIDDLE OF A SMILE.

The "Journal of Marie Lenéru" challenges comparison with a similar introspective autobiography—that of the famous Marie Baskirtseff. Like her namesake's, Marie Lenéru's life was hampered by a physical infirmity; for from an early age she was both stone deaf and blind. She possessed, however, an indomitable spirit, and a passionate desire for fame, which she achieved in part, at least, when her well-known play, "*Les Affranchis*" was produced in 1910 at the Odéon. She numbered among her friends many whose names are famous in French literary circles, and in her "Journal" we read of the Comtesse de Noailles, Henri de Regnier and other great writers. The chief interest in this book lies, however, in the frank sincerity of her self-revelation. A critical preface by the dramatist, M. de Curel, and a delightful appreciation by Madame Duclaux testify to the charm of Marie Lenéru, and to the esteem in which her plays are held in France.

"The Journal of Marie Lenéru." London: Macmillan. 10/6 net.

RECENT FICTION.

The late "Guy Thorne," best known as the author of "When it was Dark," was too prolific. Those who have read some of his best tales, such as those which tell so vividly of the Norfolk salt-marshes, must lament that he chose to turn out so many instead of perfecting a few. He could devise amazing stories, cramming them with unusual incidents; he was patriotic and manly; he loved sport, ships, machinery and the beauty of the earth. With all these qualifications to become a favourite writer for boys from eight to eighty, he lacked style. Often he became almost slangy, as if he sent rough, dictated drafts to press. He is at his best as a story-teller, but at his worst as a stylist, in his latest shocker—a tale of men of science, wielding atomic energy in a terrible intrigue which involves secret service, an avalanche of adventure and love-making in the strangest circumstances.

"When the World Reeled." By Guy Thorne. Ward, Lock. 7/6 net.

Jimmy is the son of Charles Vaine, an Anglo-Indian official, of the Imperial Forest Service, and at an early age is sent home to stifling respectability with aunt Pamela in a London square, where Ponder, aunt Pamela's

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"Expectancy." By John Eyton. Arrowsmith. 7/6 net.

Stephen Gort leaves the Air Force with a heart and a gratuity, and when, after aimless drifting about, luck throws him in with Sir Lionel Quare, the millionaire who matters in the Foreign Office, he at once accepts an offer to edit *Mystery*, the journal of the Psycho-research Society. Sir Lionel is determined to unearth a secret organisation, controlled by a master-mind, which is working for the overthrow of the British Empire. Frederick Vaunt has matched his brilliant powers against this unseen foe, who is none other than Kékulen, the Russian mathematician and nihilist. Gort meets Kékulen and Zyckowsky, his aide, at a night club, where he is introduced to Esmée, the medium. A strange fascination draws him to this beautiful creature, and he gladly accepts an invitation to a *séance*, where he undergoes a revolting and terrifying ordeal; for Kékulen has mastered lycanthropy, and Esmée, his daughter, is a vampire, deprived of a soul by her father and controlled by his fiendish wishes. How Vaunt and Gort foil a dreadful plan, and how Kékulen meets his end, are revealed, and this most fantastic conception closes to the merry tingle of wedding bells.

"Feeding the Wind." By John E. Gurdon. Chapman and Dodd. 7/6 net.

This is an old-fashioned tale of a Jewish silk mercer's family who dwelt in Berlin a hundred years ago. Hetty, adopted niece of the wealthy Solomon Geybert, and his wife, is the central figure—a gracious maid, fresh as a rose, with a certain girlish dignity that adds to her charm. It is no wonder that Dr. Kossling, the learned Christian friend of her whimsical, artistic youngest uncle, Jason, braves a horde of keen-eyed Jewish relations to see more of her, after their first meeting. The idyll of their love is drawn with a rare delicacy and *finesse*, but the unworldly pair are powerless to cope with the reasonable opposition presented by the Geybert group. Kossling's poverty and Christianity are insurmountable barriers. On the day of her wedding to the cousin chosen for her, Hetty breaks away, and her ultimate fate is not revealed to us. The book has been translated admirably.

"Hetty Geybert." By Georg Hermann. Translated by Anna Barwell. Allen and Unwin. 7/6 net.

Mrs. Victor Rickard indulges in amazing improbabilities, but she can tell a good story and knows how to retain the reader's interest to the end. Young "Mrs. Mistley" learnt at the age of nineteen that "one false step is ne'er retrieved," and her "old sin" casts its shadow over the story of her daughter's love. In order to protect this girl the mother becomes involved in a network of deceit and lies; and, although Mrs. Rickard makes matters appear even more complicated than was necessary, she gets her characters out of a very nasty tangle with great skill.

"Old Sins have Long Shadows." By Mrs. Victor Rickard. Constable. 7/6 net.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

Biography.

Owen Roe O'Neill. By J. F. Taylor. Dublin: The Educational Company of Ireland. 1/9 net.

The Life of Olive Schreiner. By S. C. Cronwright-Schreiner. London: Fisher Unwin. 21/- net.

Drama.

Pontius Pilate. By John W. Klein. London: Stockwell. 8/6 net.

Fiction.

The Dark Eyes of London. By Edgar Wallace. Ward Lock. 7/6 net.

The Swedish Woman. By R. E. C. Long. Cape. 7/6 net.

The Spending of the Pile. By G. B. Burgin. Hutchinson. 7

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†Dwijoma	5,983	Mar. 29	Apr. 12	Madras & Calcutta
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Notice is hereby given that the Government is about to pay the amounts of certain "defended" Criminal Injuries Decrees awarded in respect of damage to property between 21st January, 1919, and 11th July, 1921.
Full particulars of the several awards are published in the "Iris Oifigiuil" (the "Dublin Gazette"), dated the 4th March, 1924.
The Counties in which the Decrees were obtained are:—Cork, Limerick, Offaly, Tipperary, Westmeath, and the County Borough of Dublin.
Notice is hereby further given that all persons having, or purporting to have, any charge against or lien on the said Decrees are required to furnish particulars thereof to the Secretary, Ministry of Finance, College of Science, Room 45, Dublin, on or before the 14th day of March, 1924.
Prints of the Notice in the Iris Oifigiuil are obtainable from Messrs. Eason and Sons, Limited, Stationers, Lower O'Connell street, Dublin, price (post free) 3½d.
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THE COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC WORKS, 51 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, require the services of a competent Master for one of their Steam Dredgers. Salary, £5 per week, inclusive of Civil Service Bonus.
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ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following is the order of Advertisements in to-day's *Irish Times*:—

First Page.	Tenth Page.
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.	Public Notices.
Contracts.	Auctions.
Legal Notices.	Houses and Lands.
Railways.	Specific Articles for Sale and Wanted.
Education.	Garden.
Hotels.	Poultry, Eggs, Dairy, etc.
Horses.	Dress for Sale & Wanted.
Lost and Found.	Music, Pianos, etc.
Situations Vacant and Wanted.	Furniture.
Medical.	Horses, etc.
Tuitions.	Business Premises.
Schools.	Stabling to Let and Wanted.
Second Page.	Houses to Let and Wanted.
Cycles and Motor Cars.	Apartments.
Foreign Page.	Seaside and Country.
Amusements.	Miscellaneous.
Shipping.	

"DEAD" MAN IN FRENCH CHAMBER.

PARIS, Thursday.

Several of the newspapers here this morning announced the death of M. Uhry, the Socialist Deputy. M. Uhry, however, this afternoon appeared in the Chamber, and after much straining of eyes on the part of his surprised colleagues, was given an ovation.

The Irish Times.

FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1924.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

At the Dublin Commission yesterday Joseph Hanlon, who was convicted of the manslaughter of John Gallagher during an armed raid on a farmer's house at Ballinascadden, County Donegal, on December 23, 1921, was sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude.—(Page 7.)

There was no change yesterday in the strike of farm labourers in the County Dublin. It appears to be certain that not more than 500 of the 2,000 farm workers in the county are idle.—(Page 6.)

Sir Henry Campbell, formerly Town Clerk of Dublin, died yesterday in London.—(Page 6.)

Details of supplementary estimates amounting to £444,307 were issued yesterday.—(Page 5.)

An important question regarding the interpretation of Article 37 of the Constitution and its effect on the Senate's powers was raised in the Senate yesterday.—(Page 7.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. R. McKenna, in London last night, briefly, but hopefully, referred to his work in connection with the attempt to settle the Reparations problem.—(Page 5.)

It is reported that the retirement of Lord Beatty is imminent.—(Page 5.)

The British Army estimates show a decrease of £7,000,000 on the 1923-4 figures.—(Page 5.)

The report of the Arbitration Committee which sat to determine the payment that Northern Ireland should make to the Imperial Exchequer was issued yesterday.—(Page 5.)

ABROAD

It is now definitely stated that the madman in the Luxemburg asylum is not Major Bailey, who is wanted by the English police, but an Italian.—(Page 5.)

M. Poincaré yesterday informed the Finance Committee of the Senate that he would resign unless the Finance Bill is passed by the Senate as received from the Chamber.—(Page 5.)

FINANCIAL.

London Stock Markets opened quietly, but became brighter and closed firmly. Price changes were small.—(Page 9.)

In Lombard street loanable credits were quite usable, and rates were steady. Discounts were harder, and the foreign exchanges were steadier. Spanish pesetas showed some violent changes.—(Page 9.)

Dublin Stock Market was quiet. A sharp rise was marked in Bolands Ord. to 41s. 6d.—(Page 9.)

Northern Finance.

The finances of Northern Ireland have been the subject of much confused discussion during the last few years. The system under which the Northern Government makes an annual contribution to the Imperial Exchequer, and receives various grants in return, is so complicated that few people even in the Six Counties understand it thoroughly. Yesterday the Special Arbitration Committee which was appointed recently by the British Government to inquire into Northern Ireland's financial affairs issued its first report, dealing with the annual contribution of the Six Counties to the British Exchequer. Under the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, the Northern Government's annual contribution was fixed at £8,000,000, but the Joint Exchequer Board decided for the financial years 1922-23 and 1923-24 to reduce this sum to £6,000,000. The Colwyn Committee recommends now that the Northern State's contribution for 1922-23 shall be equivalent to its surplus of revenue over expenditure. On the basis of the preliminary accounts the contribution will come to £5,854,674. For the financial year 1923-24 the Committee makes a slightly different recommendation. The contribution, as previously, will be reckoned on the excess of revenue over outlay; but all land purchase annuities will be deducted from the account, all charges due to the severance of Northern Ireland from Great Britain, and, generally, all "exceptional and abnormal" expenditure.

In the circumstances it is extremely difficult to form a just estimate of Northern Ireland's financial condition. According to Mr. R. J. M'Keown, M.P., who spoke at Glasgow yesterday, the contribution for 1922-23, already paid, amounted to £6,000,000, or about £150,000 more than ought to have been paid on the basis of the Colwyn Report. On the other hand, the Northern Government during the same year received £3,699,655 in grants-in-aid, and, therefore, its net contribution to the British Exchequer for 1922-23 works out at very little more than £2,000,000. Of course, during that year the Northern Government was forced to incur much expenditure which, in the nature of things, will tend to disappear with the passage of time. The Special Constabulary, for instance, was, and still is, an extremely costly institution. Nevertheless, there is little doubt that Northern Ireland is paying its way, although, since the Great War, it has suffered heavily through the depression of trade. The American tariffs have caused considerable loss to the linen trade; shipbuilding has been virtually at a stand-still, and the erection of the Customs barrier between Northern Ireland and the Free State has interfered not only with the tobacco trade, but also with that extensive distributing business which Northern merchants had made peculiarly their own.

The figures for 1923, which Mr. M'Keown submitted to his Glasgow audience, indicate that, in spite of all its difficulties, the Northern area is economically and financially sound. The agricultural figures will surprise those who think of Northern Ireland as a purely manufacturing area and forget that its staple industry, like that of the Free State, is agriculture. The exports of potatoes amounted to 105,400 tons, while nearly 30,000 tons of eggs and 15,000 tons of bacon were sent to Great Britain from Northern ports. The figures for live-stock were about 436,000 head of cattle, sheep and lambs. Some, at least, of these exports probably should be credited to the Free State, because during the long dockers' strike, which began last July and did not finish until October, a great deal of traffic was diverted from Dublin and other Southern ports to Belfast and Londonderry. Nevertheless, even when all provision has been made for this fact, the total exports of the Northern State, exclusive of live-stock, amounted to the very large sum of £63,250,010, while its imports reached £56,519,307. When one realises that Ulster's population is less than that of New Zealand the true significance of these figures becomes apparent. We in the Free State do not begrudge Northern Ireland her prosperity. Economically, as in every other way, our little island is essentially a unit, and the best service that each State can give to Ireland and to the other is the establishment within its own frontiers of a sound and efficient economy on which ultimately a superstructure of political *rapprochement* may be built.

The Cost of Living.

Recent remarks by Ministers have indicated that the Government is much concerned about the high cost of living in the Free State. This problem complicates half-a-dozen other problems, such as agricultural depression, the uneasy relations between capital and labour, and the growth of unemployment. On Wednesday the Minister for Industry and Commerce said that legislation on the cost of living might be expected at an early date; and we may assume, therefore, that the Government's plans have been brought to the stage of detail. It is far more easy to denounce "profiteering" than to stop it; and the experience of many countries since the Great War shows that the mere fixing of scales of *maximum* prices provides no genuine remedy. We hope that the Free State Government realises that any legislation must be ineffective which attacks symptoms only, and does not strike at the root of the trouble. In Dublin and throughout the Free State there are two main causes for the high cost of living. One is the high cost of production, and this is largely a question of high wages; for high wages are reflected in the cost of mechanical and agricultural labour, in swollen freight charges and in extravagant rents. They take perpetual toll of every commodity in every stage of its passage from the producer to the consumer; and, since the high wages themselves are eaten up by this toll, they confer no real benefit on the persons who receive them. The other cause is the multiplicity of middle interests which exists between the producer and the consumer. It is notorious that the farmer and fisherman get only a trifling percentage of the prices at which their wares are sold in the urban markets. We may add a third cause which has a special and lamentable influence on the cost of living in Dublin—namely, the competition of a hopelessly uneconomic number of small shopkeepers whose limited "turnover" virtually compels them to be "profiteers." If the Government's legislation makes a serious effort to deal with all or any of these causes, the public will give it a grateful welcome. It seems to us that Ministers can find the swiftest remedy—and certainly will choose the line of least resistance—in schemes to secure direct contact between the producers and consumers of food. We have no misapprehensions about the "middle-man's" place in modern industry. Any attempt to dislodge him utterly would be both foolish and idle; but there is no justification for the present barriers which divide the Irish farmer from his customers in the towns. Co-operative production and co-operative marketing are now accepted principles of social and economic progress; and, if the Free State Government decides to attack the cost of living with this weapon, it may achieve two results at one blow. It may succeed in reducing prices—and, therefore, wages—in the towns; and, by increasing the farmer's profits and extending his home markets, it may help to resuscitate our vital industry. Perhaps, the Government will consider, as one detail of its scheme, the possibility of establishing direct contact between producer and consumer through the machinery of the Post Office, which is now giving a trial to the "cash on delivery" system. It is announced that the new Postmaster-General in England is not unwilling to experiment with a "cash on delivery" parcels system for farmers.

The Olympic Games.

The eighth Olympic Games will open officially on July 5th at the Colombes Stadium, near Paris. The Games were revived in 1896 at Athens, in deference to their Greek origin. The French people are making enthusiastic preparations for the event, for which thirty-four nations already have accepted invitations. The Stadium has been rebuilt and will be capable of accommodating sixty thousand spectators. It is 382 yards in length and 272 yards in breadth, and the race track is nearly 550 yards in circumference and eight and a half yards in width. Arrangements have been made to convey forty thousand passengers in an hour from Paris to Colombes by trains, trams and omnibuses, and new roads have been constructed. The athletes will be lodged in two villages specially built for them, and an elaborate organisation will provide rooms for visitors. One difficulty that remains unsolved is the unwillingness of some competitors to run in heats on Sunday; and it is feared that a well-known Scottish "sprinter" may decline to enter for this reason. There is a good prospect, we understand, that Irish athletes will represent their country at this international festival. The date of the Games in France does not conflict with that of our own Tailteann Games, whose organisers could learn much from a visit to Paris. It is essential, however, that, if Ireland is represented at all, she shall be represented worthily. We have excellent "raw material"; but the strenuous and systematic training which also is necessary will entail some expense and cannot be undertaken without help from the Irish people. No doubt, such help will be forthcoming if the country can be convinced that a real effort is being made, if not to command, at least to deserve, success.

Transit of Cattle.

We welcome the Free State Senate's brief, but useful, debate on the conditions of transport in the cattle industry. On Senator Counihan's motion it has resolved to ask the Government to adopt measures to improve the methods of transit, and for the exercise of supervision over the handling of live-stock at fairs, markets and railway and steamship yards. This is the first step towards sorely-needed reform. The cruel treatment of cattle in a country that derives seventy-five *per cent.* of its wealth from the agricultural industry is both a folly and a scandal. The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is handicapped by lack of means and cannot cope adequately with the situation. The references of a Senator to hunting and racing were not pertinent; and in any case such comparisons can do nothing to compensate the country for the financial loss that is suffered through bad transport arrangements for live-stock. We hope that the Minister of Agriculture will hasten to comply with the Senate's request for a conference of persons interested in the cattle trade which will frame and enforce necessary regulations. Reasons of expediency, not less than of humanity, make strong measures imperative. It is the duty of the Minister of Agriculture, of farmers and cattle-traders and of the railway and shipping authorities to see that improvements are introduced without delay. Public opinion ought to give them no excuse for negligence.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

Although the Queen continues to make satisfactory progress, she decided not to pay her intended visit to the exhibition of the National Training School of Cookery yesterday morning.

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The Prince of Wales will preside at the annual dinner of the Old Comrades' Association of the Welsh Guards on Saturday night, when a large gathering is expected to meet the Prince, who is Colonel of the regiment and Patron of the Association. Next week His Royal Highness will attend the National Hunt meeting at Cheltenham.

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Prince George has accepted the position of President of St. George's Hospital, London, to which he was elected at a special Court of Governors on Wednesday. Lord Greville presided and said that it was most appropriate that Prince George should be President of the hospital bearing that name.

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The Shah of Persia, who has been staying at Nice, has arrived in Paris, and is said to be in excellent spirits, despite the persistent rumours that he has been deposed. He is expected to visit London during the British Empire Exhibition. The Grand Duchess Xenia has left London for Copenhagen to visit her mother, the Empress Marie-Feodorovna, at the Villa Hvidore. The Duchess of Buccleuch and her youngest son, Lord George Scott, will return from the South of France next week and will join the Duke of Buccleuch at Bowhill, their place in Selkirk.

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The Duke of Sutherland has left London and is on his way to join the Duchess of Sutherland on the Riviera. The Duke of Westminster has left Monte Carlo on his yacht, Flying Cloud, and is expected shortly at Biarritz, where he will take part in several of the coming polo matches. The Marchioness of Blandford arrived in London yesterday from the South of France. Lady Templemore has left Biarritz for Canterets, where the winter sports are in full progress. The Earl and Countess of Onslow and Lord Knaresborough are amongst the latest arrivals at Biarritz.

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The Duke of Leinster, who spent the winter on the Riviera, is now at Nice. Sir Thomas Stafford has arrived in Dublin *en route* for Rockingham, Boyle. Sir Hutcheson Poë arrived in Dublin on Tuesday for the meeting of the Senate.

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The Duchess of Santona is staying at the Ritz Hotel in Paris. Lady Winefride Elwes and the Misses Elwes have left London for Paris, where they will remain till Easter. Major and Lady Juliet Trevor have left Paris for the Riviera. Mr. and Lady Evelyn Giffard are now on their way back to London from Algeciras. The Hon. Mrs. Brand will leave London to-day for Madeira. Brigadier-General and the Hon. Mrs. Williams-Warner have left London for Monte Carlo. Lady Hilda Keppel is staying at Bordighera. Countess Brassey will not return from Italy till the end of this month.

* * *

Lord and Lady Cable had only reached Cannes when they received the news of the death of Lord Cable's mother, Mrs. George Hebberd Cable, who passed away in a nursing home in Teignmouth in her ninety-eighth year. The interment took place at Bishop's Teignton, South Devon, but Lord and Lady Cable were unable to return in time for the funeral.

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The marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Ronald Thomas Groube, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), and Phyllis Rosemary, daughter of Mrs. H. S. Malone, Dublin.

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Doctor Speares has changed his address from 17 Lower Fitzwilliam street to 36 Merrion square.

A full range of early Spring Models and a big variety of Sports Hats are now showing at Switzer's Millinery Department.

New Spring Hats, Spring Frocks, Coats and Wraps.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 South George's street.

Special week-end offers in Gloves, Veils, Hosiery, Neckwear, and Novelties.—Robert and Co., Ltd., 80/83 Grafton street.

Wool and Silk and Bouclette House Frocks in becoming browns, tans, and reds, long sleeves, from 3½ to 8½ guineas. 3 piece heavy all silk stockinettes, 9½ guineas, at Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

PASSENGERS ON ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
Arrivals:—B. G. Shorten, J. Nichols, Mrs. L. M'Keer, Mrs. W. M. B. Rees, F. A. Buckley, Captain Senior, Captain J. Stephen O'Reilly, Dr. J. B. Horan, Lady Redmond, Miss E. Thompson, H. M. Hounden.
Departures:—Mrs. Herbert Warren, Colonel and Mrs. C. H. Whitaker, Philip Scher, Miss M. O'Neill, Mrs. Scott Watson, Mr. S. B. Judge, C. J. Graves, T. Condren Flinn, Mrs. and Miss Condren Flinn, Surgeon Capt. S. H. Woods, R.N.; Commander A. E. Woods.

Special Sale of Silks and Ribbons this week at McBirney's.

"Our Boys," the noted Juvenile Clothiers and Outfitters, have just received their Spring deliveries. Great selection. Reliable Goods. Prices moderate.—24 Wicklow street.

TO-DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

Gaiety Theatre—"Merry Wives of Windsor," 7.45 p.m.
Theatre Royal—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"Juno and the Paycock," 8 p.m.
Olympia Theatre—"The Whirl of Paris," 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—Closed.
Theatre Royal—Eucharistic Congress and Pilgrimage to Lourdes Films, 3 p.m.
La Scala Theatre—"April Showers," 3 to 10.30.
Metropole Cinema—"The Isle of Lost Ships."
Princess, Rathmines—"Fortune's Mask."
The Grafton—"Where the Pavement Ends."
Grand Central Cinema—"Loves of the Mighty."
Pavilion Dun Laoghaire—"Pink Gods."
Senate, 12 o'clock.
Dail, 12 o'clock.
Miss Mitchell's Lecture, "Sligo and Other Things," Ritz Café, 8 p.m.
Model Engineers, Barlsfort terrace, 7.45 p.m.
Dublin Sessions—The Castle, 11 a.m.

OFFICERS' FRIEND AT CORK.

Lieut.-Colonel Holmes-Wilson, "Officers' Friend," British Ministry of Pensions, will be present at 32 South terrace, Cork, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 2.15 to 5.15 on Wednesday, March 12, for the purpose of interviewing ex-naval and ex-military officers, nurses, widows or the dependents of deceased officers, with a view to assisting them in getting their claims to pensions and gratuities settled.

The headquarters of the Officers' Friend Branch, Ireland, are 41 Upper Fitzwilliam street, Dublin, to which all correspondence should be addressed.

SCOTTISH CLYDESDALE SHOW.

At the Scottish Clydesdale Stallion Show, held at Glasgow yesterday, the supreme championship was won by James Kilpatrick, Craigie Mains, Kilmarnock, with the three-year-old Craigie McQuaid, sired by Bonnie Buchlyvie. He also won the Brydon Shield, valued at £200. The reserve was the two-year-old colt Benefactor, belonging to Captain Montgomery, Castledouglas. There was a splendid collection of horses.

GOVERNMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT.

(By "Artifex.")

For many months over eleven thousand men and women have registered their names weekly in the Dublin Employment Exchange. The great majority of these people draw their dole every week. They have received upwards of £50,000 in doles every month. These are simple and striking—nay, startling—facts. To analyse their meaning, to find out who is mainly responsible for their continuance, and to discover means for their early disappearance present problems at once very urgent and very baffling. Nevertheless, their continuance means a failure of statesmanship—a breakdown of the primary functions of modern government. The thoughtless critic airily disposes of the matter by saying—"Stop the dole and provide work of some kind for those who are drawing the dole." Apart from the almost insoluble problem of providing suitable employment, these thoughtless critics forget that any form of employment, even on the lowest conceivable wage-scale, would involve the addition of £15,000 to £20,000 weekly to the present national expenditure, as well as the cost of materials and superintendence.

Let us, therefore, ask ourselves if we are prepared to face an addition of, let us say, £25,000 weekly (over £1,000,000 annually) to existing State burdens in order to abolish unemployment in Dublin. Or let us put the question in another form—"What is the direct and indirect cost to the community of maintaining eleven thousand unemployed persons in Dublin? Is the cost, in fact, greater or less than the additional £25,000 which would provide them all with something useful to do?"

Let us classify the present loss to the community under a few simple headings:

First, we already pay £10,000 weekly, for which no return of any kind is recoverable.

Secondly, the traders of the city, and the manufacturers who supply the traders, lose £25,000 weekly in purchases which would follow employment. In its turn, this means loss of income tax and other revenue to the National Exchequer.

Thirdly, idleness and hunger mean personal and general demoralisation upon a scale which it is simply impossible to measure. An idle man not only infects his neighbours, but hands along physical, mental and moral degeneration to his children and his children's children.

Fourthly, the wise additional expenditure of £25,000 weekly would add to the real wealth and reproducing power of the community in better houses, improved roads, more efficient factories, or some other form of advance upon existing conditions.

Assuming, therefore, that it is possible to organise the needful forms of useful employment, we may reasonably conclude that the expenditure requisite to remove unemployment is both necessary and desirable. But is it possible to improvise such work? Writing with some personal knowledge of the problem, gained both as a public official and as an employer. I am satisfied that the average citizen has only the slightest knowledge of the practical difficulties in the way. As applied to the whole body of the unemployed (even of the employable unemployed), these difficulties are insuperable. If limited to certain classes of unemployed, the difficulties can easily be overcome. Even here courage, imagination and experience are essential. Granted these qualities—and real determination and zeal to grip the situ

WHAT THE NORTH WILL PAY.

SURPLUS TO GO TO IMPERIAL SERVICES.

CLAIMS REDUCED.

SOLDIERS' HOUSES GRANT.

ARBITRATION REPORT.

The contribution of Northern Ireland to the cost of Imperial Services is the subject of the first report of the Northern Ireland Special Arbitration Committee, which was issued yesterday.

The Committee consists of Lord Colwyn (Chairman), Sir Laming Worthington-Evans and Sir Josiah Stamp.

The contributions for the years 1922-23 and 1923-24, it is stated, was revised by the Joint Exchequer Board, and stood at £6,000,000 per annum.

The Committee recommend that for the financial year 1922-23 the contribution should be the surplus of revenue over expenditure, after excluding from the account items totalling £294,200, but bringing into account the whole of the grant in aid of £150,000 for special initial expenses.

On the basis of the preliminary account for the year 1922-23 submitted to the Committee, the amount of the contribution would be £5,854,674, subject to the audit of the accounts.

With respect to the contribution for 1923-24, the Committee recommend that this should be fixed by the Joint Exchequer Board at the surplus of revenue over expenditure, after excluding on the one side the land purchase annuities, and on the other all charges representing costs due to the severance of Northern Ireland from Great Britain; new services not previously taken into calculation, improvement in the standard of pre-existing services, and exceptional and abnormal expenditure.

A claim had been put forward by the Northern Government for £990,000 in connection with certain properties, to which the Committee respond with a recommendation that a grant of £400 000 should be made in satisfaction of all claims.

A further grant of £500,000, making £2,000,000 in all, is recommended as a final contribution towards the settlement of all claims in respect of malicious injuries inflicted on property and persons in Northern Ireland.

The Northern Government asked for a further grant of £1,000,000 The amount of such claims already made was given as £5,246,415.

The Committee disallow the claim of the Northern Government that at least 40 per cent. of the houses and plots of land for ex-Servicemen provided under the Irish Land (Provision for Soldiers and Sailors) Act, 1919, should be allocated to its territory.

The Northern Government also claimed that an unemployment relief grant of £500,000 should be non-returnable to the Exchequer, and should not be subject to an arbitrary time limit for expenditure, but should be made available so long as the commitments entered into under the terms of the grant are in operation.

The Committee recommended that the grant should be limited to £300,000, irrespective of the financial years into which the expenditure may fall. Certain claims regarding the local loans fund are disallowed by the Committee.

ULSTER PAYS HER WAY.

"SOUND FINANCIALLY AND INDUSTRIALLY."

Mr. R. J. McKeown, M.P., Parliamentary Secretary of the Ulster Ministries of Education and Commerce, addressing the members of the Glasgow City Business Club yesterday, said that he was anxious to impress upon them the fact that Ulster, as part of Great Britain, more than paid her way.

Ulster was not financially dependent upon Great Britain. Her people paid the same taxes, and legislation provided that Ulster should pay her proper contribution in respect of the National Debt, and the Army and the Navy.

"Ulster is sound financially and industrially," declared Mr. McKeown, "and, to those conversant with the facts, a self-supporting and useful asset of the United Kingdom and of the Empire.

"Ireland to-day is at a most interesting, and at the same time a most critical, stage in her affairs. The past has been unhappy, the future can and may be bright, prosperous and contented. Forgetting the past, the North has plenty of work to do, and the South has plenty of work to do, and in the conscientious doing of that work lies the salvation of the country.

"We could not see our way to join with the South. We have not, however, any feeling of enmity or ill-will towards the South. We pray for their success as we pray for our own, and I can imagine no more unthinkable crime than that at this moment—when I believe both Governments honestly desire the permanent peace of the country—any Government, any party, any Press, or any individual should do or say anything to create feeling or friction between the people of the North and South."

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

FREE STATE'S COMPLETE FREEDOM.

Mr. Hannon asked the Minister of Agriculture, in the House of Commons, whether he had received any reports from officers of his Ministry in any part of Great Britain which would tend to show that outbreaks of foot-and-mouth disease have been consequent upon the importation of cattle from the Irish Free State; whether he is aware of the stringent measures adopted by the Irish Free State to stamp out this disease; and whether, seeing the complete freedom of Southern Irish herds from trace of the disease, he will take steps to prevent injury to the Irish cattle trade through the spread of unfounded rumours.

Mr. W. R. Smith, Parliamentary Secretary, writes in reply:—The reply to the first part is in the negative as far as the outbreaks since 1921 are concerned, and the reply to the second part is in the affirmative. My right hon. friend and his predecessors have repeatedly expressed the opinion that they were satisfied that outbreaks of foot-and-mouth disease were not caused by infection brought from Ireland, and have announced this both in the House and in the Press.

OUTBREAK IN LEICESTERSHIRE.

An outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease has occurred on a farm at Normanton, North-West Leicestershire.

GUESTS AT LUXOR TOMB.

LUXOR, Thursday.

The tomb of King Tut-Ankh-Amen was re-opened this afternoon, when about 200 distinguished personages were admitted, as the guests of the Egyptian Government, to view the gold-covered coffin inside the sarcophagus discovered the day before Mr. Howard Carter closed the tomb and refused to continue the work. Special trains were provided by the Government to convey the party, who returned to Luxor at 6 o'clock. A banquet will be given to the guests this evening, to be followed by an Egyptian *fête* and fireworks. The tomb is now closed until March 10th, when it will re-open for ten days to permit the public to view the wonders within. Neither Mr. Carter nor his staff were present at to-day's proceedings.—(Reuter.)

ULTIMATUM BY M. POINCARE.

UNEXPECTED VISIT TO THE SENATE.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
PARIS, Thursday.

M Poincaré appeared to-day unexpectedly before the Finance Committee of the Senate.

The discussion by that body yesterday of the Government's Financial Bill revealed considerable opposition, and the decree laws, in particular, were declared unnecessary.

The purpose of the Premier to-day was to insist on the acceptance intact of the bill as voted by the Chamber, and to inform the Committee that if it had not by next Tuesday changed its view he would tender his resignation and that of his Cabinet to the President of the Republic.

The Finance Committee of the Senate rehears M. Poincaré to-morrow or Saturday, and the debate on the Finance Bill opens in the Senate on Tuesday.

The Finance Committee had decided against three of the main provisions of the Finance Bill—namely, the reduction of expenditure by decree; the 20 per cent. increase in taxation, and the introduction of the system of so-called "Bordereaux de coupons" to prevent fiscal fraud in connection with the income tax.—(Reuter.)

£444,307 WANTED.

THE SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

Supplementary estimates for the year ending 31st inst., which have just been published, show that a further sum of £444,307 is required for the administration of the public services of the Free State. The heaviest item is £194,730 for the salaries and expenses of the Irish Land Commission. The original estimate for that department was £242,149. The next largest item, a sum of £110,000, is claimed for superannuation and retired allowances The original estimate in this case was £1,640,055, and the supplementary vote of £110,000 will be accounted for under the following sub-heads:—Repayment to British Exchequer for ordinary and disbandment pensions of the Royal Irish Constabulary, £60,000; pensions under Superannuation and Pensions Act to resigned and dismissed R.I.C. men, £49,000; and pensions under the same Act to members of the C.I.D. and to the widows, children and dependents of such members, £1,000.

The Department of Public Works and Buildings wants an additional sum of £60,000, bringing the total estimate for that service to £1,225,700. The increase is in respect of supplies of furniture, etc., for the use of the Army, the extent of which it was not possible to estimate accurately at the outset, and of payments for premises commandeered by the military.

FISHERIES.

The original estimate for the Ministry of Fisheries was £28,575. The further sum of £23,265 is now sought. Of this extra £23.000, a sum of £14,000 will be devoted to continuance of the schemes for the development of rural industries in congested districts. These schemes were previously administered by the Congested Districts Board. The remaining £9,000 is to supplement the amounts originally allotted for fishery development and the maintenance of the Fishery cruiser.

A vote of £3,250 for expenses in connection with the League of Nations is also included in the Supplementary Estimates. This is the first estimate submitted for that service, as the Free State's membership of the League is of comparatively recent date. The expenditure out of this grant-in-aid of £3,250 will not be accounted for in detail to the Comptroller and Auditor-General; neither will any unexpended balance be surrendered at the close of the financial year.

The reason, as explained in the estimate, is that it has not been possible to establish a definite basis of allocation of the expenses of the League as between the member States. On the provisional basis which at present obtains the contribution of the Free State is represented by ten out of a total of 932 units.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

The supplementary vote required to pay the salaries and expenses of the President and office of the Executive Council is £7,280. The original estimate was £7,399. The additional £7,280 asked for is accounted for under the following sub-heads: Parliamentary Secretary to the Executive Council, from 6th December, 1922, £1,931; balance of salary to above as minister without portofolio, from 1st October, '22, to 5th December, '22, £101; Parliamentary Secretary to the President from 21st September, 1923, £791; Secretary to the Executive Council, £720; Assistant Secretary to the Executive Council, £129; gratuity to Assistant Secretary for acting as Secretary in the absence of the latter on military service, £200; allowance for Urivate Secretary to President, £400; A.D.C. to the President, £265; allowance to 3 A.D.C.'s, £288; lower Executive Officer, £80; annual allowance to last-mentioned as Assistant Private Secretary to President, £48; annual allowance to two female clerical officers as Assistant Private Secretaries to President, £53; stenographers, bonus, insurance, etc., £1,724. There is a further item of £500 for travelling expenses.

With regard to the Secretary to the Executive Council it is explained that he was shown in the original estimate as being in receipt of an inclusive salary of £600, with an allowance of £20 a month. This has been altered to a salary of £1,200, and made restrospective to 1st April, 1922. The salary of the Assistant Secretary to the Executive Council was altered from £700 to £800, as from 1st October, 1923.

With regard to the allowance of £400 to the President's private secretary, it is noted (in the estimate) that this officer is also Assistant Clerk of the Dail. In connection with the President's A.D.C.'s, it is explained that they constitute the President's personal staff, and were transferred from the vote for the Ministry of Finance to the vote for the Executive Council on 21st September, 1923, the date following that upon which the President ceased to hold the office of Minister of Finance.

SCHOOLS.

An estimate of £11,000 for the payment of grants to schools is also included in the present supplementary estimates, while an additional sum of £2,000 for universities and colleges will be asked for. The last-mentioned sum is to complete the grant of £3,000 payable to Trinity College under the Land Act.

A sum of £10,000 is required to pay wound pensions, allowances, and gratuities under the Army Pensions Act. It is stated that as the administration of that Act is only in its earliest stages, it is not possible to give details of the expenditure which will be incurred in the current financial year, but details of anticipated expenditure will be shown in the estimate for 1924-25.

The following are the remainder of the supplementary estimates:—Ministry of Finance, £3,000; Temporary Commissions (Canals, etc.), £1,500; Public Works Office (travelling expenses, mainly due to investigation of compensation claims, etc.), £9,300; Railways, £510; Law Charges (fees to counsel, etc.), £5,107; Ministry of Industry and Commerce, £1,135; Civil Service Commission, £1,650; Repayments to Contingency Fund, £810; Expenses under Representation of People and Electoral Acts, £10; County Court Officers, £10; and Army, £10.

PRISON ESCAPE PLOT

REVEALED BY PRISONERS WHO WOULD NOT AGREE TO MURDER.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
STOCKHOLM, Thursday.

A plot, in which over one hundred prisoners serving life sentences in Longholmen Prison were involved, has been discovered. The ringleaders, included two murderers and a prisoner who possessed so good a memory that he could copy the keys carried by the warders from a mental impression. This he did with tools from the prison shoemaker's stores. With the possession of keys to open the prison doors, the conspirators' plan was to escape in small boats moored to the little island on which the prison is situated.

The plot was revealed to the prison authorities by two of the prisoners, who refused to agree to the plan, which involved the murder of a warder.

FLAX-GROWING.

NORTHERN GOVERNMENT'S SCHEME.

BELFAST'S BIG TRADE.

An important announcement with regard to the growing of flax within the British Empire, in order to provide sufficient raw material for the linen industry, was made at Glasgow City Business Club yesterday.

Mr. R. J. McKeown, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministries of Commerce and Education of Northern Ireland, outlining the achievements of the Government of Northern Ireland, said that the provision of raw material for the linen industry had claimed the attention of the Northern Government. In pre-war days a large proportion of flax came from foreign countries, and this had formed the subject of serious discussion at the recent Imperial Economic Conference. A scheme for growing the necessary flax within the Empire had been prepared by the Northern Government and submitted through the Board of Trade to the Empire Flax Growing Committee. It was hoped that the results would be satisfactory.

Ulster, he added, played a pre-eminent part in the manufacture of linen, linen thread, netting, and twine, and, despite depression in trade, the quantity of linen exported from the Port of Belfast in 1923 amounted to 41,226 tons

THE BARBER'S POLL.

SHAVING VOTERS TO STOP PERSONATION.

SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO, Thursday.

Elaborate precautions are being taken this year to prevent double voting at the Presidential elections, which take place at San Domingo on March 15.

The system employed to check the abuse at the last election, by which each voter was required to stick a finger in a pot of indelible ink, was found ineffective, as a chemical antidote was soon discovered to remove the "damned spot" so that electors could vote again.

This time the newspapers state that the ink identification will be supplemented by barbers, who will shave each voter in some conspicuous spot, probably on the back of the hand or behind the ear, as he leaves the polling booth. Safety razors have been ordered for the purpose, presumably for sanitary purposes.—(Reuter.)

PILGRIMS TO HOLY LAND

RECEIVED BY SIR HERBERT SAMUEL.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.
JERUSALEM, Thursday.

The British Catholic pilgrims were received to-day at Government House by Sir Herbert and Lady Samuel, who provided refreshments. They were shown the chapel built by the ex-Kaiser and the magnificent grounds. Then the pilgrims drove to the cemetery where 3,000 British soldiers are buried. Each grave is well kept. There were tears when prayers were offered by bishops, priests and lay pilgrims.

CATHOLICS IN PALESTINE

CARDINAL O'CONNEL'S REPORT.

ROME, Thursday.

The *Giornale d'Italie* says that Cardinal O'Connel, Archbishop of Boston, has just returned from Palestine, and has reported that "grave circumstances of injustice without attenuation have arisen under the Government of Sir Herbert Samuel to the prejudice of Catholics."

The newspaper proceeds:—"The Pope was much impressed by this new proof of a state of things that was already well known." It concludes—"The failure to settle the question of the Cenaculum has created a painful atmosphere in the relations between the English authorities and the ecclesiastics, as that question is mutually interesting to Italy and the Holy See."—(Reuter.)

SIR A. GEDDES'S WORK.

TRIBUTES AT PILGRIMS' DINNER.

Proposing the health of Sir Auckland Geddes at a dinner given in his honour by the Pilgrims in London last night, Mr. Clynes, Lord Privy Seal, recalled that years ago he had cited their guest as a classic instance of wisdom of governments in calling to their aid men of capacity not allied to Party. The Labour Government, in following that example, had chosen well.

Paying an eloquent tribute to Sir Auckland's services in America, he said that he had made a great contribution to strengthening and enlarging good-will between that country and ourselves.

Mr. Stanley Baldwin, seconding the toast, emphasised that the work of their late Ambassador to America in connection with the Liquor Treaty had been of vital importance to an understanding on the question, which had potentialities of friction beyond many questions seemingly of greater importance.

Sir Auckland, responding, agreed that the question had been pregnant with ill-will and hostility, and hoped that the Treaty would secure early ratification on both sides of the Atlantic.

[Speeches made at the Pilgrims' Dinner in London last night were "broadcasted," although the arrangement was not announced in the official programmes. The speeches, especially that of Mr. Clynes, were heard exceptionally well by "listeners-in" in Dublin on two valve, as well as larger sets.]

OLYMPIC GAMES.

PARIS BUILDING A STADIUM TO HOLD 60,000

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
PARIS, Thursday.

Paris is preparing the ground for the great athletic festival of the Eighth Olympic Games to be held in the Stadium in the little suburban village of Colombes, beginning on July 5.

An enormous stadium, seating 60,000 spectators, is being constructed for the athletic events, in which 35 nations will take part.

Paris, with the magic wand of industrial skill, is building two complete new villages on its outskirts near the Stadium, as well as a new station, tram lines, and a railway line, in order to accommodate the visitors and athletes.

A tremendous programme has been arranged. Besides the high jump, throwing the discus, throwing the javelin, putting the weight, throwing the hammer, swimming, aviation, yachting, polo, fencing, boxing, Greco-Roman games, marksmanship, there will be the gymnastic competitions, football, lawn tennis, as well as combination sports.

Most of these events will take place at the Stadium of Colombes. Elimination contests will be held before this date, however, such as the football preliminaries on May 3.

The Stadium is 350 metres long and 250 metres wide. There is a 500 metre track.

TWENTY THOUSAND CHEMICAL WORKERS DISMISSED.

COLOGNE, Thursday.

Over twenty thousand workmen were dismissed to-day from the Badische anilin and soda factories at Ludwigshafen, and Oppau, in consequence of their refusal to work nine hours daily. Fierce conflicts between the locked-out men and the police occurred outside the Ludwigshafen factories, where all the windows were smashed. Shots were exchanged, six policemen and many workmen being severely wounded.

The wounded workmen were removed by their comrades. The Badische concern is the second largest chemical firm in Germany.—(Reuter.)

REPARATIONS.

MR. MCKENNA'S OPTIMISM.

RETURN TO SANITY.

HOPES FOR AGREEMENT

Mr. McKenna, at a dinner in London last night, referred to the Reparations question. "I hope," he said, "that my connection with that activity will lead to successful results. After five years of peace there seems at length some prospect of sanity. I believe that the world is learning the simple but important lesson that our policy must be guided, not by what we want, but by what is possible."

In a reference to the political position in Great Britain, he observed that in modern times paradox ruled the day, but he believed they would emerge through all their struggles, and, notwithstanding the absurdities of the situation, the common-sense of the people would find a way out.

He believed that the only fair observation to make of the Government to-day was that it had shown signs of being a most conservative Government Experience taught us all.

He had little fear of disaster happening to the country. He spoke in no political sense when he said that the foundation of the feeling of the people of the country was conservative. They accepted change, but did not accept it very willingly.

REDUCING BRITAIN'S CLAIMS.

PROTEST BY MR. LLOYD GEORGE.

FROM OUR PARLIAMENTARY CORRESPONDENT.
WESTMINSTER, Thursday.

Commander Eyres Monsell, in the House of Commons this afternoon, moved a new writ for the Dover Division, as the Hon. J. J. Astor, Conservative ex-member, had sat and voted without previously having taken the oath.

Mr. T. E. Harvey was of opinion that if the oath was taken before the returning officer such an incident would be impossible. His proposal, he said, would save time, which was badly needed for other purposes. The Speaker ruled that the question could not be raised on the motion.

Mr. Pringle wanted to know the Government's attitude towards the pecuniary penalty. Mr. Kirkwood caused laughter by saying: "They're going to take the money."

Major Astor is technically liable to a penalty of £500 under the Parliamentary Oaths Act of 1866.

Mr. Macpherson, however, thought that as the mistake was a pure misadventure, the Government ought to remit the money penalty. The Home Secretary stated that the whole question had arisen so suddenly that the Government had not had time to consider it. The motion for a new writ was passed.

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade told Mr. Becker that a suggestion to set up a committee to inquire into the operation of "trusts" and "rings" would be considered.

Sir F. Hall asked whether it was the intention of the Government to extend the duration of, and amend, the Safeguarding of Industries Act. Mr. Clynes replied that the matter was under consideration, but that he was not able at present to make a statement about it. Mr. Clynes also stated that the matter of the ex-Army officers would be discussed on a motion put down by a member.

REPARATIONS.

The decision of the Government to reduce the amount due to Great Britain under the German Reparations Recovery Act of 1921 was hotly debated on the vote on account of £114,732,000 for payment of charges in the Civil Service and Revenue departments. The reduction of the levy from 26 to 5 per cent. was vigorously criticised by the Opposition, and to put the discussion in order Mr. A. M Samuel moved, at the outset, to reduce the vote by £100. He defended the 26 per cent. duty as purely a reparation measure, wholly dissociated from anything in the nature of Protection.

This was not the view of Sir John Simon, who, from the Liberal benches, taunted Mr. Baldwin and his colleagues with not having moved a hand to correct the anomalous and absurd position created by the refusal of the German Government to reimburse the duty to the German exporter. This inaction was obviously a Protective step, since the German exporter was forced to raise his prices. So far from being arraigned, the present Government, he considered, were entitled to full credit for putting an end to the anomaly, though he failed to understand what advantage could accrue to the Exchequer from the retention of so small a part of the duty as 5 per cent.

It must be confessed that the House did not seem very much impressed by the arguments on either side, and the attendance suffered in consequence. Mr. Lloyd George, from his place below the gangway, listened to the debate, and took an occasional note. The Chancellor of the Exchequer spoke early. The Act under discussion was, he pointed out, only one of the many disagreeable legacies bequeathed to the Labour Government. In practice, it was inflicting a hardship on British traders engaged in German enterprises. It was a question of 5 per cent., or nothing at all, and in the circumstances they thought it wise to retain something which they could bargain with.

Sir L. Worthington Evans rather chided the Government on their apparent lack of business aptitude in having abandoned the only satisfactory money-earning device so far tried for extracting reparations from Germany.

A FIRST CLASS ISSUE.

Mr. Lloyd George did not try the patience of the House to any great extent. His speech was short and to the point. The issue was, he said, a first class one, since it involved the question of whether Germany was to be made to pay any reparations at all. He was afraid that the Chancellor of the Exchequer was parting with a very formidable weapon of negotiation, and if the attitude he adopted represented the spirit in which the Government would go into the Conference in April, then British interests would be completely surrendered.

He could not protest too strongly against the idea that in all these negotiations British interests should be considered as of secondary importance. The right hon. gentleman was warmly cheered by the Conservatives. He was proceeding to protest against the new spirit, which seemed to proceed on the assumption that England was to do all the paying and receive nothing, when a Labour member interjected the remark that there was nothing like cheek. Turning sharply round, Mr. Lloyd George said that he was accustomed to civil treatment in that House, whereupon there were loud and prolonged cheers, which were renewed when he concluded: "I think it about time that Great Britain should stand up for its rights in Europe."

Replying to Mr. Lloyd George's criticism, the Financial Secretary to the Treasury (Mr. Graham) said that in arriving at their decision the fact that they were giving away a valuable bargaining instrument was present to their minds. But it should not be forgotten that the greatest pressure to reduce the levy came from British traders and manufacturers.

THE ROAD FUND.

The House then passed from reparations to the administration of the Road Fund, and the claims of rural districts for more favourable consideration were pressed upon the Minister of Transport. One of the speakers—Mr. Turton, who is a Master of Hounds—aroused the sympathy of the House when he stated that he had had to undergo the indignity of having to lead his horse to the meet because of the deplorable state of the roads, caused by the ever-increasing motor traffic.

IRISH CIVIL SERVICE.

24,800 OFFICIALS IN 1914.

It is stated in the British Parliamentary papers that the total staffs of the Civil Services in 1914, exclusive of those engaged on Irish services, were approximately 254,000. The numbers as at 1st January last were approximately 299,000, of whom 244,000 were permanent. The total staff employed on Irish services in 1914 was 24,800.

SCENES IN U.S. SENATE.

"DRAGGING IN THE PRESIDENT."

WASHINGTON, Thursday.

Speaking in the Senate this afternoon, Senator Lodge warmly defended President Coolidge in connection with his telegrams to Mr. McLean, declaring that the telegrams were perfectly trivial and easily explained. Senator Lodge said that there should be a rule to protect the President from such attacks on the part of Senators.

The President, added Mr. Lodge, is entitled to respect by virtue of his position, and should be immune.

Replying to Senator Lodge, Senator Harrison denied that he had attacked the President, saying: "I said nothing derogatory, though I did say telegrams brought the President's name into the scandal."

An altercation then ensued between Senators Harrison and Lodge, the former insisting that the President knew when Mr. Slemp left for Florida, and that he would see Mr. McLean there.

"I think it is little short of an outrage to bring the President's name in," retaliated Senator Lodge, "especially in a place where he cannot speak for himself. I think he should be lifted above the debate that has been running here for several weeks, and which has been based on gatherings from the gutter, on whisperings in corridors, and on every sort of rumour and report—many of which have been exposed as absolutely false."

Senator Harrison then let the matter drop, declaring that he hoped the President would make an explanation, and that the country would accept Senator Lodge's statement. At this stage Senators Heflin, Carraway, and McKellor joined in declaring that Senator Lodge not only remained inactive in past years, when President Wilson was being so bitterly attacked on the floor of the Senate, but was actually in the front rank of the attackers.

Senator Walsh, the leader of the attack in the oil scandal case, also charged Senator Lodge with trying to utilise the just respect and reverence which the people have for the office of the Presidency in order to "minimise the effects of the oil disclosure."

The debate gradually became more heated, and more and more Senators joined in.

Senator Carraway again bitterly assaulted Senator Lodge, declaring: "Everybody knows that President Wilson sleeps in his grave as the result of the abuse and unjustified attacks levelled against him when he was President."—(Reuter.)

SIR HENRY CAMPBELL.

DEATH OF FORMER TOWN CLERK OF DUBLIN.

We regret to announce the death of Sir Henry Campbell, which took place yesterday in a nursing home in London.

Sir Henry, only a few years ago, retired from the position of Town Clerk of Dublin, which he had held for 28 years. In early life he was associated with Irish Nationalist politics, and was the close friend of the late Mr. Charles Stewart Parnell, for whom he acted as private secretary. Both as a politician and as the chief officer of the Municipal Council of Dublin, he displayed qualities of a high order.

Sir Henry Campbell was born in Newry in 1858. On leaving school he went to reside with his uncle, who was in business in Newcastle-on-Tyne, and soon afterwards he joined the staff of the North Eastern Railway Company. Among his contemporaries in Newcastle were Mr. Timothy M. Healy, present Governor-General of the Irish Free State, and Mr. John Barry, both of whom subsequently entered Parliament.

Sir Henry Campbell identified himself closely with the Irish political and literary societies in Newcastle, and his activity on behalf of the Nationalist cause came under the notice of Mr. Parnell, who, seeing great possibilities in young Campbell's earnest and quiet zeal, induced him to become his confidential secretary. During the exciting political period of the "eighties" Sir Henry Campbell discharged his responsible duties with much efficiency. There was a close personal friendship between Mr. Parnell and Sir Henry Campbell, which continued up till Mr. Parnell's death. The late Town Clerk of Dublin was, therefore, in a position to have thrown much light upon the mysterious character of the great Irish leader, but he never allowed his name to appear in print in any of the many political and literary controversies about Mr. Parnell which have arisen since his death. It may be possible that among Sir Henry Campbell's papers are preserved documents which may shed some light upon one of the most stirring chapters in modern Irish political history.

In 1882 Sir Henry was identified with the administration of the Evicted Tenants' Funds, and he also did much work in connection with the Arrears of Rent (Ireland) Act. In 1885, following the extension of the franchise and the redistribution of seats, Sir Henry was returned for South Fermanagh by a large majority over his Unionist opponent. Though a clear and forceful speaker, his voice was seldom heard at Westminster, but when he did speak his words were always weighty, and to the point. When the majority of Mr. Parnell's party turned against him, Sir Henry Campbell took a firm stand with the minority who remained faithful to Mr. Parnell. The Anti-Parnellites swept the country in the general election of 1892—the year following Mr. Parnell's death—and Sir Henry Campbell was defeated in South Fermanagh, which was captured by the Unionists in a three-cornered fight.

Upon the death of Mr. Reveridge, Town Clerk of Dublin, in 1893, Sir Henry Campbell was elected to the position by a Parnellite Corporation, and he filled the office until his retirement in 1920. He has thus been associated with all the municipal reforms carried out during a period of over a quarter of a century. As Town Clerk he did not identify himself with any of the stormy political controversies in the Council Chamber. At the passing of the Local Government Act of 1898 and upon the extension of the city boundaries of Dublin the duties of the Town Clerk of Dublin were considerably increased, and with the increased duties came increases in the emoluments of the office; so that the position became one of the most highly remunerated offices of its class in the Three Kingdoms.

The upheaval following the rebellion of 1916 naturally made itself felt in the civic life of Dublin, and when the Sinn Fein Party obtained a majority in the Corporation a series of incidents took place in which the Town Clerk found himself at cross-purposes with the majority of the members, whose desire to be guided by standing order or by precedent was not by any means as keen as his own. Matters came to a crisis in 1920 in connection with the recording of the votes of members given in the Irish language. The Town Clerk based his position upon the Standing Orders in declining to record any votes given by members in Irish, and only took a record of those votes which were given in English. The matter gave rise to heated scenes in the Council Chamber, and the Town Clerk appealed to the Local Government Board against the view taken by the majority of the Council in insisting that it was his duty to record votes of members given in Irish. On behalf of the majority notice was given to dismiss the Town Clerk from his office, and it appears that he refused to put the notice for his dismissal on the printed agenda of the Council. Thereupon a motion was carried at a Council meeting dismissing the Town Clerk from office.

At the last meeting of the City Council at which Sir Henry Campbell was present he declined to take a record of a division in Irish, and thereupon the Council appointed one of their own number, the late Councillor Sean MacCaoilte (Forrestal) to record the division in Irish. By a majority the Corporation asked the Town Clerk to withdraw from the Council Chamber, and he did so. The question of his pension as Town Clerk came before the Local Government Board, and was fixed by that body at the usual two-thirds rate. The matter did not subsequently arise at any meetings of the City Council, the payments being made by order of the Local Government Board, and charged against the funds of the Corporation.

Following Sir Henry's retirement from the office of Town Clerk at the end of 1920, the King's Birthday Honours published for 1921 included the conferring of a knighthood upon him.

The Civil Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. Frank Hodges, is visiting Portsmouth to-day.

TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

ARMY ESTIMATES.

REASONS FOR THE REDUCTION.

The Times remarks editorially, in reference to the decrease in the Army estimates, which were issued yesterday: "This reduction in the estimated cost of the Army is largely due to the withdrawal of our troops from Constantinople and to the natural decrease in the terminal and miscellaneous charges connected with the war. So far as can be seen, it is not the result in any instance of a change of attitude towards the essential problems of national defence. The estimates which were framed in bulk by the late Government and have been accepted by His Majesty's present advisers have clearly been scrutinised with a careful regard for economy, but the aim has been to bring about such reductions as were possible in the non-effective services, and not to decrease in any way the fighting strength of the Army. That was the policy foreshadowed by Lord Derby, who was then Secretary of State for War, in his speech in the House of Lords last June, and it is satisfactory that his successor, Mr. Walsh, has decided to adopt it as his own.

It is clearly impossible in existing circumstances to decrease any further with safety the effective strength of our exiguous Army, especially at a time when recruiting both for the Regular Army and for the Territorial Army is not entirely satisfactory.

GERMAN UNCERTAINTIES.

FRENCH CONCERN FOR SECURITY.

In a leading article upon the debate in the House of Commons yesterday on the present situation in Germany, *The Times* observes:—The debate raised many questions and left many open, including the most important of all—the obscure and vexing question of the actual condition of Germany. Certain events that have occurred during the last few days have served as a reminder of the trouble-some complexities of that still unsolved problem. First of all, there is that interesting Note which the Conference of Ambassadors have sent to Germany on the question of military control. This Note embodies the views which were expressed in the recent British Memorandum. Their unanimous acceptance by the Conference of Ambassadors has been greeted in France with marked satisfaction. The Note comes at an opportune moment. It is now certain that general elections, on which fateful issues for good or evil hang, will be held in Germany, as well as in Italy and in France, within a few weeks of each other. Next month will witness them all, and some, or all of them, may fall on the same day. Later in the year the peoples of several of the Dominions will be invited to vote on grave issues, and November will see the Presidential contest in the United States. Apart from the possibilities of trouble of another kind—and disquieting signs undeniably exist in some dangerous quarters—the coming months promise to be impregnated with all manner of political, social and racial excitement. It may effervesce harmlessly in demonstrations and in platform heroics, but it is eminently desirable that at such a period of disturbance the steadiest and the most experienced of the European democracies should be found standing and working together.

The Times adds:—It is to be hoped that Germany will now accept the proffered change loyally and promptly. The whole plan depends upon her readiness to do so. It cannot be said that the outlook is very promising. The dissolution is imminent, and it already affords the Government a reasonable excuse for the postponement of foreign subjects, disagreeable to themselves and to the electors. The belief is widespread in France that Germany has been redoubling her efforts at military organisation during the past year. The belief may be well or ill founded, but it exists, and its existence intensifies the French concern for security.

NOT MAJOR BAILEY.

LUXEMBOURG MADMAN AN ITALIAN.

LUXEMBOURG, Thursday.

The Director of Public Prosecutions at Luxembourg confirms the report that it has been definitely established that the madman who was arrested in a train at Luxembourg is not Major Bailey, but an Italian workman, named Luigi Bella, who had come to Luxembourg from Vienna. The error in identification arose owing to a resemblance in name and in certain other particulars.—(Reuter.)

DOCK STRIKE SEQUEL.

PORT OF LONDON CHARGES INCREASED.

The Port of London Authority has decided to make the following increases in the Authority's charges, to come into force on 1st April next:—On shipping—Dock dues and additional rent, 47½ per cent. to 65 per cent.; dry dock charges and rent, no alteration; discharging and extra charges, 57½ per cent. to 100 per cent.

On goods imports:—Handling and extra charges, 55 per cent. to 100 per cent. Exports charges, 55 to 100 per cent.; additional rent, 47½ to 50 per cent.

In the case of certain commodities, the existing charges on which are not now subject to any percentage increase, a proportionate addition will be made; port rates on goods to be raised to the statutory maximum. settlement of the recent dock labour dispute involved an increase of two shillings in the daily rate of pay of dock and warehouse labourers, with a proportionate increase in the piecework rates. One shilling of this increase was actually now being paid, and the second shilling was due at the beginning of June. The rate of wages then paid to the labourers would represent an increase of 157 per cent. above the pre-war rate.

MATERIALISTIC AGE.

MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD'S VIEWS.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, speaking at the Free Churches Congress at Brighton yesterday, said that when people wanted appreciation to-day they went and bought honours. That was the first association they had ever had with anything that was honourable. People who were rich and extravagant, people who were ostentatiously vulgar, were too often the powerful people in these modern times of which we too rashly boasted. This was a materialistic age, and there was no use in talking humbug about it, proceeded Mr. Macdonald. After pointing out that chemistry and physics, if another war broke out, would be used, not to make the soldier's task easier to end wars, but to destroy peoples, he declared that the idea of "class" was poisonous to the social mind, and, referring to modern scientific development, said that in these days of the aeroplane we were as insecure as in the days of the big club.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR FARM WORKERS' CHILDREN.

The British Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries announces that, under the scheme for awarding scholarships and maintenance grants for the sons and daughters of agricultural workmen and others, a number of scholarships at Universities, agricultural colleges, and farm institutes are offered for award this year.

The scholarships are of three kinds. Class I., for three or four years tenable at Oxford, Cambridge, or other Universities, which have Departments of Agriculture enabling the holders to attend degree courses in agriculture or horticulture. Class II., for two years tenable at University Departments of Agriculture, or agricultural colleges, for one or other of the diplomas in agriculture, horticulture, dairying or poultry keeping; and Class III., for short courses—not exceeding one year's duration—in the same subjects at county farm institutes.

BRITISH ARMY ESTIMATES.

CUT OF £7,000,000.

SMARTER DRESS WHEN OFF PARADE.

QUESTION OF PAY.

The British Army Estimates for 1924-25 issued yesterday total £45,000,000, a decrease of £7,000,000 compared with 1923-24.

The gross total is £54,480,000, which is reduced to the amount stated by appropriations in aid of £9.480.000 The figures twelve months ago were, respectively, £61,200,000 and £9.200.000.

The total of £45,000,000 is made up as follows:—

Normal current charges, £43,925,000; and terminal charges of the war, including settlements with other Governments for war services and reinstatements of properties occupied during the war, £1,075,000.

A vote on account is asked for totalling £18,000,000, including £10,000,000 for maintenance of the standing Army.

In the Memorandum issued with the Estimates Mr. Stephen Walsh, Secretary for War, states that on taking office he found the Estimates in an advanced state of preparation and in the time at his disposal it had not been possible to do more than satisfy himself that they had been framed in accordance with the late Government's policy, and with due regard to efficiency and economy.

The last Indian units having been withdrawn from Palestine, it has been arranged with the Colonial Office that a British cavalry regiment, no longer required in India, should be stationed there.

Among other changes, Mr. Walsh says, it has been decided to apply to the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers and the Royal Irish Fusiliers the principle of linked battalions.

[THE ROYAL IRISH FUSILIERS (Princess Victoria's) comprises the old 87th and 89th Foot, the Armagh and Cavan Militia. The regular battalions are at present at Dover. His Majesty the King is the Colonel-in-Chief of the regiment. The *depot* is at Armagh, and the record office at Hamilton. THE ROYAL INNISKILLING FUSILIERS comprises the old 27th Foot and the Tyrone and Fermanagh Militia. The regular battalion is at Bombay and Deolali (for Irak). Lieut.-General Sir Travers E. Clarke is the Colonel of the regiment. The *depot* is at Omagh, and the record office at Hamilton.]

The scheme, which has for some time been under consideration for the provision on a militia basis of certain *personnel* required for the mobilisation of the Regular Army, has now taken the definite shape of a supplementary reserve to form part of the First Class Army Reserve, in the same way as the former Special Reserve.

During 1924 there will be no Army manœ

SHAKESPEARE AT THE GAIETY.

"JULIUS CÆSAR" AND "HAMLET."

"Julius Cæsar" and "Hamlet" are the two tragedies of thought. Their production, therefore, yesterday afternoon and night respectively, at the Gaiety Theatre, was happily arranged. No contrast could be stronger than that which exists between these plays; and yet in both the consequences of a similar evil are worked out, and bring about the destruction of a noble man.

"Julius Cæsar" is the more even play. The characters are more equally balanced, and the havoc that is wrought is not so harrowing nor so immense. In Mr. Doran's production yesterday afternoon the spirit of the play was well, even finely, caught. Mr. Abraham Sofaer gave the part of Cassius a noble humanity that is not often read into the character of that lean conspirator. Indeed, his Cassius was a new creation: a dark, astute intriguer, planning evil, stayed by no scruples, but driven to action all the time, under the impulse of a mighty and noble urge—the common-weal. His Cassius was passionate and high-minded, a commander of men who could bring all—even Brutus—to his purpose. And he loved his brother well. Mr. Sofaer made him the real hero of the play.

Mr. Doran's Brutus was consistent, if a little dull. He was the remote figure, whose mind is preoccupied with metaphysical problems, rather than with the problems of life. His high ideals of duty precipitate him into an act, evil in itself, though intended for the good of all. So much master of himself he is, so much a stoic and active embodiment of his relentless, if noble, philosophy, that he appeared an almost inhuman figure, wooden in his reaction to passion, somewhat, indeed, of the unsympathetic doctrinaire. Yet, beneath the outward mask of control, Mr. Doran caused to be felt that consciousness of evil done, which was eating into the heart of Brutus, alienating him from his wife, making him hasty and unfair to his brother, giving him a yearning for death.

The other parts were admirably filled, and in particular the part of "the envious Casca," played by Mr. Bovay-Parry. His Casca was a natural and true creation—deliberate and cynical, possessed of a cold, jeering humour; not too lavish of his words, but bold to act with the boldest, and to step "as who steps farthest" when the time comes.

As Portia, Miss Hutchinson was rather too uncontrolled and weak to be the "woman that Lord Brutus took to wife," that woman, "Cato's daughter." Her utterances might have been less passionate—more restrained. So, they would have been truer to the picture of the woman, strong in herself and in her beliefs, that Shakespeare drew for us.

Calpurnia, played by Miss Norma Varden, was better; more eloquent in her silences, more appealing in her utterances. As acted by Miss Varden, Calpurnia appeared one of the most womanly and delightful of Shakespeare's women that we have seen.

* * * * *

In Hamlet, so many figures do not divide our interest. The hero dwarfs and makes insignificant them all. All, that is to say, except Ophelia; for no human pity can refuse to be stirred from its inmost depths at contact with that tragically futile puppet of the fates. It is her very helplessness that wrings from us so much of sympathy for a character, that is minor after all. Miss Barbara Everest knew how to move us last night. Her Ophelia was a forlorn creature, torn between love for Hamlet and obedience to her father, unable to understand all that was going on around her, innocent, exquisitely good and sympathetic; but so ignorant of the world and of Hamlet's true nature that she was willing to believe all that her father or brother tells her of him. Their tales and Hamlet's distraction are the first blow; her father's death is the final shock that brings madness. Miss Varden's Ophelia, forced in her guilelessness to be the instrument of guile, and indeed in every silence and word, is one that we shall remember for a long time.

Polonius was most excellently played by Mr. Abraham Sofaer. He was the shrewd, worldly old man, who really means good, but is fudged about with such worldly-wisdom and sententious saws, that the benevolence finds difficulty in peeping out. Yet, he commanded our sympathy last night in a degree that we have not often found. A most cunning, judicious, fine, and humorous old fellow he was.

Mr. Doran rose well to his task, and the Hamlet that he gave us was finely conceived. If at no time he was carried to those terrible transports which need not (in Hamlet) be the tearing of a passion to tatters, he gave us a noble and heroic figure, whose ills were our ills, whose impotence to do the one necessary, though dreadful, deed, lay heavily upon us all the time. His Hamlet let us feel a conscience that was shocked, whose whole being was soured by the inconstancy and incontinence of a woman he had believed to be ideal. It was not so much his father's death as the revelation of his mother's sin that agitated him to the border of insanity, and made those very transports of madness which he simulated sometimes almost real, and no pretence. Such was Mr. Doran's interpretation; that, and further. He played and made great sport with those around him, and in intellectual contests seemed to compensate for his failure in deliberate action.

The other parts were adequately filled. There was a consistently high level of acting in the smallest parts; and the cuts that were made in the production were made with sound and discreet judgment.

The staging was admirably done in both plays. The incidental music was well chosen, and helped to create the atmosphere that each play evoked.

CATTLE TRADE AND RAILWAY RATES.

DEPUTATION TO BE SENT TO GOVERNMENT.

At a meeting of the Irish Cattle Traders' and Stockowners' Association, held at the City Arms Hotel, Dublin, on Wednesday evening, Mr. George H. Lennon presided. Amongst those present were:—Senator Counihan, Messrs. Thomas Dolan (Moate), Joseph O'Connor (Naas), John Waldron, Laurence Malone (Dublin), Leonard Storey (Liverpool), Matthew Bruton (Leixlip), John Leonard (Drumree), and John P. MacAvin, Secretary.

The question of the existing high railway rate, which had been taken up with the different companies, was under consideration, and great dissatisfaction was expressed at the unbending attitude of the companies. Comment was made on the fact that the Chairmen of the Irish railway companies, at the recent annual general meetings, either did not realise, or were indifferent to, the position of the premier industry of Ireland, upon which they depended for the major portion of their revenue, for any reference in their speeches to a hope of an early amelioration of the existing excessive rates was conspicuous by its absence.

It was decided to approach the Government, and state the Association's case, with a view to bringing pressure to bear on the companies.

THE WATERFORD AND FISHGUARD ROUTE.

Representatives of the Waterford Harbour Board, the Waterford Corporation, and the Great Western Railway Company met in conference in Waterford yesterday to discuss the question of the resumption of daily sailings between Waterford and Fishguard, instead of the tri-weekly sailings as at present.

When the views of the Harbour Board and the Corporation were expressed, the representative of the Great Western Company agreed to convey their suggestions to his directors in London.

£2,000,000 CLAIM.

After a hearing, which has lasted twenty-four days, the City Equitable misfeasance proceedings in the Chancery Court, London, came to an end yesterday, when Mr. Justice Romer reserved judgment. The Official Receiver asked that the respondent directors and auditors should pay £2,000,000, the amount of the losses due to the frauds of Bevan. The respondents denied the allegation that they had been guilty of a breach of trust.

A dozen cases of smallpox have been notified at Middlesbrough (Yorkshire).

DUBLIN BLUECOAT SCHOOL.

BOYS' UNIFORM ABOLISHED.

The uniform of the Bluecoat School, long familiar to Dubliners, has been abolished. So said Rev. Dr. Harden, Chaplain and Headmaster, at the distribution of prizes at the King's Hospital, Blackhall place, Dublin, yesterday.

Reviewing the past year's work, he said that it was an average one. In the intermediate examination better results would have been obtained if the boys had done their best. The results of the religious knowledge examinations were good. Having gone into some details regarding the school's affairs, he expressed the hope that one result of the distribution of prizes would be better work in the school.

Mr. William Cotter Stubbs, who presided, said that this was the first of what he hoped would be an annual distribution of prizes. It was pleasant for the Governors to meet the boys, and also to have their relatives there to see what the school was like. As an old Governor, his thoughts went back to the change which took place on the retirement and subsequent death of Mr. Richards, who was a real friend to all the old boys. He hoped that Mr. Richards' name would be perpetuated by a tablet in the chapel. He had been for twenty-six years in the school, and was instrumental in collecting a great deal of money for the War Memorial. Their boys had come from all parts of the world to take part in the great war, and Mr. Richards had corresponded with them and provided them with comforts.

That school was established by Royal Charter in the time of Charles II. The original charter was destroyed in the Four Courts, but they had a copy of it. In 1675 the chapel was consecrated. They had a list of boys who attended the school from that time until now. In 1689 the boys were turned out and the place was converted into a corn store. That was when James II. was in Ireland. It was not until 1692 that they were able to get back.

The original premises were in Queen street, and the existing school was opened in 1784, with the Royal Arms dating from Charles II. transferred from the old building. In those days the Lord Mayor was Chairman of the Board of Governors, and he remained chairman until 1804, when the Corporation Act was passed, opening the Corporation to people of all religions. As theirs was a Church of England establishment, a different arrangement had to be made. The late Sir Frederick Falkiner had written a history of the school, which was largely a history of Dublin, and should be read. Under Dr. Harden, the tone of the school was as good as ever it was; the *esprit de corps* was the same, and the Governors would do everything in their power to advance in life the boys who came there.

He then proceeded to the distribution of prizes.

Amongst those present were:—Brigadier-General Twigg, Mr. Gage Green, C. H. Gick, Registrar, and the following members of the teaching staff:—Messrs. J. Marsh, J. A. Bleakley, M.A.; E. B. Courcey, B.A.I.; G. F. Gibson, E. J. Weinberger, A. E. Lyster, M.A.

OBITUARY.

SIR ALEXANDER JEANS.

Sir Alexander Jeans, editor of the *Liverpool Post and Mercury* and the *Liverpool Echo*, died at 11 o'clock yesterday morning at Birkenhead. Sir Alexander, who was born in Elgin, in 1849, had been connected with the *Liverpool Post* since 1872. He was appointed manager in 1879, and became editor in 1904. He was a distinguished journalist, and had been chairman of the Press Association and a member of the Consultative Board. He had also been chairman of the Liverpool Reform Club. He was knighted in 1918.

MR. FRANCIS H. PHILLIPS.

Mr. Francis H. Phillips, who had been for 56 years Town Clerk of Chippenham, died yesterday morning at Chippenham, aged 81. He was the oldest Town Clerk in England, and the senior County Court Registrar in the West of England.

MR. G. COOLING.

The death has occurred at Bath of Mr. G. Cooling, at the age of 95. He was senior partner in the well-known firm of rose growers, Cooling and Son, of Bath, who were exhibitors at all the principal shows. Until quite recently he had maintained an active part in the firm's work.

MR. JOHN ROBERT KERRUISH.

The death occurred yesterday of Mr. John Robert Kerruish, senior member of the Manx Legislature, at the age of seventy. He was on of the foremost public men in the island, a director of the Manx Banking Company, Chairman of the Government Board of Advertising, Justice of the Peace, and Captain of the Parish. He was the only member of the Upper House who tried to get the Rent Restriction Act continued.

DR. ALEXIS THOMSON.

News reached Edinburgh yesterday of the death, at Algeciras, of Emeritus Professor Alexis Thomson, who for the past fifteen years occupied the Chair of Surgery in Edinburgh University. He had also been identified for a long period with the work of the Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh. He was regarded not only as a distinguished surgeon, but as a great teacher, and was author of several works. He was sixty years of age.

SIR FRANCIS SYNGE.

The funeral took place in Birr yesterday of the late Sir Francis Millington Synge, Bart., who died on Saturday at Upper Downing, Whitford, Holywell, in his 75rd year. The remains were interred in St. Brendon's churchyard; Lady Synge (widow), Mr. Robert M. Synge (son), and Dr. Maunsell (son-in-law), were the chief mourners. Sir Francis was the eldest son of the fifth Baronet, of Syngefield, Birr, whom he succeeded in 1894. He was formerly a Major in the South Lancashire Regiment, and later served as Adjutant of the 4th (Militia) Battalion of the Liverpool Regiment. By his first wife, Frances, daughter of Mr. R. Evans, of Rock Ferry, Chester, he had six children, of whom the eldest, Robert Millington, succeeds to the baronetcy. Sir Francis married in 1912 Fanny, youngest daughter of Mr. Charles R. Wade-Gery, of Worndittch Hall, Kimbolton, Hunts, by whom he leaves one daughter.

FOUR MURDER CHARGES.

TWO COUNTY CORK MEN REMANDED.

At the Clonakilty District Court yesterday, before Mr. D. J. O'Kelly, John Nyhan and Tom Lane were charged by Inspector Troy, of the Civic Guard, with complicity in four murders.

Inspector Troy said that he had not completed his inquiries, and applied for a remand.

Mr. C. T. F. Russell, solicitor, Cork, who appeared for the accused, said that he would like to hear the exact nature of the charges.

The Clerk said that Nyhan was charged with conspiring with other persons and feloniously aiding and abetting in the murder of Michael Keany, District Inspector, R.I.C., at Clonakilty, on the night of 11th February, 1922; that he did on the 27th April feloniously murder Robert Nagle, Barrack street, Clonakilty; that on the 26th December, 1922, at Ring, Clonakilty, he feloniously murdered Volunteer Michael MacDonald, while the Volunteer was in the execution of his duty; that on the night of the 25th or morning of the 26th January, 1923, at Lackendiff, he conspired with others to murder Jerome Reilly, postmaster, and did feloniously murder him, and that on the 18th January, 1923, at Milltown, while armed with a revolver, he did with others hold up and deprive of documents Mr. McKenna, Excise Officer.

Mr. Russell—What are the charges against Lane?

The Clerk said that Lane was charged jointly with Nyhan in the case of District Inspector Keany, and with aiding and abetting in the other murder charges. He was not concerned in the hold up of the Excise officer.

Mr. Russell said that he had no objection to a remand, but he hoped that the authorities would hasten up matters, and not hold the prisoners indefinitely while looking for evidence.

The accused were remanded in custody to the next District Court on the 20th March.

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

DUBLIN.

£200 FOR LOSS OF FINGER.—The Recorder yesterday awarded £200 to James Goss, a fitter, for the loss of the middle finger of his left hand, sustained in the course of his employment, while in the civilian service of the Ministry of Defence. The applicant said that he had earned £2 10s. a week as a violinist at evening entertainments.

REDMOND ANNIVERSARY.—At the final meeting, held last night, of the Dublin Committee concerned with the Redmond anniversary celebration in Wexford next Sunday, reports were read from city, suburban and country centres, indicating that great interest is being taken in the demonstration. It was announced that the train to Wexford will start from Harcourt street Station at 9.15, instead of 9.20, on Sunday morning. Communications were received from Wexford announcing that elaborate preparations had been made for organising the procession, and for catering for the visitors. The Wexford Committee has arranged for the sale of commemorative violet badges.

MARKET DAY SHIPMENTS — Ten steamers were required to take market day shipments of live stock from Dublin to Great Britain yesterday.

CONNAUGHT.

ATHENRY POST OFFICE.—A deputation from Athenry wished to see the Postmaster-General on Monday with reference to the report that Athenry Post Office was to be reorganised and its activities curtailed. The deputation refused to discuss the matter with a subordinate, and one of the members interviewed President Cosgrave. On the following day the deputation met Mr. Walsh by appointment, who said that the matters brought to his notice would receive attention, and that he would investigate the question of retaining the regular staff at the Post Office.

LEINSTER.

HOUSE-HUNGER IN NAVAN.—Navan Rural District Council, at a special meeting called to consider a building scheme, received 272 applications for cottages. The clerk said that half the applications were from labourers living in condemned houses. The cost of an adequate scheme would be £111,520. The clerk was directed to write to the Local Government Department stating the number of applications received and the estimated cost of the scheme, and asking for Government help.

BAR STUCK INTO PONY.—Martin Porter, Avondale, was at Rathdrum, County Wicklow, yesterday, committed for trial on bail on a charge of mortally wounding a pony, the property of William Finn, by sticking a bar into its side. A policeman said that he found the pony with the bar protruding from its ribs. The accused man told him that he was sorry for what he had done in a fit of passion, and that he would like to pay compensation.

ARREARS ON 1s. A WEEK COTTAGES. —In some cases tenants of cottages in Tullamore rural area owe in arrears up to £7 for cottages let at 10d. and 1s. a week. The Rural Council has decided to institute legal proceedings against defaulters. A member of the Council said that people in the towns would be glad to pay 10s. a week for worse houses.

CHARGE OF ROBBING POLICE.—"I wish to make it known that I stand for fair, that principle and defy contradiction on the matter. I claim treatment on these conditions as a political prisoner, not as a criminal," said Patrick Cooke, of Tubber, near Bonlahy, Co. Longford, who was remanded at Longford, on a charge of destroying, under arms, property of the Granard Civic Guards. He was also charged with Patrick Curneen, Thomas Dale and J. J. Geraghty, with stealing bicycles and other property, and with burning bedding. All the accused men were committed for trial.

MUNSTER.

LIMERICK SCHOOLS' GRATUITIES.—The Ministry of Local Government has informed the Limerick Corporation that the latter is bound to pay the pensions and gratuities awarded by the King's Bench in 1920 to ten teachers of the Municipal Technical Institute who lost their positions consequent on the closing of the schools in that year.

URBAN COUNCIL IN DEBT.—Nenagh Urban Council owes the North Tipperary County Council £1,897. The Chairman said, at a meeting of the Urban Council, that the County Council had treated them with every consideration, and the people of the town should pay their rates in order that the business of the town might be carried on.

KINSALE MIDWIVES' SALARIES.—The Local Government Department has sanctioned a new scale of salaries and annual increments for the five midwives in the dispensary districts of Kinsale Union. Midwives are to receive a minimum salary of £40 a year, rising by £2 a year to a maximum of £57.

ULSTER.

VACCINATION DEFAULTERS. — The Local Government Board has pointed out to the Stranorlar Rural Council that there are 98 vaccination defaulters in Castlefin, 58 in Killygordon, 33 in Raphoe, and 78 in Stranorlar. The Board called on the Council to enforce the Vaccination Order. The Council directed the sanitary sub-officers to serve final notices on the defaulters, and then to prosecute if the orders are not obeyed.

Ardee, Co. Louth, Commissioners have passed a resolution urging the Government to establish a public telephone in the town.

The steamer Glencullen, which sailed from Dublin on Wednesday afternoon for Partington for coal, was forced to return to the Liffey by bad weather.

County Kildare Transport Workers' Union has passed a resolution that carters who are members of their union shall in future only cart coal in one-ton lots.

Tullamore Rural District Council has arranged for the electric lighting of that part of Portarlington under its control with sixteen lamps at an annual charge of £3 8s. a lamp.

Informations were refused at Claremorris against Owen Maughan, who was charged with aiding and abetting Thomas Maughan, who has been committed for trial on the charge of counterfeit coinage.

NORTHERN IRELAND.

MAGISTRATES EQUALLY DIVIDED.—In a case of assault brought by one woman against another at Londonderry Petty Sessions yesterday, the magistrates were equally divided, and the Clerk said that the case would be marked "No rule" and adjourned till the next Court day. Mr. G. D. Scott, solicitor for the defendant, challenged this interpretation of the decision of the Court. It was, he said, Dublin Castle rule, not law. The Clerk said that it was the procedure always adopted. Mr. Scott said that when the magistrates were equally divided the case could not be adjourned. It required a majority decision for an adjournment. Rather than bring his clients into court again, he would agree to a fine. One magistrate had then left the Bench, and the remainder agreed to impose 5s. and 10s. costs, which was paid.

MAIL SERVICES WITH BRITAIN.—At a meeting of the Council of the Belfast Chamber of Commerce, the Secretary, on behalf of the Chairman of the Postal Committee, reported that the mails services via Larne and Stranraer, both inward and outward, are still very unsatisfactory. Constant representations were being made to the postal departments. While some grievances have been abated, the position is still very detrimental to the interests of the traders, and every effort is being made for expedition in the services, particularly at Lurgan and Lisburn, and urging the company to open the station premises at Lurgan on Sunday evenings for the convenience of Portadown people who had been visiting in Lurgan Hospital, as at present people had to wait about in the streets for the return train to Portadown.

RISING PRICES.—Potatoes in Lurgan weekly market yesterday went in price to 10s. a cwt. for Skerries and 8s. to 8s. 6d. for other varieties, the highest price paid this season. Pork advanced 2s. 6d. to 72s. 6d.; hay reached 6s. a cwt., an increase of 1s.

NEW CATTLE TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.—At a meeting of the cattle traders of Londonderry and the North-West, held on Wednesday in Londonderry, it was decided to form a Londonderry and North-West Cattle Traders' Association. Officers and a committee were appointed.

The death has taken place of Mr. Adam Davidson, for fifty years W.M. of the Rehaghey L.O.L., Aughnacloy.

The Rev. George Faris, Presbyterian minister, Caledon, and Mrs. Faris have received a presentation from the congregation.

NORTHERN DRAINAGE PROPOSALS.—A meeting, held in Enniskillen, passed a resolution urging the Government to pass a bill enacting the provisions recommended by the Viceregal Commission on Arterial Drainage (1905), and enabling the County Councils to take action on the lines indicated in the Binnie report, conferring on the County Council or committee all the necessary powers for compulsory acquisition of lands and water rights, and the levying of special rates and charges, subject to the approval of a special Drainage Department of the Ministry of Agriculture or Ministry of Home Affairs and the Rural Council; and also providing for loans by the Treasury on the recommendation of the Drainage Department, where that department is satisfied that the work is necessary. Free grants are advocated where the necessary works are beyond the means of the occupiers of the land.

BETTER RAIL FACILITIES WANTED. —Lurgan Board of Guardians has adopted resolutions passed by the Portadown Branch of the Ulster Labour Unionist Association, asking for an improved train service, and a reduction of the fares between Belfast and Dublin and other principal stations on the Great Northern Railway; requesting that a train should be run from Portadown to Belfast nightly at 10 o'clock or later, and calling as Lurgan and Lisburn, and urging the company to open the station premises at Lurgan on Sunday evenings for the convenience of Portadown people who had been visiting in Lurgan Hospital, as at present people had to wait about in the streets for the return train to Portadown.

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THE THURLES MURDER.

DEATH SENTENCE COMMUTED.

The Secretary to the Ministry of Home Affairs announces that in the case of John Ryan, a prisoner in Mountjoy Prison, under sentence of death, the Governor-General has been pleased, on the advice of the Executive Council, to commute the sentence to penal servitude for life.

John Ryan, a National soldier, was sentenced to death by Mr. Justice Pim at the Dublin Commission on Tuesday, February 12, following his conviction for the murder of Michael Caudy, an ex-soldier, at Littleton, Thurles, on the 16th of May last. The jury made a strong recommendation to mercy.

CUMANN NA nGAEDHEAL.

Mr. Richard Mulcahy, Vice-President, presided at the first meeting of the newly-elected Governing Body of the Cumann na nGaedheal, at 5 Parnell square Dublin, on Tuesday.

Committees were set up to deal with local government, industry and finance, agriculture, and the Irish language.

The following resolution, dealing with the matter of the boundary, proposed by Archdeacon Tierney, of Enniskillen, and seconded by Mr. O'Connell, of Sligo, was passed unanimously:—

"We respectfully request the Executive Council to press the British Government for a resumption of the 'Thomas' conference at the earliest moment and, in the event of an acceptable offer not then being forthcoming, to press for the putting into force of Clause 12 of the Treaty forthwith."

UNITED COUNCIL OF CHURCHES.

The United Council of Churches held its stated meeting in the Church House, Assembly Buildings, Belfast. The following notice of motion in reference to the League of Nations was remitted by the Council to the Local Councils for consideration and report:—"That this Council of Christian Churches earnestly recommend the Churches, which are its constituent members, to promote the study of the objects and methods of the League of Nations, and to support its work for international peace. With this aim the Council recommend that in Northern Ireland support should be given to the League of Nations Union by forming branches, or by joining as corporate members, and that in the Irish Free State support should be given to the League of Nations Society of Ireland." Further arrangements were made for the formation of Local Councils in Belfast, Dublin, Limerick, and Waterford. A letter from the Rev. Henry O'Connor on gambling, requesting action through a deputation of the Government, was read. The matter was referred to the Local Councils for the collection of facts and reports to the Council. The Executive was requested to report on the Children's Bill and the Widows' Pensions proposals in the Imperial Parliament. Temperance Legislation in the Free State and Prison Reform.

FATAL ICE SLIDE.

BELFAST BOY DROWNED.

While a number of lads were sliding on an ice-covered pond at Butlers street, in the Crumlin road district of Belfast, yesterday evening, the ice gave way and two boys fell into the water.

One of them, James Warrington, aged 12 years, 60 Butler street, the eldest son of a widow, disappeared, and his dead body was recovered an hour later.

The other, John Reid, aged 10 years, of Herbert street, was rescued and removed to the Mater Hospital for treatment.

PREPARING FLAX.

DEVELOPMENT OF LINEN TRADE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Thursday.

Professor F. Bradbury read an interesting paper upon flax preparing and spinning before the Belfast Association of Engineers in the Belfast College of Technology to-night.

In the course of his address he said that the object of preparing and spinning flax was to produce linen yarns and thread uniform in diameter and strong and clean in character. The yarns must be suitable for use either as warp or weft in the manufacture of woven linen fabrics.

The raw material used was the fibre of the flax plant. A transverse section of the flax plant showed that it was composed of three substances—wood, fibre, and skin or bark. The flax fibres were located in a concentric zone, external to the central core, and enclosed beneath the epidermis or skin of the plant. The operation of completely removing all the woody and foreign matter was technically known as "scutching." The flax in this state was denominated "scutched flax." In commercial parlance it was the finished product of the flax-grower and the raw material of the flax-spinner. Flax, in its commercial or scutched form, suggested that its fibre was of considerable length, and, for reasons of economy, the flax preparing, drawing, and roving machinery was designed to manipulate flax as a long fibre.

Woven linen fabrics are, like their parent flax fibres, characterised by great relative strength, durability, and the inherent property of absorbing and conducting moisture. Linen fabrics possess a gloss unequalled by any other textile fabric for table and domestic service.

There are manifest evidences that linen dress fabrics have come to stay, and that future products will only vary with the season's demand for variety and style of weave and colour extending far beyond the limits of plain weave and solid colours. In a similar, but less degree, tapestries made entirely of linen, or of linen in conjunction with other suitable yarns may be, and have been, manufactured satisfactorily.

Any tendency to remain in a fixed groove is being overcome, he said, and efforts to break up new ground are being rewarded with success.

The lecture was illustrated by lantern slides.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

INQUESTS ON INFANTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I have read with extreme interest the important letter from Dr. Ella Webb and Miss Winifred Alcock in your issue of to-day, and I beg space to endorse—from many years' practical experience—one positive suggestion which they make. They refer to "the lack of provision in Dublin for assisting mothers of illegitimate children to remain with their babies for the first year," and they add: "Possibly, action on this question would do much to reduce the death-rate of nurse children." I venture to say that it would most certainly do so.

The Nursery Rescue Home at Templeogue was opened in 1910 for the reception of first-fall unmarried mothers, on the principle of retaining them for a period of at least nine months to nurse their babies and care for them under trained superintendence and good influences. At that time it was the pioneer in Dublin of this system. The results were very satisfactory, both morally and physically; but in November, 1921, the Home was closed, for various reasons with which I will not occupy your space. We of the Committee were left with twenty-six children, for whom we were responsible, all boarded out under our superintendence and partially paid for by their mothers. The Magdalen Asylum (8 Lower Leeson street) had by this time adopted the same system, and had ten boarded out children, for whom a number of charitable ladies connected with the Asylum were doing their best, as the rules of the institution had not originally been framed to take cognisance of the infants' existence.

After much consideration a system of linked battalions was adopted and works admirably. We took over the ten Magdalen children; and now, when a girl goes out from it to home or service, her child (if not otherwise arranged for) passes under the care of the Nursery Rescue and Protestant Children's Aid Committee. It is then usually from six to eight months old, and has been properly fed from birth. We find a reliable nurse, pay her according to arrangement, and provide a lady to visit and superintend the child. The mother or relatives pay according to circumstances an agreed proportion, and the Society (assisted by the Ministry of Local Government) provides all the rest. The nurse always has the visiting lady to refer to, is sure of her regular payment, and has no additional expenses to meet. Under these arrangements we are able to get respectable women (usually in the suburbs or country) to undertake the charge. Of course, we occasionally have to remove a child from an unsatisfactory nurse, but the cases are few.

Now see how this works out as to the death-rate. During the year 1923 we had under our charge forty-two children under seven years. We had two deaths. One was from an accident: a poor little chap, running about, fell into a tub of hot water, thoughtlessly set down on the floor, and was scalded. The other was that of a little girl, always delicate, who caught a cold and died in two days of broncho-pneumonia, in spite of the most loving care of a heart-broken nurse. This works out at a little less than twenty-four *per* thousand. Need I say more?—Yours, etc.,

AGATHA M. RICHARDSON,
Honorary Secretary, Nursery Rescue and Protestant Children's Aid Association.
61 Rathgar avenue, Dublin,
March 6th, 1924.

VANISHING TREES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Is it in preparation for the Tailteann Games that the County Councils have decreed the destruction of all wayside trees and hedges, or is it jobbery; for the cottagers are amassing huge stores of firing? Will not those from other lands look around them in amaze and ask, "Is this the country that was called beautiful?" seeing it now a treeless waste? Perhaps, the loveliest line in Shapeskeare is

"Bare, ruin'd choirs, where late the sweet birds sang."

How many pictures it calls up to the mind's eye, how many songs to the mind's ear! Now these choirs are being swept away, and our Irish birds, friendliest of all birds, that astonished John Wesley by singing all day long, are left without their resting places. Where is the ancient Irish love of Nature and of wild creatures that both Pagan and Christian showed? Gone, like all the other good and loveable things. I subjoin some lines that were written by one that is no longer here. Perhaps you would print them?—Yours, etc.,

K. E. YOUNGE.

Queen's County, March 5th, 1924.

A WOOD NOTE.

Now blessing on the planters, the fathers of the woods,
Who nursed the trees and loved them beyond all worldly goods;
Who took their rest and pleasure beneath the lofty shade,
Who worshipped in the temple that God Almighty made.
Their groves are joy to strangers that never knew their face,
Are shelter to the creatures with no abiding place.
Than gold to all the country more truty are they wealth,
To man and all things breathing are happiness and health.
Ay, bless the hand that planted. But what of them that fell,
Who give for beauty ashes, for dross true riches sell,
Lay low the leaves in millions that sweeten air and earth,
Who clear the way for tempest, for drought and flood and dearth;
Who leave our singers homeless, without a roof the dumb,
Who wreck the children's playhouse and rob the years to come?
Speak ye who love this Ireland or be for ever still;
Shall she lie torn and wasted, stript naked, vale and hill?
Then hide for shame your faces if word or deed ye spared,
If only by your silence in this great crime ye shared.

M. A. RATHKYLE.

EGGS BY POST.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES

SIR,—I think that many people who, like myself, are producers of the commercial egg on a small scale must be wishing that they could take advantage of the "cash on delivery" plan which is now being tried in the Irish Free State. Personally, I have had to give it up as a bad job; for I find that an empty two-dozen egg-box weighs over 4lbs. and 1s. is charged for delivery of even a small parcel. Can nothing be done? Could there be a special rate for eggs, or will not someone invent a better kind of egg-box?

I should like to suggest that some enterprising firm should put on the market boxes made of aluminium, which, being fitted and lined in the usual egg-box style, would be both light and strong and, I think, should be quite cheap.—Yours, etc.,

E. HELY.

72 Rathgar road, Dublin,
March 5th, 1924.

THE CHURCH OF IRELAND.

The Rev. Francis J. A. Beere has been instituted to the parish of Kells and Balrathboyne.

The Rev. J. H. Lucas has completed a tour in the diocese of Clogher as a temperance deputation.

Many of the bishops have issued letters to their clergy requesting that the claims of the cause of temperance should not be forgotten on the first Sunday in Lent, or other suitable occasion.

A meeting of the Junior Clerical Missionary Association has been held in Belfast, at which addresses were given by Miss Dorothy Maud, Travelling Secretary, S.P.G., and the Rev. F. J. Griffith, of Shantung. Four new members were elected at the close of the addresses.

A Conference has been held recently in the Women Workers' Settlement, Belfast, at which Miss Dorothy Maud gave addresses on "Women's Work in the Church To-day" and "The Organisation of Thought and Effort."

A nine-days' Mission has been held in the parish of Billy, Diocese of Down. The conductor was the Rev. L. V. Uprichard, assisted by Canon Bradley.

TRIBUTE TO THE RIGHT REV. T. S. BERRY, D.D.

The Killaloe Diocesan Council has passed the following resolution:—

"The members of Killaloe Diocesan Council desire to express their deep sense of loss in the impending resignation of the Lord Bishop of Killaloe; they will ever recall his combined fairness and firmness in the administration of diocesan affairs, and the abounding kindness of heart which marked every exercise of episcopal duty. They regret that medical advice should have moved him to lay down his high office, adorned by many gifts of scholarship, of preaching, and of practical sympathy, and trust that in his retirement he may gain a large measure of returning health and find happiness, after such an arduous and faithful pastorate."

COUNTY DUBLIN FARM STRIKE.

CONTRADICTORY VIEWS

MANY MEN STILL AT WORK.

There were no fresh developments in the dispute between the County Dublin farmers and their labourers yesterday. The strike or lock-out is almost entirely confined to the inner area of the county, but statements as to its actual extent are contradictory.

Speaking to an *Irish Times* representative yesterday, the Secretary of the County Dublin Employers' Protection Association declared that there were only 17 men on strike in the outer area of the county. The remainder had accepted the reduced scale of wages. He contradicted the statement made by a Transport Union official that at the last conference the men's representatives went so far as to offer the acceptance of a 5s. reduction, subject to a ballot vote of the men. What the Transport Union representatives had said was that they would recommend the acceptance of a reduction of 3s. That was as far as they went. Had they gone farther the conference would not have broken down.

The farmers, he said, were in a stronger position now than they had been on any day since the strike began. Some employers who kept on their men, pending a settlement, had now notified the workers that they cannot be retained unless they accept the new scale of wages. In some cases the men agreed to this and remained at work. In others where the men had actually gone out they sought reinstatement at the reduced wage.

Farmers, he continued, had to reduce the cost of living, otherwise they could not carry on. It was a case of trying to keep a roof over their heads. It was not really a matter of wages. As far as they were concerned 35s. was not an economic wage, and was more than they could pay.

As the returns were not complete, he could not say definitely how many men were on strike in the inner area of the county.

THE MEN'S VIEW.

An Irish Transport Union official, when seen at the offices, 35 Parnell square, stated that farmers were still paying the old rate of wages, pending a settlement, in the outer area. He denied that any of the men had agreed to accept the reduced wages. There were, he said, more men getting the old rate of wages than had been locked out. There were only 500 men out of a total of 2,000 locked out. He expressed the belief that satisfactory settlements could be made with the majority of the County Dublin farmers, ignoring the Protection Association.

Another official of the Transport Union complained that at the last conference the representatives of the farmers were not County Dublin farmers.

There were no strike incidents at the Dublin Cattle Market yesterday. Pickets from both sides were in evidence in the vicinity, but there was no occasion to call for any display of activity on the part of the police.

MILKERS' WAGES.

So far, the members of the Dublin Cowkeepers' and Dairy Proprietors' Association have not enforced the demand for a reduction of £1 per week in two cuts in the wages of their milkers. The demand has been rejected by the men. It is understood, however, that it will be enforced.

BROADCASTING.

To-day's Programme.

The letters "S.B." in these programmes signify a Simultaneous Broadcast from the station mentioned.

LONDON (2LO)—365 Metres.

1.0-2.0.—Time Signal. The Wireless Trio and Miss E. Russell-Miller (contralto). 3.30-4.30.—The Wireless Trio and Norman Eaton (baritone). 5.0—Women's Hour. 5.30—Children's Stories. 6.15-7.0—Interval. 7.0—Time Signal and 1st General News Bulletin. S.B. to all Stations. G. A. Atkinson. "Seen on the Screen." S.B. to all Stations. Local News and Weather Forecast. 7.30-8.0.—Interval. 8.0—2nd Symphony Concert, Central Hall, Westminster—Royal Albert Hall Orchestra, conducted by Sir Landon Ronald: Carnival Overture (Dvorak); Ballet Music in G from "Rosamunde" (Schubert); Dramatic Scena for Soprano and Orchestra, "Adelaïs" (Landon Ronald); Orchestra, Symphony No. 2 in E Flat (Elgar) (12); Passages from "Le Roi s'Amuse" (Delibes); "Praeludium" (Jarnefelt); "Le Cygne" (Saint-Saëns); "Ride of the Valkyries" (Wagner). Beatrice Miranda (soprano): "The Dream" (Grieg); "Feast of Lanterns" (Bantock). Orchestra: Overture, "Tannhauser" (Wagner). 10.30—Close down. Announcer, R. F. Palmer. 9.30—Time Signal and 2nd General News Bulletin. S.B. to all Stations. 9.45—Symphony Concert (contd.). S.B. to all Stations. 10.30—Close down. Announcer, R. F. Palmer.

BIRMINGHAM (5IT)—475 Metres.

3.30-4.30—Georgina Tanner in a Recital of old French Songs. Michael Mullinger at the piano. 5.0—Women's Corner. 5.30—Agricultural Weather Forecast. Kiddies' Corner. 6.30—Teens' Corner. 7.0—News. S.B. from London. G. A. Atkinson. S.B. from London. Local News and Weather Forecast. 8.0-10.30—The entire Programme S.B. from London.

BOURNEMOUTH (6BM)—385 Metres.

3.45—Ethel Rowland, L.R.A.M. (solo piano). Dance

20 YEARS PENAL SERVITUDE.

SENTENCE ON DONEGAL RAIDER.

A young man, named Joseph Hanlon, who had been found guilty, at the Dublin Commission on Wednesday, of complicity in armed raids on farmers' houses in the Letterkenny district of County Donegal, was put forward yesterday on a further charge of having, on the 23rd December, 1921, at Ballinascadden, murdered John Gallagher.

Mr. Carrigan, K.C.; Mr. Dudley White, K.C., and Mr. J. O'Byrne (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor), prosecuted; Mr. W. J. Gleeson (instructed by Messrs. Noyx and O'Reilly) defended.

Mr. Carrigan said that John Gallagher was a servant man, aged about 20 years, employed by a farmer, named Bernard Gibbons, at Ballinascadden. At about 5 o'clock on a dark December morning there was "a furious knocking" at Gibbons's door, and demands for admittance. Gallagher appeared to have been a brave, determined young fellow, and in his youthful impetuosity he rushed down the stairs. His master hurried after him when he heard shooting. He found the kitchen crowded with strangers, and the place in darkness. Andrew Gibbons struck out at one of the men and knocked him down. He was immediately fired at, and part of his ear was blown away. Rushing out into the yard he was fired at again by a man who carried a flash-lamp. The bullet struck him in the leg, and he was badly wounded. The name of the man whom Gibbons struck was Loughlin, and he died next day from the effects of the blow.

Young Gallagher left the house to give the alarm to the neighbours. Returning through the yard he had only turned a corner when he was mortally wounded. He had just strength enough to crawl back to the house of a man named Michael Heraty, his uncle, where he died on Christmas Day. Michael Heraty was also at Gibbons's house on the night of the 23rd, and he was fired at immediately after young Gallagher was shot, but luckily the bullet only grazed his chin.

Mr. Carrigan went on to say that he would prove that the prisoner and Loughlin, with others, raided and robbed on this morning the house of John Graham before they went to Gibbons's house. So immune did this gang consider themselves from punishment that the prisoner sat on the side of the servant girl's bed in Graham's and spoke to her. He wore a check cap, a dark overcoat, and black leggings; carried a revolver in one hand, a flash-lamp in the other, and was the same man who was afterwards pointed out by the servant girl, Mary McFadden, at Letterkenny R.I.C. Barracks. When the police went to the prisoner's house to arrest him on a charge of robbery under arms he was fully dressed, and wearing a cap, an overcoat, and black leggings. In the house they got a flash lamp minus the bulb, and it would be proved that the part missing was found outside Gibbons's house. District Inspector Walsh, R.I.C., now Assistant Commissioner in the Civic Guard, also found two empty cartridge cases in the yard, which corresponded with those robbed from the house of William Graham, Ardara, on the night of the 15th December.

The prisoner was not at home when the police first went to his house on the morning of the 23rd, but when they went back a second time they found that he had just arrived; that he wore a check cap, a dark overcoat and black leggings. His clothes were wet; he had the appearance of a man who was out all night, and the police asked him to explain his absence from the house. He answered: "When the time comes, I will give the explanation," but they were still waiting for it.

THE EVIDENCE.

Evidence in support of counsel's statement was then given.

Patrick O'Donnell, ex-Sergeant R.I.C., said that he saw Loughlin lying up against Boyce's publichouse on that morning. His face and hands were covered in blood, his overcoat was wet and dirty, and he wore no hat or cap. He had a flash lamp in his pocket, a bottle containing whiskey and a watch and chain, which Mrs. Graham identified as belonging to her. He was taken to hospital, but died on the following morning.

James Maguire, ex-constable R.I.C., deposed to finding two flash lamps at the prisoner's house. The bulb and the top portion of one of them was missing, and John Rourke, ex-Sergeant of the R.I.C., said that he found the bulb outside Gibbons's house.

William Graham identified live and spent cartridges as those stolen from his house, and Assistant Commissioner Walsh, Civic Guard, said that he found the empty cases in the yard of Gibbons's house. The prisoner's overcoat and cap were lost while they were being taken to Dublin.

After an absence of almost two hours the jury returned to court, and the foreman announced they could not agree, as there was no evidence to show that the prisoner, after leaving Graham's house, took part in the raid on Gibbons's house.

Mr. Justice Pim said that that was exactly the issue they were trying, and, in sending them back he told them that they were entitled to find a verdict of manslaughter, if they believed that the prisoner was at Gibbons's house, though the charge in law was murder.

A few minutes later the jury returned with a verdict of manslaughter against the prisoner.

The judge sentenced him to 20 years' penal servitude, and for each of the two armed raids, of which he had been already found guilty, to seven years' penal servitude, to run concurrently with the sentence for manslaughter.

SENTENCES OF FIVE YEARS.

Hugh Donegan, Samuel Donegan, Frank Doherty and George Doherty, who were also found guilty on Wednesday of complicity in armed raids in the County Donegal, were sentenced each to a term of five years' penal servitude.

SUB-SHERIFF THANKED.

At the close of the Commission Mr. Justice Pim thanked Dr. Lorcan Sherlock, the City Sub-Sheriff, for the excellent arrangements he had made during the sitting for the Bar and the jurors. His lordship told the foreman of the jury that tried the Donegal murder charge that he could not excuse them from attendance at future Commissions, but said that he understood that the matter of giving jurors a rest at intervals was being considered by Parliament.

MISSING POLICE MONIES.

OFFICER SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT.

At the Armagh Assizes yesterday, Captain Francis Scott, an officer of the Royal Ulster Special Constabulary, was convicted on a charge of having, while in the employment of the police in Northern Ireland, stolen £646, the property of the King, at Cavanakill.

The evidence for the Crown showed that the accused received the money from Head Constable Beverley. The prisoner alleged afterwards that a box in which the money had been placed was broken open. A search of his bedroom revealed bundles of notes, for which he could not account.

In the witness box the prisoner said that he was not responsible for the larceny, and could not tell how the money came to be in his quarters.

At first the jury could not agree, but they were sent back by the Judge. Later they returned to court with a verdict of guilty.

Mr. G. B. Hanna, for the accused, appealed for leniency, but Crown counsel pointed out that the accused had been convicted in Belfast in 1920 of a charge of larceny, and had been allowed out under the Probation of Offenders Act.

Lord Justice Moore sentenced him to twelve months' imprisonment, with hard labour.

Prevention and Cure of
INFLUENZA
GARGLE WITH
"Three or four drops of 'Condy' in a tumbler of warm water and sniff the solution up the nostrils out of the palm of the hand" as
Ordered by Medical Officers of Health.
CONDY'S FLUID
OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.
CONDY'S FLUID Co., Goswell Road, London.

THE SENATE'S POWERS.

IMPORTANT CONSTITUTIONAL POINT.

MEANING OF ARTICLE 37.

DAIL'S DEBATE ON OLD AGE PENSIONS.

An important constitutional point was raised in the Senate yesterday during the discussion of the Courts of Justice Bill.

When the bill was in Committee the House decided that District Justices ought to be paid out of the Central Fund. Yesterday the Government asked it to rescind that resolution and to agree that the salaries should be met by moneys provided by the Oireachtas.

The Attorney-General pointed out that, on the advice of the Executive Council, the Governor-General had recommended the Dail to pass a resolution providing money for the payment of the Justices. The recommendation and resolution were in accordance with Article 37 of the Constitution.

The Chairman said that he was not satisfied that the Article dealt with the funds from which the appropriation was to come. Did the Governor-General's message cripple the action of that House and of the Dail? The bill was not certified as a Money Bill.

A Committee, consisting of Lord Glenavy and Senators Brown, O'Farrell and Douglas, was appointed to report on the matter.

In the Dail the chief business was the Old Age Pensions Bill. An amendment was accepted to leave the pensions of persons of eighty years of age at the present figure.

THE SENATE.

PARLIAMENT HOUSE.

THE CLAIMS OF CORK.

Lord Glenavy took the Chair at 3 o'clock.

Senator Haughton asked if he might, on the motion for adjournment, bring forward a matter of public interest—at least to the South of Ireland.

The Chairman—What is it about?

Senator Haughton—Some of us in the South of Ireland are under the impression that it is almost impossible for the Committee that has the matter in hands to arrive at a satisfactory agreement with regard to a site for the home of the Oireachtas in the metropolis. Many of us—and the people of the country are of the opinion, too—think that the old House in College Green ought ultimately to be selected, but I am afraid that that is not likely to be done.

The Chairman—What is your point?

Senator Haughton—There is an old saying—"Limerick was, Dublin is, and Cork will be." (Laughter). What I would suggest is that the city on the banks of the Lee be selected as the site if the Committee cannot agree as to the site in Dublin.

The Chairman—In order to give you permission to bring that matter forward, it should be determined, according to the Standing Orders, that it was a matter of urgency, as well as of public importance. Inasmuch as there is a Committee sitting to deal with the question of temporary accommodation, and we have not got to the question of permanent housing, I cannot rule that the matter is urgent, although it is of public importance. You will have an opportunity of bringing the matter forward when the Committee's report comes up.

Senator Haughton—If they do not agree upon the Old House, perhaps they will bear Cork favourably in mind. (Laughter.)

JUDICIARY BILL.

SERIES OF AMENDMENTS.

The Attorney-General moved the following amendment, which was agreed to:—"That no judge shall sit upon the hearing of an appeal of an action tried before him, whether with or without a jury, or upon an appeal from a judgment or order made by him to which he was a party, whether concurring or dissenting."

Senator Jameson's amendment with regard to actions for the recovery of debts and demages in contracts and torts was withdrawn by him, as he understood, after a conversation with the Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, that an amendment of Senator O'Dea's would cover the case.

Senator O'Dea said that the deputation that waited upon the Attorney-General were perfectly satisfied that the amendment proposed by the Government would meet the case, so far as Section 46 was concerned.

On Clause 63, the Attorney-General said that he had promised to provide for the representation of solicitors on the rule-making authority in both the Circuit and District Courts, and he moved an amendment to that effect, which was passed.

The Government had down an amendment to Section 66 to delete the word "judges" and to substitute the word "justices," in describing the District Justices. The amendment was rejected.

A new section to have, wherever practicable, Irish-speaking justices appointed to Irish-speaking districts, was approved.

MONEY BILLS.

In the Committee stage the Senate passed an amendment providing that justices of the District Court should be paid out of the Central Fund, as in the case of judges of the higher Courts. The Government now brought forward an amendment to provide that the salaries of the justices be paid out of moneys provided by the Oireachtas.

The Attorney-General said that at the time the Senate amendment was passed attention, unfortunately, had not been called to the financial resolution of the Dail or the message of the Governor-General, providing that the payment of the salaries, etc., of the judges of the High Court, Supreme Court, and Circuit Court were to be a charge on the Central Fund, and that the salaries of district justices should be provided by the Oireachtas. The message and resolution were in accordance with Section 37 of the Constitution. He handed to the Chairman the resolution and the message.

The Chairman said that it was the first time he had heard of it, and it had not been raised or referred to in the Committee stage. He thought that he should have got some notice of its being put forward now, because it raised a very serious Constitutional point that he could not deal with at a moment's notice.

The message of the Governor-General, of which he had just now and for the first time got a copy, was quite clear. It set out that on the advice of the Executive Council he recommended that authority be granted for (a) the charge upon the Central Fund of the remuneration and pensions of the judges of the High, Supreme, and Circuit Courts; and (b) payment out of moneys provided by the Oireachtas for the remuneration of the justices of the District Court. He presumed that the message was in pursuance of Article 37 of the Constitution.

The first point that occurred to him was that Article 37 dealt only with the purpose of the appropriation, and not with the funds from which the appropriation was to come. He was not satisfied that the article covered the point that had arisen. As far as he could see at the moment, the article did not make it mandatory to specify out of what funds the appropriation was to come. It was difficult for him to say offhand whether the message prevented the Senate from saying that the payment of District Justices should be made out of the same fund as the payment of the judges.

Mr. O'Farrell—Does that mean that the message of the Governor-General renders nugatory anything done by us here; that we have no right to amend a bill except in accordance with that message?

A GRAVE QUESTION.

The Chairman replied that it raised a very grave question which he had all along anticipated would have to be raised and settled some time. That question was whether in the case of a bill not certified as a Money Bill the hands of the Senate were tied? There was no such limitation in the Constitution that he could find. There was no actual restriction in the Constitution against the Senate dealing with the finance of any bill not certified as a Money Bill. It was a question that might form a very serious precedent affecting the powers and privileges of their House, and he would not be prepared to give a decision on it without having time to go into it.

Mr. O'Farrell—Does the Attorney-General contend that the Senate had no right to make this amendment?

The Chairman—I think his view is that we cannot go outside this resolution passed by the Dail on the message of the Governor-General, and that any amendment of this House transferring the financial charge is *ultra vires*.

President Cosgrave said that the question had already been raised in the Dail, and the Ceann Comhairle had no option but to keep within the terms of the message.

The Chairman said that he would not be prepared to say that the question was as simple as that.

Mr. Douglas said that there was no question but that under the Constitution the appropriation of money must be recommended. It now came to a matter of the interpretation of that.

The Chairman—The Constitution prescribes that the Governor-General shall prescribe the purpose of the appropriation, but there is nothing about prescribing the particular source of the money. In this particular message he prescribes the actual source of those salaries. The question is: Does that cripple the action of the Dail and of this House?

Sir Thomas Esmonde said that they should consider the matter at leisure. He suggested an adjournment.

The Chairman suggested that a Committee be appointed, consisting of himself and Senators Brown, O'Farrell and Douglas. It was, he said, the most far-reaching and important question regarding procedure that had been raised in his time.

The Committee suggested by the Chairman was appointed, and was directtd to report to the Senate.

The following Government amendment was adopted:—

"So far as may be practicable, having regard to all relevant circumstances, every person appointed to be a Peace Commissioner in a county which includes an area in which the Irish language is in general use shall have a knowledge of the Irish language adequate for the transaction of the business of his office in that language."

A COMMERCIAL COURT.

On an amendment, proposed by Senator Brown, dealing with the preservation of the right to a jury in the High Court as in the Circuit Court, the Attorney-General said that the Government had dealt only with matters of contract, and that he was having appeals from all directions to enable some sort of a Commercial Court to be set up in Dublin, and he thought that this measure was a step in that direction.

Senator Brown—You do not want a jury in a commercial court.

The amendment was agreed to.

The following amendment to Section 93, moved by the Attorney-General, was also agreed to:—"In any appeal to which this section applies the appellate tribunal may, in lieu of ordering a new trial, set aside the verdict, finding and judgment appealed against and enter such judgment as the appeal court shall consider right."

At an earlier stage in the debate the question was raised of the retiring age of existing judges of all courts and district justices who are re-appointed under the Courts of Justice Act. The Attorney-General now submitted, and the House accepted, a provision that where there is re-appointed under the Act a judge or justice who has reached the prescribed age for retirement a further period of three years shall be automatically given to him. If he shall not have reached the prescribed age at the time of re-appointment he shall retire in the ordinary course on reaching it.

Mr. Brown moved a new amendment, which, he said, was his last effort to keep the rule-making provisions of the bill within the Constitution. The amendment was:—"All rules of court made under this Act shall be laid on the table of both Houses of the Oireachtas, but shall have no force or effect unless within six months from the date of their being so laid they shall have been passed into law by the Oireachtas. This amendment, he said, left untouched the original rule-making provision of the bill, while ensuring that the rules would be studied by the members of both Houses.

Sir John Keane seconded, and pointed out that, on the Attorney-General's own statement, rule-making was closely akin to legislation.

Mr. Douglas said that he thought that the proposal that the rules would have to be approved by legislation was not strictly constitutional, and would not be workable. He did not think that it was according to the Constitution for one Act to say that another Act must be passed within six months, and it certainly would not work in practice. If Senator Brown wanted to have the rules kept under the effective control of the Oireachtas he might substitute resolutions of both Houses for legislation.

The Attorney-General, in reply to a suggestion by Sir John Keane, stated that it was contemplated to bring in a bill to change the law of evidence to, among other things, enable a prisoner to be examined on his own behalf. He, on behalf of the Government, now submitted an alternative to the section impugned by Senator Brown, and which, he thought, would meet the Senator's objections. It was: "No rules of court made under this Act shall come into operation unless and until they have been laid before each House of the Oireachtas, and have been approved by resolution of each House."

Mr. Brown said that he accepted the alternative, which was in the exact words of an amendment proposed by him in Committee, that was ruled out by the President as unconstitutional. (Laughter.)

The Chairman—I think you ought to leave it at that. I think, too, that you should be very proud of yourself. This clause will always be known as the Brown clause. (Laughter.)

The alternative section was accepted, and its wording was left to the Attorney-General and Senator Brown.

The Report stage of the bill was brought to a conclusion, subject to two or three matters left over for further consideration.

LIVE STOCK TRANSIT.

IMPROVED CONDITIONS WANTED.

Mr. Counihan moved the following resolution:—"That the Seanad requests the Government to adopt measures to improve the transit of live stock and other agricultural produce, and to exercise supervision over the handling of live stock at fairs, markets, and railway and steamship yards."

He said that everything possible should be done to facilitate and improve the industry that produced 75 per cent. of the national wealth. It had been computed that one million pounds a year was lost to the country through the faulty facilities for the transit of live stock and the careless and brutal handling of cattle at fairs, railway stations, and shipping premises. In pre-war times the railway companies ran special cattle trains at reasonable times and rates, but now they were making scarcely any effort to get back to normal conditions in the carrying of live stock. Wagons of cattle were left lying in sidings, while special facilities were given in connection with sport.

The railway banks in most stations were too small and were badly constructed. The wagons were obsolete and badly ventilated, while all the shipping yards wanted attention. The way cattle were treated in the Dublin market was discreditable. Eight thousand cattle were crowded into a place that properly could accommodate only 5,000 cattle. He held that the Government should insist on the Dublin Corporation providing sufficient space for the stock shown in that market. He wished to add to the resolution a request that the Minister for Agriculture call a conference of the Cattle Trade Associations, representatives of the railway companies and shipping companies, and members of the Transit Department of the Board of Agriculture to devise means to remedy the matters about which he had complained.

Sir Nugent Everard seconded the motion.

Dr. Gogarty said that he was glad Senator Counihan had included a reference to the Minister for Agriculture. So far, their experience had been that these resolutions became so many pious aspirations. He felt that they ought to have some means of getting an acknowledgment from somebody.

MOST CALLOUS.

He condemned the suffering caused to cattle at the ports, and said that the attitude in this country to dumb suffering was most callous.

The Earl of Kerry said that a great deal had been written concerning the cruelty occasioned to animals by insufficient accommodation on the other side of the Channel. He thought that there was room for improvement on this side of the Channel as regarded cruelty that consisted in driving animals on shipboard as well as in insufficient accommodation on shipboard. He supposed there were inspectors on both sides, and if both Governments co-operated the trouble could be very largely remedied, even if it were not obviated altogether.

Colonel Moore said that the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals said that the only remedy for cruelty to animals in transit was to have the drivers licensed and to give them badges and numbers.

Mr. Bennett said that a three or four-year-old bullock was not a thing that one could persuade by saying: "Come, my dear; kiss me." (Laughter.) It made a rush for you and it was asking too much for a human being not to expect him to say: "You, stop," and if he has a stick to stop him with the stick." When these matters were fully considered it would be recognised that some means of coercion was necessary in these cases.

Captain Greer said that some branch of the Department of Agriculture should be definitely responsible for matters concerning the transport of animals. Considering the great importance of their cattle trade, he did not think it was asking too much to ask the Government, even at considerable expense, to establish a proper system, and to see that it was carried out rigidly.

Mr. Duffy said that while they were dealing with cruelties in the cattle trade they might also consider those perpetrated on the race courses and in the hunting field. Deer, he said, were purposely lamed and then hunted with 50 or 60 hounds. He suggested that the losses incurred in the live stock transit trade might be wiped out by getting the dead meat trade at Drogheda into working order.

On the suggestion of the Chairman, Mr. Counihan's motion was adopted in the following form:—"That the Seanad request the Government to adopt measures to improve the transit of live stock at fairs, markets and railway and steamship yards, and, in furtherance of this purpose, the Minister for Agriculture be requested to call a conference of persons interested in the cattle trade, with a view to framing and enforcing the necessary regulations for giving effect to this resolution."

The House adjourned until noon to-day.

THE DAIL.

QUESTIONS.

CAVAN COUNCILS' ACCOUNTS.

The Speaker took the chair at 3.9 p.m.

Answering Mr. John J. Cole (Cavan), the Minister for Local Government said that arrangements had been made to expedite the audit of the accounts of the Cavan County, Rural, and Urban Councils, but he was not in a position to say that they would all be completed before the next election. The deputy could be assured that everything was being done to expedite the work.

Mr. Johnson—Are we to take it that the elections will take place as announced?

Mr. Burke—I believe so.

It was decided to continue the sitting until the agenda was concluded.

PROCEDURE AND PRIVILEGES.

The second report of the Committee on Procedure and Privileges was adopted. They recommended the deletion of Standing Orders Numbers 123 and 124, and the substitution of the following:—

"By unanimous leave of the House, or, in cases of urgent necessity, of which the Ceann Comhairle shall be the judge, any Standing Order or Orders of the Dail may be suspended for the day's sitting and for a specified purpose on motion duly made with or without notice: Provided that when it is proposed without notice to move that any Standing Order relating to the taking of any stage of a bill be suspended such motion shall not be received by the Ceann Comhairle unless the request to receive it shall have the support of not less than half the Teachtai who have taken their seats according to law. Teachtai shall indicate their support by rising in their places."

The Committee is continuing its deliberations.

OLD AGE PENSIONS.

DATE OF THE CUT.

The House resumed the Committee stage of the Old Age Pensions Bill.

Major Bryan Cooper moved an amendment to Section 1, which would bring the reduction in the pensions into operation on June 1st.

Mr. Blythe said that he would agree to May 1st.

Mr. Johnson said that it might be necessary to refer certain matters in the bill to a referendum. He thought that September 1st would be the most appropriate date.

Major Cooper accepted the Minister's suggestion, and the amendment was passed.

Major Bryan Cooper moved that the date for review of pensions should be the 1st January, 1925.

The Minister for Finance said that he would accept the 1st October next, and Major Bryan Cooper agreed to this.

A division, challenged by Mr. Johnson, was taken, and the amendment was lost by 41 votes to 18.

On the motion that Section II., which specifies the new rates of pensions, stand part of the bill, Mr. Johnson said that the schedule set forth that where the weekly means of a claimant did not exceed 7s., the rate of pension should be 9s.; while the present position was that where the means did not exceed 10s. a week, the claimant might obtain a pension of 10s. a week. This section not only cut the pension, but also the income by 4s. a week. It was not a reduction of 10 per cent., but a reduction of 20 per cent., in the standard of living.

Any person coming into pensionable age after the passing of the Act would be entitled only to 16s. a week as the maximum income including pension. He, therefore, contended that they were depriving the pensioners of something of their livelihood, and not merely of an amount in money. They were penalising people for growing old, and he asked the House not to accept the section.

LAX ADMINISTRATION.

Mr. Hewat said that he envied the Leader of the Labour Party, who, not feeling the responsibility for economy, was able to exercise his eloquence in a direction they would all like to follow. He (Mr. Hewat) would, perhaps, rather run away than get up to justify the cut that was going to take place in the allowance to old people. Referring to the greater cost of pensions in proportion to population in Ireland, as compared with that of Great Britain, he said that it pointed to laxity of administration; and he referred to the practice in the country by which old people dispossessed themselves of property in order to qualify for the pension—people who were not really in a station to need the pension but for that so far-reaching an allowance, irrespective of means.

The investor was an independent entity as regards his own property, but old age pensioners claimed assistance from the Government, and that claim could only be leased on the necessity of the case, unless Deputy Johnston wanted to bring in a complete alteration whereby everyone born into the world would at the age of 70 years get a certain pension, irrespective of means. That was logic; but it was not logic to say that a man with a considerable amount of property should conserve that property and at the same time claim from the Government a contribution towards the cost of living. They were all too prone to call on the Government to do this, that and the other thing, which, in his opinion, was sapping the independence of the individual and demoralising the community as a whole.

The Minister for Finance said that under the provisions of the bill a person who had £392 in the bank would be entitled to 2s. a week pension. If the clause in the bill were rejected he would be entitled to the full pension.

On a division the amendment was declared lost by 28 votes to 13.

Mr. Thomas Johnson moved an amendment providing that Section 5, Sub-Section 2, be extended to persons in receipt of pensions under the Blind Persons Act. He said that if the amendment was not accepted, and if the bill was passed it would mean that the limit of value of property, £470, would be applied to persons who were blind, as it was in the case of persons who were not blind. He was asking for an extension in the case of blind persons.

Mr. Blythe said that the objection to the amendment was rather that it set up a different scale for blind persons as distinct from the scale for old age pensioners. There was a real argument in favour of simplicity and uniformity, and people would know where they were, and what were their rights. If they gave a special concession to blind persons, people who were applying for old age pensions would not be able to realise why people who were blind were treated differently from themselves. This was a matter, however, that he would consider if the deputy would not press the amendment to a division.

Mr. Johnson agreed, and the amendment was by leave withdrawn.

Progress was reported, and the debate will be resumed to-day if time permits.

The House rose at 8 o'clock until 12 noon to-day.

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GIVEN IN RETURN FOR COUPONS OR LABELS NOT BEARING CANCELLING MARK, TAKEN FROM TINS AND PACKETS OF
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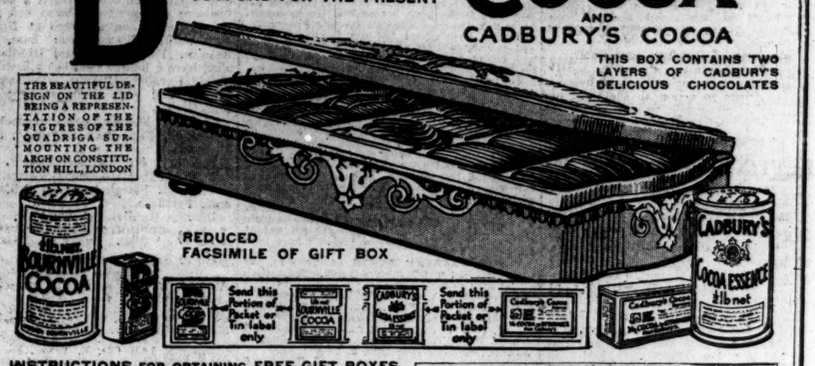
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INSTRUCTIONS FOR OBTAINING FREE GIFT BOXES
As some tins and packets of Bournville Cocoa and Cadbury's Cocoa do not at present contain Coupons, the portion of label illustrated above will be accepted in lieu of Coupons.
Tins and packets contain Coupons as follows:
½ lb. Tin . . 1 Red Coupon
½ lb. " . . 2 Red Coupons
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} OR LABELS IF NO COUPON ENCLOSED IN TIN OR PACKET
FREE COUPONS
We give you herewith Four Coupons Free to start your collection, leaving you only 20 ½ lb. Red Coupons to get. If you are collecting Coupons from packets, the Four Red Free Coupons are equivalent to Six 5d. Yellow Coupons, leaving you 30 to get.
It is more economical to buy in Tins.
MIXED COUPONS
Six 5d. Yellow Coupons equal Four ½ lb. Red. Coupons.
This offer applies to the United Kingdom and Irish Free State only.
When the required number of Coupons or Labels have been attached to this Sheet, write plainly your Name and Address in the space provided below and enclose in sealed envelope (correctly stamped), addressed:
CADBURYS (Gift Dept.), BOURNVILLE, ENGLAND.
Name
Full Address
Date sent in 1.7.7/3/'24.

These four coupons are given FREE.
5 6
7 8 9 10 11 12
Attach labels to coupon sheet until coupons are available.
13 14 15 16 17 18
When packets and tins contain coupons, the labels of the same will bear a cancelling mark, and such labels cannot be accepted.
19 20 21 22 23 24
If yellow coupons from 5d. packets or labels not bearing the cancelling mark are used, 10 more must be added.
See the name "CADBURY" on every piece of Chocolate

In the present state of the finances and in anticipation of difficulties that the country was faced with to balance the Budget, he thought that a lot of the existing practice ought to cease, and that a new spirit might be fostered in the country whereby it would be no dishonour to receive State assistance, but at the same time allowances would not be taken out of State funds beyond what people were honestly entitled to receive. One would hope for a greater spirit of independence by limiting free grants to the people who would really need them.

Mr. Darrel Figgis said that he was against the section, because it was not a fulfilment of the Minister's statement last November, but a very considerable extension of it.

Mr. Blythe said that the provision for a revision of the means scale was put in instead of a provision that might have allowed pensions to be further cut with a fall in the cost of living. Without the saving to be effected by revision of the means scale, the Government would be unable to promise that no further action with regard to old age pensions would be taken. The revision would touch only those whose means exceeded seven shillings a week—that was to say, it would not affect about four-fifths of those who were receiving the ten shillings pension at present. Those would sustain the shilling cut and nothing further.

Mr. Johnson said that the method of calculation of the value as income of assistance given old people by relatives had been very much more rigorously applied in recent months than it was formerly. The section cut directly at thrift. The value of the results of a man's thrift was going to be taken into account, and he was going to suffer by it. The section was making quite clearly in the direction of throwing upon the charitable the responsibility for looking after the broken and aged.

He would like to know whether, under the term "income" in future would be charged the value of the upkeep of an old man or woman living with a son or daughter. If it was to be reckoned, could it be valued at less than seven shillings a week. What instructions had been given in regard to valuation of the maintenance of the aged?

The Minister for Finance said that no change was proposed in the principle of the valuation of means, except as provided in Section 5 of the bill, which dealt only with property not in the possession or in the use of the owner. It would not affect the house in which the owner was living, but only a house which he had let out to a tenant.

On a division, the section was retained in the bill by 42 votes to 19.

OVER 75.

Mr. Thomas O'Connell moved a new sub-section to the effect that the "cut" should not apply to persons who were 75 years of age or over on the second appointed day. Old people who had been in the receipt of pensions for some years had got into certain habits of life, and it would mean great hardship to them to have their pensions reduced. Whatever their number was now, they would rapidly decrease, and he trusted that the House would not make the lot of these people less comfortable than it had been for some time past.

The Minister for Finance said the principle of distinguishing between pensioners on the grounds of age had never been recognised in any old age pension scheme. The flat rate worked out fairly.

Mr. Figgis said that if it was necessary to "cut" the old age pensions, that "cut" should not apply to those over 75 years, who were more helpless than those who had only just reached the age of 70 years. Those over 75 years should get the benefit of the saving that the Minister had achieved in consequence of his administration.

Mr. Johnson said that the only argument used by the Minister in justification of his general scheme for cutting pensions was that the cost of living had declined, and that the aged poor should bear their share of it. He had referred to certain index figures, based on the average household, which comprised 50 or 60 articles, but old age pensioners over 75 years of age did not exist on such commodities. Mostly they lived on imported articles, tea, sugar, etc., and these had not decreased in price, so that there had been no decline in the cost of living for them, simply because the rate of taxation on these articles had not been reduced.

COST OF LIVING.

The Minister for Finance said that they always heard from every class that the cost of living figures had no reference to their condition, but to the condition of some other people. There was no reason for suggesting that the matter affected those over 75 more than those of 70, and he did not think that any case had been made out for the motion. Old age pensioners did not spend their pensions on tea, tobacco and sugar, but on the other necessities of life. These had decreased, and even the oldest aged pensioner would not exist on tea, tobacco and sugar.

The amendment, if carried, would arouse a sense of injustice and great dissatisfaction among those who would be a few months under the age of 75. They would do nothing that would be satisfactory to the general body concerned by making this discrimination.

Mr. Cole, Mr. Heffernan, and Mr. Corish supported the amendment.

On a division, the amendment was defeated by 33 votes to 22, and the section was retained as introduced.

Mr. John Daly moved to add at the end of Sub-section 1 the following proviso:—"Provided, however, that the existing rate in the case of any old age pensioner who has reached the age of 80 years shall not be altered."

Such a person, he said, would require someone to look after him, and that person should be paid. A man or woman of eighty was subject to weakness and required a drop of whiskey, which cost them tenpence, out of which Mr. Blythe got eightpence. (Laughter.) "If you take a bob a week off a woman of 80," said Mr. Daly, "she will drop dead on the spot." (Laughter.)

Mr. Blythe said that it was hard to resist this appeal, though there was no solid argument behind it. If, however, it was the feeling of the House, he would agree with Mr. Daly's suggestion in this particular case. (Applause.)

Mr. Daly withdrew his amendment, Mr. Blythe promising to give effect to its terms in a manner to be considered by him.

Mr. Butler moved the deletion of section 5, which prescribes the method of calculation of the yearly value of property held by a claimant for a pension. The present Act, he said, was less favourable to claimants in this respect than the Acts of 1908 and 1911.

The Minister for Finance said that the section applied to property owned but not personally used. If was not desirable that a pension should be paid to a person with fairly substantial means so that he might keep those means intact and transmit them to his heirs. The change proposed in the bill would not affect the pensions payable, unless the means in question exceeded £200 in value. It was reasonable enough that the property, to some extent, should be consumed in supplementing the pensions.

Mr. Johnson contended that exception should not be made in the case of old age pensioners, and they should not be expected to eat away their little property while no other part of the community was to do the same thing.

TO THE POINT.

Mr. Hewat said that Deputy Johnson went on the assumption that old age pensioners who had money or property should not be prevented from participating in the grant of old age pensions which were intended for necessitous cases. He did not think that the Act ever contemplated

BOVRIL
prevents that
SINKING
FEELING
after
INFLUENZA

GOSSIP FROM THE COURSE

RACING RESUMED.

CHANCES AT LINGFIELD.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.
LONDON, Thursday Night.

Racing is certain to-morrow at Lingfield. There is no snow in the South of England, and the course is in good order.

The Grand National candidate ALCAZAR is a likely runner for the Buckhurst Steeplechase, and, in spite of his 12st 7lbs., should beat all the others. Phaco runs for Lord Westmorland, and has a chance, but I take Alcazar to win.

The Lingfield Hurdle Handicap will probably see Boddam performing again. Border Ranger runs against him, but it is unlikely that he can beat him at the weights. Stanley Wootton has now got his own horse, Stuff Gown, back in his stable, and as Noce d'Argent may not run, I take STUFF GOWN to win.

The Jerry M. Steeplechase rests between HYMIR and Le Cellier, and I choose A. B. Doyle's horse to win. He is a clever jumper, who ought to put up a good show on this course.

GALTEE MORE.

BETTING FORECAST.

LINGFIELD.

1.50 Race—11 to 8 agst Welton, 5 to 2 Loch o' Garr, 6 to 1 Ned Carver, 10 to 1 any other.

2.20 Race—5 to 4 agst. Fariray, 2 to 1 Boddam, 7 to 2 Noce D'Argent, 7 to 1 Border Ranger, 8 to 1 Flaming Sword, 10 to 1 Cavalier, 100 to 6 any other.

2.50 Race—2 to 1 agst. Forewarned, 7 to 2 Fly Mask, 5 to 1 each Gem and Alcazar, 8 to 1 Phaco, 10 to 1 each White Surrey and Test Match, 100 to 8 any other.

3.20 Race—7 to 4 agst. Despard, 11 to 4 Priority, 5 to 1 King George, 8 to 1 Warrington, 10 to 1 Treble Scotch, 100 to 6 any other.

3.50 Race—5 to 4 agst. Le Cellier, 7 to 2 Ferdia, 4 to 1 Hymir, 6 to 1 Perahara, 8 to 1 Troon, 10 to 1 Ilston Mute, 100 to 8 any other.

4.20 Race—11 to 10 agst. Old Nic, 5 to 2 Nane Snugger, 4 to 1 Isle of Wight, 8 to 1 Vic's Choice, 10 to 1 Wooley Bridge, 100 to 6 any other.

"FORM" HORSES.

LINGFIELD.

1.50—Loch o' Garr.
2.20—Fariray.
2.50—Forewarned.
3.20—Despard.
3.50—Le Cellier.
4.20—Old Nic.
Double—Le Cellier and Old Nic (nap).

A Student of Form.

LINCOLNSHIRE HANDICAP.

(Run on Wednesday, March 26. One mile.)

SOME PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS.

CONDOVER, b. h. by Radium—Moonfleet (Mrs. A. Bendir), 6, 8-9 (Harper)...H. Beasley
DRAKE, ch. c. by Sir Ragar—Lady Burghley (Mrs. S. Whitburn), 4, 8-7 (Cottrill) ..... M. Beary
EVANDER, ch. c. by Polymelus—Samara (Mr. S. Joel), 6, 8-6 (De Mestre) ..... W. M'Lachlan
or
PONDOLAND, br. h. by Pommern—Gourouli (Mr. S. Joel), 5, 8-4 (De Mestre) ..... W. M'Lachlan
SIR GALLAHAD III., b. f. by Teddy—Plucky Leige (Capt. Cohn), 4, 8-5 (France) ..... O'Neill
FRIAR, ch. c. by Friar Marcus—Confessing (Mr. F. Wright), 4, 7-9 (Templeman)..
SOVAL, b. h. by Santair—Sou-Wester (Mr. F. Curzon), 7, 7-9 (Watts).....E. C. Elliott
SIR GREYSTEEL, gr. h. by Roi Herode—Granita (Mr. C. F. Kenyon), 5, 7-8 (Bazley).....J. Thwaites
WESTMEAD, ch. g. by William Rufus—Star of Eve (Mr. T. Queen), 5, 7-8 (M'Cally) ..... G. Walsh
JARVIE, b. c. by Louvois—Hack Car (Mr. B. Cohen), 4, 7-7 (Batho) ..... T. Weston
NOCE D'ARGENT, b. g. by Bruxted—Princess St. George (Mr. S. Cohen), 4, 7-5 (S. Wootton) ..... Ingham
MILTON, br. h. by Marcovil—Misfit (Mr. Reid Walker), 8, 7-5 (C. Doyle) .....
CAMPBELL KID, b. m. by Bridge of Earn —Bennget (Mrs. Bendir), 5, 7-4 (Harper) .....
VARZY, ch. h. by Valens—Maritza (Mr. J. Kinney), 6, 7-4 (J. Burns).....J. Doyle
EREHWEMOS, b. h. by Bethlehem—Blundella (Duke of Westminster), 5, 7-4 (Persse) .....
BAYDON, b. h. by Russley—Mary Sands (Lord Waverley), 5, 7-3 (Fergusson).....
CLOCHNABEN, ch. g. by Neil Gow—Yvonne (Mr. J. White), 6, 7-3 (Ward)....Collins
POETASTER, b. c. by Rosebery—Chelype (Lord Rosebery), 4, 7-2 (J. Jarvis) ..... C. Gibson
OVERSEER, b. g. by The Boss—Serfland (Mr. J. Benson), 4, 7-2 (W. Lowe)...D. Lynch
FRIAR'S MELODY, b. c. by Friar Marcus —Sweetest Melody (Mr. O'Sullivan), 4, 7-2 (O'Sullivan) ..... J. Beasley
CRIMSON DAWN, ch. g. by Glasgerion—Rosa Vista (Mr. C. F. Kenyon), 5, 7-13 (C. Davis) ..... C. Smirke
DINKIE, b. c. by Pommern—Rosendaal (Mrs. R. R. Jeffrey), 4, 6-13 (Earl).....
LEGEND, b. c. by John o' Gaunt—Lesbia (Mr. J. M'Leod), 4, 6-13 (J. M'Guigan) .....
GOLDEN HERO, ch. g. by Prospector—Lady Menander (Sir A. Bailey), 7, 6-13 (R. Day) .....
CLONESPOE, ch. c. by Prince Hermes—Sir Edgar (Mr. N. Green), 4, 6-12 (Ireland) ..... R. Cullen
WHITE BUD, b. m. by White Eagle—Mine Own (Mr. T. Queen), 7, 6-12 (M'Call).....
MOREESEA, br. c. by Rochester—Trimestral (Mr. A. Bassett), 4, 6-11 (Batho).....Vatard
OLD NIC, br. c. by Regal—Nicotine (Sir H. Bird), 4, 6-9 (Hammond) ..... R. James
CLACKMANNAN, br. h. by Lomond—Pretty Polly (Mr. Green), 5, 6-8 (C. Pigcott) .....
KING PIPPIN, b. g. by Pommern—Queen Desmond (Mrs. Putnam), 5, 6-7 (G. Poole) .....
GRAVE FAIRY, br. m. by Grave Greek—Mountain Fairy (Mr. M'Auley), 7, 6-3 (Ireland) ..... W. Howard
NORA M'TAVISH ch. c. by Bridge of Earn —Noramac (Mrs. Westgate), 4, 6-1 (G. Sadler) ..... W. Pick
SWINDERRY, bl. c. by Saxyngford—Pintsie (Mr. H. Stobart), 4, 6-0 (R. W. Colling).....H. Leach
TONS OF MONEY, b. g. by By George—Waveoff (Mr. M'Gregor), 5 yrs. (F. Brown) .....

ENTRIES.

CHESTER MEETING.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 14.

THE CHESTER CUP STAKES (handicap) of 5 sovs. each, 100 sovs. extra if not struck out by April 22nd, and 10 sovs. extra for starters, with 2,250 sovs. added (including a Cup value 50 sovs.). About two miles and a quarter. (41 entries.)

	Age.		Age.
Double Bed	a	Spithead	5
Active Lad	a	Ceylonese	5
Shippon	a	Son o' Love	5
Flint Jack	6	Red Letter	4
Rowood	6	Rugeley	4
Red Ronald	6	Portlight	4
False Alarm	6	Border Ranger	4
Lauzun	6	Bombino	4
Miwani	6	Soldumeno	4
Ceinturon	6	Scanino	4
Puttenden	5	Becka	4
Revival	5	Kwannon	4
Baton Rouge	5	Sierra Leone	4
Scamp	5	Portumna	4
Scalino	5	D'Orsay	4
Norseman	5	Apron	4
Tharros	5	Scullion	4
Mellheus	5	Lancastrian	4
Harpenden	5	Thracian	4
Bellman	5	Florid	4
Highbrow	5		

NEW CENTURY STEEPLECHASE BETS.

The Committee of Tattersalls on Monday last decided that bets on the New Century Steeplechase at Hurst Park on February 16 shall be settled in accordance with the rule that bets go with the stakes; thus backers of Mitchells lose, and those of Le Cellier receive.

WATERFORD.

FAVOURITES TO THE FORE.

A DISQUALIFICATION.

All trace of frost had disappeared from the ground at Kilcohan Park long before the time arranged for the starting of racing yesterday, and with the sun sufficiently powerful to temper the cold wind, the conditions were very favourable. The attendance, however, was on the small side, and the more was the pity, as the sport was up to a good standard, and those of a speculative turn had a very successful time; for four first favourites and a second favourite succeeded in catching the judge's eye.

The Limerick-trained Rathbar enjoyed pronounced favouritism for the Traders' Hurdle Plate, and probably the chief danger was removed when Flying Label, in company with Homeland, slipped up and fell at the first turn. For a long way Drifting Prince kept close to Rathbar, but from the final obstacle the latter always held the issue safe. There was a stirring set-to for the Suir Plate Race, and after First Consul had run Crocus out of it and won by a length an objection for bumping and boring at the last hurdle proved fatal, the Stewards awarding the race to Crocus.

Lomond Lad had no difficulty about beating the moderate lot opposed to him in the Waterford Steeplechase, and he and Ballycooley were the only ones out of five starters to complete the course. There was an open market on the Ballyglan Steeplechase, five of the eight runners coming in for support. Captain of the Blues, who made the early running, came to grief at half-way, as did Poland Yet, and after Ada and Milina had in turn shaped like winning, Ballinacurra Boy came full of running in the last half mile, to win in a canter. He was ridden, as usual, by Mr. C. McCarthy, who was for the first time appearing as a professional. Scotch Ben won the Knockeen Plate readily, and even if Fast Asleep did not fall at the last fence the result would probably have been the same. Details:—

2.0—**THE TRADERS' PLATE** of 50 sovs., of which the second receives 2 sovs. A handicap hurdle race. 1½ m.

Mr. G. Quinn's ch. g. RATHBAR, by Rathurde—Barbara, a, 11-3 .....J. H. Harty 1
Mr. James Whelan's DRIFTING PRINCE, 6, 10-2 .....J. Bresnane 2
Mr. W. Watson's MADE UP, 6, 9-9 ....L. Gaule 3
Mrs. D. Moloney's Homeland, a, 11-1 .....E. Houlihan 0
Captain J. C. R. Delmege's Little Courier, a, 10-11 .....Owner 0
Mr. R. C. Ross's Irish Ire, 6, 10-2 ...K. Lenihan 0
Mr. B. O'Donnell's Flying Label, 5, 10-4 .....J. Moylan 0

(Winner trained by H. Harty.)

Betting—Evens RATHBAR, 5 to 2 agst. Flying Label, 6 to 1 Little Courier, 10 to 1 any other.

Flying Label and Homeland fell at the first turn, and Drifting Prince led from Made Up, Rathbar, Irish Ire and Little Courtier to the second last hurdle, where Rathbar drew to the front and won by one and a half lengths; three lengths separated second and third. Irish Ire was fourth.

2.30—**THE SUIR PLATE** of 50 sovs., of which the second receives 2 sovs. A selling hurdle race. 1½ m.

Mr. H. I. Ussher's b. g. CROCUS, by Shogun—Lady Brenda, 6, 11-3 .....T. Morgan 1
Mr. W. Watson's MELANGE, a, 11-3 J. McNeill 2
Mr. B. O'Donnell's GOLD LABEL, 6, 10-12 .....J Moylan 3
Mr. G. Ellard's Winstead, a, 10-7 .....Mr. D. O'Gorman 0
Mr. T. Singleton's First Consul, 4, 10-9 .....D. Ward (disq.)

(Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—6 to 4 each agst. CROCUS and First Consul, 6 to 1 Melange, 10 to 1 any other.

Gold Label made the running from Melange, First Consul, Crocus, and Winstead, for half the journey, when First Consul went on in front and was joined in the straight by Crocus. The pair fought out a good finish, First Consul winning by a length; eight lengths separated second and third. An objection to the winner for bumping and boring was sustained, and the race awarded to Crocus.

There was no bid for Crocus.

2.55—**THE WATERFORD PLATE** of 50 sovs., of which the second receives 5 sovs. A steeplechase. 2 m.

Captain C. B. Harty's b. g. LOMOND LAD, by Lomond—Regularity, a, 11-3 .....Mr. T. B. Culhane 1
Mr. P. F. Joyce's BALLYGOONEY, 6, 11-3 .....Jas. Gleeson 2
Mrs. T. Brennan's Night Refuge, a, 10-12 .....W. Miles 0
Mr. P. Fenelon's Lad o' Lingo, a, 10-12 D. Kiely 0
Mr. J. W. Widger's Shinto, 5, 10-9 ..P. Murphy 0

(Winner trained by M. J. Harty.)

Betting—5 to 4 on LOMOND LAD, 5 to 2 agst. Ballygooney, 10 to 1 any other.

Shinto refused, and Night Refuge fell at the first fence; and Lomond Lad, making all the running, won easily by four lengths. Lad o' Lingo was pulled up half-way.

3.20—**THE BALLYGLAN PLATE** of 55 sovs., of which the second receives 2 sovs. A handicap steeplechase. 3 m.

Mr. W. J. Madden's ch. g. BALLINACURRA BOY, by Bonaparte—Lady Outbreak, a, 11-8 .....C. M'Carthy 1
Col. Croft's MILINA, a, 11-10.....P. Powell 2
Mr. N. Connolly's MAIDSTOWN, a, 11-7 .....J. Meany 3
Mr. R. Wallace's Belle Field, a, 11-10 .....Mr. J. H. Wallace 0
Mr. J. B. Knowles' Ada, a, 11-3.....Owner 0
Mr. M. C. Ryan's Captain of the Blues, a, 11-5 .....Jas. Gleeson 0
Mr. H. M. Ryan's Misfire, a, 11-4..J. Fenton 0
Mr. G. Ellard's Poland Yet, a, 11-0 .....Mr. O'Gorman 0

(Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—3 to 1 agst. Milina, 4 to 1 BALLINACURRA BOY, 5 to 1 each Maidstown and Misfire, 6 to 1 Captain of the Blues, 10 to 1 any other.

Captain of the Blues led from Belle Field, Ballinacurra Boy, Milina, and Ada, for half the journey, when the leader and Poland Yet fell. Belle Field then went on from Ada, Ballinacurra Boy and Milina. Half a mile from home Ballinacurra Boy drew to the front, and, making the remainder of the running, won in a canter by eight lengths; one and a half lengths separated second and third. Misfire did not complete the course.

3.45—**THE KNOCKEEN PLATE** of 50 sovs., of which the second receives 3 sovs. A steeplechase. 2 m.

Mr. H. N. Magill's ch. g. SCOTCH BEN, by Ben Alder—Scotch Flower, a, 11-9 .....J. Moylan 1
Mrs. Croft's YOURS ONLY, a, 11-9 T. Morgan 2
Capt. W. Molony's ATHLUNKARD, a, 11-9 .....J. Meany 3
Mr. R. Wallace's Fast Asleep, a, 11-9 .....Mr. J. H. Wallace 0

(Winner trained by Gillert.)

Betting—5 to 4 on SCOTCH BEN, 2 to 1 agst. Fast Asleep, 5 to 1 Yours Only, 10 to 1 Athlunkard.

Athlunkard set the pace to Scotch Ben, Fast Asleep, and Yours Only, until half a mile from home, when Scotch Ben drew to the front and won by three lengths; five lengths separated second and third. Fast Asleep fell at the last fence.

PROUDSTOWN PARK.

SNOW CAUSES ABANDONMENT.

The Proudstown Park meeting arranged for to-morrow has been abandoned. Heavy snow fell in the district on Tuesday night and again on Wednesday, followed by a sharp frost, and the Stewards, on examining the course yesterday, came to the conclusion that racing to-morrow would be impossible. Snow is lying to a depth varying from six to twelve inches on parts of the track, whilst in the exposed places the ground is hard frozen, and the Stewards, realising the impossibility of the course being fit for racing to-morrow, decided on abandoning the fixture.

SPECIAL SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

Daily Mirror :—Double—Forewarned (nap) and Ulleskelf.
Daily News :—Double — Fariray and Forewarned.
Daily Graphic :—Double—Fariray and Fly Mask.
Daily Express :—Double — Fly Mask and Nane Snugger. Safety bet—Nane Snugger.
Daily Chronicle :—Double — Fariray (or Boddam) and Le Cellier.
Book "—Fariray (if absent, Boddam).
Westminster Gazette :—To-day's best — Hymir. Double—Crock Hill and Hymir.
Daily Mail :—Special selection—Fariray.

LINCOLNSHIRE HANDICAP FAVOURITE

PARIS, Thursday.

The Paris *Sports* announces that the departure of Sir Gallahad III. for England has been postponed till the 15th inst.

(ADVERTISEMENT.)

"DIAMOND RACING JOURNAL" (2d.), re-appears to-day, with the best for the week, and Lincoln and National double.—3 Bolt Court, London, E.C.4.

LINGFIELD.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME AND SELECTIONS.

If the presence of many notable names amongst the entries for the principal races in the programme spells success for the fixture which opens here to-day, then intending visitors and the Executive alike are in for a good time, but I expect that the alluring programme to be run through at Cheltenham next week, with its numerous rich stakes, will prove the more attractive proposition and ensure the absence of not a few of the horses engaged at the Surrey fixture. No doubt, many horses will be sent on this morning to reinforce those already there, and the racing looks like being quite interesting in its way. If Alcazar turns out for the Buckhurst Steeplechase he would, I think, beat such as Forewarned and Fly Mask. But, perhaps, three and a half miles may be as far as he cares to race, although I have no evidence that he cannot travel a further distance at racing pace. Phaco and Arravale, being due to run a match at Hurst Park next week, will not run here, I should imagine. For the Lingfield Hurdle Cup we shall have a limited field but a keen struggle, should Cavalier, Fariray, Boddam, Border Ranger, and Noce D'Argent oppose. Selections:—

Orpington Steeplechase—**Craganock.**
Lingfield Cup—**Noce D'Argent**; if absent, **Fariray.**
Buckhurst Steeplechase—**Alcazar.**
Baldwins Hurdle—**Bennett's selected.**
Jerry M. Steeplechase—**Le Cellier**; if absent, **Perahara.**

Herotye Hurdle—**Old Nic.**

1.30—ORPINGTON STAYERS' STEEPLECHASE (3.), £150. Second £25. 3 m.

	Age.	st.	lb.
LOCH O' GARR (Capt. Vivian).....Gore	a	11	6

(The above have arrived.)

IRLANDAIS (Mrs. Bennett)..G. Bennett	a	11	5
CRAGANOCK (Mr. H. A. Brown) ..... H. Brown	a	11	5
MY RATH (Mr. H. Collins)..H. Bennett	a	11	5
NED CARVER (Mr. E. Tattersall) ..... G. Poole	a	11	5
LIMERICK LAD (Mr. E. Pease)..Pease	a	11	5
CASH BOX (Mr. R. Read).....Read, jun.	a	11	5
CROSS PADDY (Mr. T. Nightingall) ..... W. Nightingall	a	11	5
WELTON (Mr. H. Liddell).....Woodland	a	11	5
SIR EYRE (Mr. J. Wood).....Wood	a	11	5
PRINCE CLIFTON (Capt. Renton) ..... C. Kelly	a	11	5
VOCALION (Mrs. Norman) .....Kemp	5	11	0
QUICKFIRE (Mr. A. Wilson)...C. Kelly	a	10	12
BHOY OF MINE (Mr. T. Clarke) ..... Private	6	10	12
PINCELING (Mr. A. Scott)...Woodland	a	10	12
CHIEF CAPTAIN (Mr. E. Bartholomew) ..... C. Kelly	4	10	0

2.20—LINGFIELD HURDLE CUP, £500. Second £50, third £25. 2 m.

	Age.	st.	lb.
BODDAM (Mr. A. Tennent).....Turner	5	11	13
CAVALIER (Mr. H. Kershaw)...Anthony	a	11	7
FARIRAY (Mr. P. Monahan).Coulthwaite	a	11	7
BORDER RANGER (Mr. H. Gregson) ..... C. Young	4	10	9
FIRST MAGIC (Mrs. Peel).....G. Poole	4	10	9

(The above have arrived.)

FLAMING SWORD (Lady Watts) ..... G. Poole	6	11	7
BRIGHT SHOT (Mrs. Clark).....Hart	a	11	7
HASSOCK (Mr. D. Barnett) .....Earl	6	11	5
SPINNEY HILL (Mr. C. Barnett).....Riste	4	10	9
NOCE D'ARGENT (Mr. S. Cohen) ..... Wootton	4	10	9
PHAON (Lord Derby) .....Coulthwaite	4	10	9
STUFF GOWN (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... Coulthwaite	4	10	9
CYPRUS (Mr. S. Moss) .....Moss	4	10	9
ROSECOMB (Mr. J. Sanders).....Duller	4	10	9

2.50—BUCKHURST STEEPLECHASE HANDICAP, £400. Second £30, third £20. 2½ m.

	Age.	st.	lb.
FOREWARNED (Mr. W. Bankier) Hastings	a	12	6
FLY MASK (Mr. T. Laidlaw) ..... Coulthwaite	a	11	12
WHITE SURREY (Sir H. Meux).....Gore	a	11	6

(The above have arrived.)

ALCAZAR (Mr. W. M'Alpine)...G. Poole	a	12	7
SOUTHEND (Mr. C. Kenyon)...C. Davis	a	12	7
ARRAVALE (Mr. C. Baron).....Whitaker	a	11	13
PHACO (Lord Westmorland ..... Westmorland	a	11	12
GEM (Mrs. Bennett).....G. Bennett	a	11	12
GOOD POINTS (Mr. W. Sankey) ..... H. Brown	a	11	11
TOM CROW (Lord Queenborough)...Gore	a	11	9
ARDGOUR (Mr. E. Platt) ...F. Hartigan	a	11	8
CLONREE (Mrs. Blain) .....Spittle	a	11	7
DOWN SOUTH (Mr. C. Kenyon)..C. Davis	a	11	7
BEN CRUCHAN (Mr. F. Barbour) ..... Coulthwaite	a	11	6
SOUTHERN GLEAM (Sir G. Abercromby) ..... Jackson	a	11	5
TEST MATCH (Mr. H. Rosenthal) ..... Martin	6	11	2
BALLYMACRORY (Mr. J. Manning) ..... G. Bennett	a	10	13
HOLIDAY HALL (Maj. Lyons) Hastings	5	10	13
SQUARE UP (Mr. W. Read).....Read	a	10	13
MANBY GATE (Sir R. McAlpine) ..... G. Poole	a	10	9
JOE MACK (Mr. F. Austin) ....Kemp	a	10	7
RIFLEMAN (Lt.-Col. Pennant)...W. Payne	6	10	6
GAY LOCHINVAR (Mr. G. Godson) ..... R. Gordon	a	10	6
PROSPERITZ (Mr. J. Counsell).....Hart	a	10	6
WEARMOUTH (Mr. S. Moss).....Moss	a	10	3
LONE HAND (Mr. T. Clark)...H. Hedges	5	10	0

3.20—BALDWINS HURDLE RACE (3.), £200. Second £10. 2 m.

	Age.	st.	lb.
TREBLE SCOTCH (Mr. R. Gore)...Gore	a	11	0

(The above have arrived.)

CHALTOI (Mrs. Baker) .....Martin	a	11	0
MANRICO (Mrs. Bennett).....G. Bennett	a	11	0
KING GEORGE (Mrs. Bennett) ..... G. Bennett	a	11	0
ATHOLHAMPTON (Mr. T. Fitton) ..... Fitton	a	11	0
CROCK HILL (Mr. H. Greville)..Downes	a	11	0
BLOOD royal (Mr. J. Hamer) ..... J. T. Dodd	a	11	0
FINANCIER (Mr. W. Larkin)...Larkin	a	11	0
PETTY CURY (Mr. T. Hartigan) ..... Young	6	11	0
SAXHAM PRINCE (Mr. E. Tattersall) ..... G. Poole	a	11	0
WARRINGTON (Capt. de Trafford) ..... W. Payne	6	11	0
ULLESKELF (Mr. H. Stewart)...G. Poole	a	11	0
PRIORITY (Sir M. M'Alpine)...G. Poole	a	11	0
SON O' MELTON (Mr. S. Stacey) ..... Hammond	a	11	0
DOUBLE SCOTCH (Mrs. Howelan) ..... W. Nightingall	a	11	0
PICCOLISKO (Mr. A. Ioannou) ..... W. Nightingall	a	11	0
RATHCORE (Mrs. Bennett)...G. Bennett	a	11	0
VOXOL (Mrs. Blain) .....Spittle	a	11	0
TROIKA (Mrs. C. Stevens).....Stevens	5	10	10
DESPARD (Mr. J. Colt) .....Earl	5	10	10
SEACRAFT (Mr. A. Goldwater) ..... Hammond	4	10	0
THATCHING GRASS (Mr. H. Gregson) ..... C. Young	4	10	0
BOTANIST (Mr. H. Joel)...E. Piggott	4	10	0
HALLPORTER (Mr. H. Miller).....Earl	4	10	0

3.50—JERRY M. STEEPLECHASE, £200. Second £30, third £15. 2 m.

	Age.	st.	lb.
ELLENDUNE (Mr. W. Bankier) Hastings	6	11	11
GRIMALKIN (Lord Woolavington) Gore	5	11	5
MOUNT RIVERS (Maj. Furlong) Kirk	4	10	5

(The above have arrived.)

HYMIR (Mr. K. Milnes).....Doyle	a	12	9
DOUBLE BED (Mr. H. Biagrave) ..... Whitaker	a	12	4
LE CELLIER (Mr. T. Blenkiron) ..... W. Nightingall	5	12	3
COUCH O'LEARY (Mr. M. Dollar) ..... W. Payne	5	11	12
KRIGHT'S BOY (Sir E. Edgar) Whitaker	5	11	12
ANNAM (Mr. B. Warner).....Bletsoe	5	11	12
DRURY LANE II. (Mr. W. Anch)..Private	a	11	11
FERDIA (Sir E. Edgar).....Whitaker	5	11	11
PARABELLUM (Mr. P. Hyde).....Private	a	11	11
FIRST SWALLOW (Mr. A. Scott) ..... Woodland	a	11	11
GALTEE BOY (Mr. T. McCarthy) Rogers	a	11	11
LANCASTER ROSE (Mr. C. Ringwood) ..... Lerwill	a	11	11
BODDINGTON (Capt. Renton)..C. Kelly	a	11	11
FALSE REPORT (Mr. C. Methven) ..... Powell	a	11	11
ULSTER DIVISION (Mr. D. Barnett) Earl	a	11	11
CHICAGO (Mr. A. Aston).....Doyle	a	11	11
ILSTON MUTE (Mr. A. Scott) Woodland	5	11	5
REDHILL (Mr. V. Thompson) ..... F. Hartigan	5	11	5
HACKDAILE (Mrs. Stanley)..Hastings	5	11	5
CONDOBOLIN (Mr. S. Wootton)..Doyle	5	11	5
PREDIAL (Mrs. Weeden).....Larkin	5	11	5
CLONVIT (Mr. S. Moore).....Davey	5	11	5
PLUMADO (Mr. J. Parrish).....Powell	4	10	5
TROON (Mrs. Baker).....Martin	4	10	5
RIFLE FIRE (Mrs. Baker).....Martin	4	10	5
ROYAL SPORT (Mr. G. Bennett) ..... G. Bennett	4	10	5
PERAHARA (Mr. H. Collins) G. Bennett	4	10	3
LINDHOLM (Mr. J. Mackay)....Mackay	4	10	5
SUNDROP (Mr. P. Matthews)..G. Poole	4	10	5

4.20—HERONTYE HURDLE RACE, £150 Second, £15; third, £10. 2 m.

	Age.	st.	lb.
BEAURAVIN (Col. Hughes)...Scourfield	6	11	7
TOPBOOT (Mr. F. Keene).....Gore	4	10	7

(The above have arrived.)

NANE SNUGGER (Mr. O. Rayner) East	6	11	13
MAIN ROYAL (Mrs. Clark).....Hart	a	11	7
PRETTY DICK (Sir A. Bowen) G. Poole	6	11	7
DERVISH (Mr. A. Alexander).....Dale	6	11	7
ANTIMAGIC (Mrs. Franklin).....Private	6	11	7
VALENTINE VOX (Miss Goodman) ..... Hulme	a	11	7

JOCKEY SUSPENDED.

In connection with the Sussex Handicap Hurdle Race at Plumpton on February 27, in which an appeal lodged by Mr. M. N. Rhodes against the decision of the local Stewards, who over-ruled the objection to Lionceau, was upheld, and the race awarded to Owen, the Stewards of the National Hunt Committee suspended L. B. Rees (the rider of Lionceau) from riding for two months.

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

Halston has left Findon for his owner's place.

Sir Gallahad III. was due to leave his training quarters in France for England yesterday.

Rugby Hunt Meeting, fixed for March 19, has been abandoned.

Mistress Overdone should not have been given as struck out of the St. Leger Stakes.

Monkey Climb and Roses Sweet have left Epsom —the latter for Newmarket, and Monkey Climb for shipment to Denmark.

M. L. Van de Poele, the Belgian gentleman rider, has presented 10,360 francs, the sum representing his mounts in 1923, to the Jockeys Relief Fund.

A number of Captain Renwick's horses, including Silver Band, Su Su, The Prude's Fall, Too Eager, and Galloping Slay, have left Malton to work on the sands at Redcar till the frost breaks.

The members of the Victoria Club, London, have decided to resume the annual club dinner, and for the first time in the club's history the occasion will be observed as a ladies' night. It will be held at the Savoy Hotel on Thursday, April 10.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

National Hunt Chase, N.H. Meeting, and Foxhunters' Chase, Liverpool—Cinders II.

National Hunt Meeting, Cheltenham, engagements—Bassinette, Ilston Baby, Mellon, Scarlet, Port Arms.

National Hunt Chase, Cheltenham—Bell Murphy.

Lingfield Park engagements—Joby, Nonentity, Household Brigade.

Juvenile Selling Hurdle, Lingfield—Imperial.

Leamington Handicap, Warwick, and Roodeye Maiden Handicap, Chester—Knee Cap.

All engagements—Punt Gun, Square Up and Ophion.

All engagements in Mr. H. Beckett's name—Settle, Fancy.

HUNTING.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.

THE WARD UNION.

Date—March	Meet.	Hour.
Saturday, 8th	Kilrue	1.30

THE KILDARE.

Saturday, 8th	Maynooth	11.30

THE MEATH.

To-day	Hamwood	11.0

FINGAL HARRIERS.

These hounds meet at the Seventh Milestone, Ashbourne road, on Monday next.

BRAY HARRIERS.

Bray Harriers will meet to-morrow (Saturday) at Bray; Wednesday, 13th, Tiltour; Monday, 17th, Calary. Point-to-point Races, Wednesday, 9th April.

The County Limerick Hounds will meet as follows:—March—Monday, 10th, Four Elms; Wednesday, 12th, Clorane (near Adare); Friday, 14th, Rathfreeda; Tuesday, 18th, Croom; Wednesday, 19th, Newbridge; Friday, 21st, Crecora. At 11 o'clock.

The Route Hunt will meet as follows:—March—Tuesday, 4th, Beardiville; Friday, 7th, Ballymoney; Tuesday, 11th, Ballyrashane; Saturday, 15th, Crossgar; Tuesday, 18th, Kennels; Friday, 21st, Outhill; Tuesday, 25th, Crossgar; Friday, 28th, Beardiville. At 12 o'clock.

The Kilkenny Foxhounds will meet as follows:—March — Monday, 10th, Ballysalla Cross Roads; Tuesday, 11th, Kilfane Gate (bye-day, 12 o'clock); Wednesday, 12th, Mullinvat; Friday, 14th, Three Bridges; Saturday, 15th, Thomastown; Monday, 17th, Barneylissawney (at 11.30 o'clock); Wednesday, 19th, Ballyfacey Cross Roads; Friday, 21st, Clomanto Mill; Saturday, 22nd, Mullinhey Cross Roads. At 11 o'clock.

The Queen's Co. Hunt will meet as follows:—March—Tuesday, 11th, Annegrove; Friday, 14th, Ballykilcavan; Tuesday, 18th, Ironmills; Friday, 21st, Clopook. At 11.15 o'clock. Tuesday, April 8th, Point-to-Point Races.

GOLF.

THE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

In the conditions for the Amateur Championship, which have just been issued from St. Andrews, it is stated that entries, which close on May 9th, will only be received from players in receipt of a national handicap of 4 or less. For the Open Championship entries close on June 12th, and they will be restricted to players whose national handicap is 2 or less.

HAVERS AND OCKENDEN BEATEN IN U.S.A.

MIAMI (FLORIDA), Wednesday.

The results in the semi-final of the International Tournament here to-day were:—M. J. Brady (Oakland Hills) and Jock Hutchison (Glenview) beat Arthur Havers (Coombe Hill) and James Ockenden (Raynes Park)—2 up; W. Melhorn (St. Louis) and Macdonald Smith (San Francisco) beat Walter Hagen (Detroit) and Joe Kirkwood (Australia)—1 up.

PORTMARNOCK—The March medals will be played for to-morrow.

GREYSTONES.—Men's medal, March 8th.

WARRENPOINT.—The annual meeting of the above club was held in the clubhouse on Wednesday evening, Colonel Mansergh in the chair. The following officers were elected:—Captain, Mr. D. Ferris, Hon Treasurers—Messrs. M. Richardson, D. Harbinson. Hon. Secretary—Mr. J. Leicester Jackson. Council—Messrs. M. B. W. Erskine, C. C. Darry, A. J. Connolly, W. J. Ludlow, C. Blaney, C. Bennett, P. Donnelly, Mrs. Roger Hall, Mrs. Charles O'Hagan, and Miss H. E. Gillespie.

LUCAN—March 12th—Prize presented by Miss Baiwell, for handicaps of 20 and over, 18 holes, strokes; draws at 11 a.m. and 2 p.m.

BALTRAFFERNUM (Ladies' Branch)—February Monthly foursomes, 18 holes and bogey, won by Mrs. Healy and Mrs. Cooke, 10 down. February monthly box won by Miss Knight-Roche (6), 42. March 4th—Monthly foursomes, 18 holes and bogey —Mrs. Healy and Miss Knight-Roche, 6 down.

ROYAL DUBLIN.—March 8th—Monthly medal, strokes.

THE CASTLE (Ladies' Branch)—The annual

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

IRISH STOCK EXCHANGES.

DUBLIN.

FUNDS STILL SUPPORTED. RAILS HARDER. MARCONI AND DUNLOP RUBBER DULL.

Business was quiet, without feature, on the Dublin Stock Exchange yesterday. Support for local and British Funds was again forthcoming. Banks were firm, but featureless. Slightly easier prices obtained for Breweries and Distilleries quoted. Marconi Ord. further weakened. Most of the Home Railways and various Miscellaneous securities were marked ex dividend, and in comparing prices this feature must be borne in mind. Government National 5 p.c. Sterling Loan was a shade harder for instalment scrips. British Funds were well maintained on balance. Banks varied very little. Steam Stocks again closed firm, but Grand Canal Pref. were dull, and Marconi Ord. were under sale pressure by holders owing to the unexplained delay in declaring the interim dividends. Home Rails were quiet. Great Southern Ord. and Guaranteed rose, allowing for the dividends deducted from prices; Great Northern was scarce. Dublin Tram Pref. were dull. Dunlop Rubber Ord. further gave way slightly. The dividends on Parent Tyre Pref. and Ord. were paid on the 10th March last year, but so far the 1923 accounts have not been issued, probably due to the delay in propounding the reduction of Dunlop Rubber Ord. capital, promised at an early date by the chairman at the meeting of the company held at end of last year. Bolands Ord. advanced sharply. Drapery Shares were often marked ex dividend. Arnotts were dealt in to some extent. Walpole Bros. Pref. were weaker, with sellers about at a lower figure. British-American and Imperial Tobaccos were irregular. Textiles were idle, with x.d. prices.

In Government National Loan, the fully-paid on application fell ⅛ to 99-99⅛, while the instalment scrip fully paid rose ¼ to 97, and do. ex coupon ¼ to 95.

In British Funds, Consols rose ⅛ to 55⅞ x.d., War Loan 5 p.c. ¼ to 101⅛, with a subsequent set-back to 101⅛, and India 3½ p.c. ¼ to 64⅞ x.d. Irish Land 2½ p.c. fell ¼ to 58½, while do. 3 p.c. repeated 62½, and Guaranteed 2½ p.c. Land Stock 57½.

Banks were quiet. Hibernians rose ⅛ to 6⅞, but Nationals fell ⅛ to 19¼. Munster and Leinster Shares were again firm at 6⅞ nominally.

Among Breweries and Distilleries, Dublin Distillers Ord. fell 6d. to 25s., and Guinness Ord. ⅛ to 40⅛-40, while the Pref. repeated 11⅛.

City Steam Ord. again closed 132½ 135 nominally, and the Pref. closed ½ higher at 99½, after repeating 99. Grand Canal Pref. fell 1s. 6d. to 70s. 6d. x.d.

Marconi Ord. fell 4½d. to 35s. 6d. 35s. 7½d., and Radio Preferred 4½d. to 18s. 10½d., while the Common repeated 19s.

Home Rails varied somewhat. Great Northern Ord. rose 1 to 65 x.d., but the Guaranteed fell ½ to 66 and the Pref. repeated 61. Great Southern Ord. rose ½ to 51 x.d., and the Guaranteed ½ to 65 x.d., while the Pref. were practically unchanged at 58 x.d. Midland Great Western rose ⅜ to 36½ x.d.

In Trams, Dublin United Pref. fell ½ to 9⅞. Dunlop Rubber Ord. fell 1½d. further to 8s. 6d.

In Bakery shares, Boland's Ord. rose 2s. 9d. to 41s. 3d.

Among Drapery shares, Arnotts rose 1s. to 94s. 6d. x.d., but the Pref. fell a few pence to 72s. 6d. x.d. Switzers Ord. were bid for at 80s., last price, on the report showing increased profits and the maintenance of dividend. Walpole Bros. Pref. fell 1s. to 69s.

As regards Manufacturing shares, British-American Tobacco rose to 103s. 9d. x.d., but Imperials fell 3d. to 69s. Coats Ord. were practically unchanged at 60s. 9d. x.d., 9d. interim. Goulding Debs. rose 1s. 3d. to 71s. 3d., and Lever Bros. 7 p.c. 1½d. to 20s. 9d.

Alliance Gas shares rose ⅛ further to 7¾.

In Trading, etc., Findlater Pref. repeated 10s., and *Irish Times* 2nd Pref. 16s. 6d.

Steel Transports improved to 92s. 3d.

BUSINESS DONE AT ALL SESSIONS.

Transactions for cash marked "c."

Nat. Loan (99)	99⅛	G.N. Ord.	(64) 65
Do. Instalment Scrip (96¾)	*97	Do. Pref.	(61) 61
		Do. Guar.	(66½) 66
Do. Instalment (f.p.)	95 x coupon	G.S.W. Ord.	(53) 51 x.d.
Consols	(55⅛) 55⅛	Do. Pref.	(60) *58 x.d.
5% War Loan (101¼)	101¼ *⅛	Do. Guar.	(64½) 65 x.d.
War Bonds 1928	105⅛	M.G.W. Ord.	(38¼) 36¾ x.d.
War Bonds 1929-47	105	Dublin Tram Pf.	(10) 9½
Guar. Land.	(57½) 57½	Alliance Gas	(6½) *7½
2½ Land Act.	(58½) 58½	Bolands	(38/6) 41/3
3% Land Act.	(62½) *62½	Arnott	94/6 x.d.
India 3½	(64½) 64⅞	Do. Pref.	(78/-) 72/6 x.d.
Hibernian Bk.	(6¾) 6⅞	Switzer Ord.	(80/-) 80/5b
Mun. & Lein.	(6½) 6⅝	Walpole Pref.	(70/-) 69/-
National	(19¼) 19¼	B.A.T.	(104/3) 103/9 x.d.
Royal	(13¾) 14⅛	Imp. Tob.	(69/3) 69/-
Dublin Tram.	(25/6) *25/-	Coats	(61/6) 60/9 x.d.
Guinness.	(40⅛) 40⅛ 40	Goulding Deb.	(70/-) 71/3
Do. Pref.	(11⅛) 11⅛	Lever 7% Pf.	(20/7½) 20/9
City Stm. Pref.	(99) 99	*Irish Times* 4½%	(16/-) 16/-
Canal Pf.	(75/-) 70/6 x.d.	Marconi	(35/-) 35/6 *7/6
Marconi	(35/-) 35/6 *7/6	Dunlops	(8/7½) 8/6c 8/6
Radio Com.	(19/-) 19/-	Shells	(90/7½) 92/3
Do. Pref.	(19/3) 18/10d		

Odd lot; b bid, a asked.
(Last business done given in parentheses.)

IRISH BANKS' RATE.

Discount	5 p.c. 5th July, 1923.
Deposit	2 p.c. 5th July, 1923.

STOCK EXCHANGE SETTLEMENTS.

Mining contango day	March 17 | March 31
General contango day	March 18 | April 1
Ticket day	March 19 | April 2
Account day	March 20 | April 3

BELFAST.

There was a fair amount of business passing on the Belfast Exchange. In Government Stocks the 5 p.c. War Loan changed hands at 101⅛, 101⅛, and 101¼, and National War Bonds, 1928, at 105⅛.

In Bank Shares, Westminsters were dealt in at 7⅛, Midlands at 8¼, and Hong Kong at 129 ex dividend. In Railway Stocks, Cashel Ord. was done at 51 ex dividend. British Columbia Electric Railway New brought 5⅛ permium. A transaction at 64½ on 5th inst. in Great Northern Ord. was recorded. In Industrials, Calico Printers were done at 34s. White Tomkins and Courage Ord. at 25s. 6d., and a small lot of Lever Bros. 7 p.c. Pref. at 20s. 9d. Dunlop Rubbers changed hands at 9s. 6d., Burmah Oils at 5⅛, and Imperials at 69s. 1½d. Business in Belfast Corporation 3½ p.c. Stock at 102¾ on 5th inst. was marked.

97 0	Angl-Dutch		96 9
2 6	Anglo-Java		2 7½
1⅛	Anglo-Malay		21 11½
4 9	Bertam Cons.		4 3⅛
3 0	Bukit Mertadjam		3 0
1 10½	Bukit Sembawang		1 10
14/0	Damansara		14 9
22 3	Grand Central		22 4½ +0 4½
1⅜	Highlands		1 4
2 9	Kamunting		2 9
4/3	Kepong		4 3
1½	Kuala Lumpur		1 4
1/-	Labu		20 9
1 6	Lingsi		32/0
3 9	London-Asiatic		3 9
17	Malacca		20 3½
29 4½	Malaya		29 4½
2/9	Merlimau		2 9½
20 0	Mooply Valley		21 0
2 3	Pyd Dividend		2 3
26 9	Rubber Trust		26 10½ +0/6
⅜	Seafield		12/1½ −0/7½
1⅜	Sendayan		31/6
3⅛	Serdang		3 3
17/9	Straits Rubber		17 7½
21 0	Tall Ayer		20/6
1⅛	Tandjong		22/6
2 6	De Serdang		2 5½ −0/0½
3½	United Sua Betong		61/10½ −0/7½
11 6	Vallambrosa		11 6

Anglo-Sum.	21 6	Mambakul	11/3
Bah Lias	2/3	N. Dunmoor	11 0
Bin Tiga	9 +0 7½	P.P.E. (Ord'ns)	17/6
B.N.B.R. Trst	8/11½ −/10½	Pataling	17/6
Brisbane	1/9	Pilmoor	18/7½
Bukit Dioh	2/3½ +0 0½	Rim Mines	1/6
Bukit Rajah	1 6	Sab-M.Jahara	20/7½
Castlefield	4 1¼	Segong	17 6
Cheviot	2/10½	Sepundeh Ak.	22 0
Dindy	−0/1½	Selangor	4 3½
Eastern Trust	18/3	Serdang Con.	24/0
Gen. Ceylon	35 0	Soember Also	1/7
Glenbervie	2 6 +0 6	Sumatra Con.	2/4½
Golden Hope	19 6	Sungei Buaya	21 6
Java Amal.	34 6	Sungei Chah	17 9
Kapar Para	39 0 −3 9	Sungei Kapar	3/7
Kasimiyee	1/10	Sungei Kr. Pf.	38 0
Kepitigalla	7 3	Taiping	1/7 −0/0½
Kosmoi	2 6 +1/1½	Tanjong	21 11½ −1 0½
Ladbroke	38 9	Telegraph	6 11
Malacca Deb	90½	Van Seng	1/1
Matah'ter N	1/9 3		

* Ex Div. † Ex Rights. ‡ Cum div.

LONDON STOCKS QUIET

A FIRM CLOSE.

The Stock Markets had a quiet opening yesterday, partly owing to the concluding phase of the settlement. They brightened up later in the day. Paris turning round rather sharply and buying back Stock sold earlier in the morning. The tone at the close was quite firm. In the gilt-edged market there was very little business, but the tone was steady. The only change recorded on the day was a fall of ¼ to 75½ in the Conversion Loan.

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES were quiet and even dull. Czecho-Slovakia Bonds rose 1 to 101. French Loans were steady and unchanged. Japanese 6 p.c. Scrip at 3⅞ prem. was a good feature.

HOME RAILWAYS were rather quiet. Many shares were marked x.d. London North-Eastern Def.-Ord. fell ¼ to 32½. Southern Def.-Ord. at 43 lost ½. Otherwise changes were unimportant.

In COLONIAL and FOREIGN RAILWAYS "Canpacs" were 169 x.d. Argentines were quiet, and Westerns at 82 gained ½. Centrals at 78 also rose ½. Antofagasta Ord. rose ½ to 86½. "Leos" at 29½ also gained ½.

OIL SHARES FIRMER.

PRICES FAVOUR HOLDERS.

Taken as a whole, the Oil share market maintained a firmer tone, which was mainly attributable to buying on American account. Prices came over higher from New York, and although business failed to show much expansion and attention was devoted mainly to a few specialities, the price movements finally recorded favoured holders in the majority of cases. Interest among the leaders centred mainly on Shells, in which there was a slightly increased turnover, and while a firm start was followed by a set-back, the shares hardened again at the close, and finished firm at Wednesday's level. Royal Dutch fluctuated in like fashion, but left off showing a small loss. Firmness continued to be displayed by the Anglo-Persian issues, and Burmahs further improved, but Mexican Eagles, which received very little attention, were lower on balance. Interest in Trinidad issues showed no signs of slackening, the record outputs of the Leaseholds, Apex, and General Petroleum of Trinidad companies being favourably commented upon. Apex finished without alteration, but gains were marked in Leaseholds and Centrals. Lobitos strengthened on the satisfactory production figures for the past month. Anglo-Ecuadorians also improved, and Anglo-Americans were favourably influenced by American advices. Some good buying was reported of British Borneos, and the price advanced. Closing prices:—

M.U. Mar. 4.			
37/6	Agwi Petroleum		⅜ ⅝
3/6	Anglo-American		3⅞ 4 +⅛
2½	Anglo-Ecuadorian		2½ 2⅝ + ⅛
1⅛	Anglo-Mexpirian		1⅛ 1¼
22/3	Anglo-Persian	8 p.c.	22/3 22/9 +0/1½
22 9	Do. 9 p.c. 2nd Pref.		22/7½ 22 1½
3/6	Do. Ord., issued at 5 p.c.		3/5 3⅝ + ⅛
88½	Do. 5 p.c. Deb.		89 91 +1
2¼	Apex Trinidad		2½ 2⅝
2	Attock		2 2½
⅜	Brit. Borneo Pet. (10/-)		⅜ ⅜ + ⅛
9/9	British Burmah (£1)		9/3 9/7½
6/9	British Controlled		6/7½ 6/9 +0/1½
8/10½	Do. Pref.		8/6 8/9 −0/1½
5/-	Burmah		5/- 5/- + ⅛
23/3	Do. 5 p.c. Pref.		23/0 23/3
2/0	Caltex		1 10½ 2/1½
13/0	Dacia Romano		12/0 13/0
4½	Eagle Transport		4⅛ 4⅜
100½	Do. 7 p.c. Notes		99½ 100½
101¾	Do. Bearer		100½ 101¾
6/0	General. Pet. Trinidad A.		6/0 6/6
—	Indo Burmah		9/9 13
18/9	Kern River (10/-)		17/9 18/9 +0/1½
7⅜	Lobitos		7 7⅛ + ⅛
19/0	Mexican Eagle		18/6 19/0 −0/3
18 7½	Do. Pref.		18/0 18/6 −0/3
14/3	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.		14/1½ 14 7½
⅜	North Caucasian (10/-)		⅜ ⅜
—	Oilfields Egypt		1/6 1/6
3/0	Peru Syndicate		2/6 3/0
19/0	Phœnix		19 1½ 19 7½
1/3	Premier Oil		1/0 1/0
—	Rumanian Consolidated		11/9 12/3
37⅛	Royal Dutch		37⅛ 37⅜ − ⅛
1 1⅛	Scottish American		1/0 1/3
4/6	Shell Transport		4/5 4/6
9¾	Do. 5 p.c. Pref. (£10)		9⅝ 9¾
24/3	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.		24/0 24/6
4/3	Spies (10/-)		3/9 4/3
11/3	Sterns Tomans		11/3 11/6 +0 1½
6 1⅛	Tankers Pref.		10 1½ 6 4½
⅜	Trinidad Central		⅜ ⅜
1⅜	Trinidad Lease		1⅜ 1⅝ + ⅛
2 3	United Brit. Trinidad		2/- 2 1/3 −0 1½
12 0	Ural Caspian		12/0 12/3
4 0	Uros Oil		4 3½ 4/10½
17/9	V.O.C. Holdings		17/6 17/9
1⅛	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.		1⅛ 1⅛

BUSINESS DONE.

Anglo-Egyptian "B" 5%—35/6, 35d., 4½d., 4/4d., 5/6. **Anglo-Persian Ord.**—6d/6, 3/1½, 4/0d., 3/5d., 2/6; do. 8 p.c. Pref.—22/6, 9d. **British Controlled Gen.**—6/7½, 6½d., 3½d., 5½d.; do. Pref.—8/6½, 7½d., 6d. **Burmah**—5/-, 4½d. **Kern River**—18/7½, 17/9, 10½d., 17/9, 18/-, 18d., 17/10½. **Lobitos**—7 35-64. **Mexican Eagle Ord.**—19/-, 10½d., 19/-, 18/9½; do. 7 p.c. 1st Pref.—14/6½, 6d., 8½d., 14½d., 6d. **Phœnix Oil**—19/7½, 3d., 19/7½, 18/10½, 19/6, 7½d., 19/6. **Royal Dutch**—37½, 3½, 37⅜, 37⅛, 37⅜, 37½, 37⅜, 37⅛, 37⅜, 37⅛, 37⅜, 37⅛

MESSRS. HOLDEN'S SALES.

EXECUTORS' SALE—MRS. ROCHE, DECEASED.

NEXT MONDAY, 10TH MARCH, AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, WITH POSSESSION.

9 BELGRAVE SQUARE, MONKSTOWN.

LEASE 900 YEARS FROM 1867, AT £6 9s. 2d. YEARLY.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES, THIS ATTRACTIVE PROPERTY.

JOSEPH TIERNEY, Solicitor for the Executors, 2 Saint Andrew street.

NEXT MONDAY, 10TH MARCH, AT 12 NOON.

(IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE SALE OF THE LEASEHOLD).

SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

AT 9 BELGRAVE SQUARE, MONKSTOWN.

On View To-morrow (Saturday), 11 to 5 p.m. Admission to View and Auction, One Shilling.

NEXT WEDNESDAY, AT 1 O'CLOCK, SINGLY OR IN LOTS.

9 and 10 HAWTHORN TERRACE, Church road; 44 and 46 SPRING GARDEN STREET, and 3, 3a, and 3b BALLYBOUGH LANE; 1 and 2 CHURCH AVENUE, North Lotts; 8, 9, 10 CHURCH PLACE (Abercorn road); 2, 3 and 4 BALLYBOUGH COTTAGES, Ballybough road.

STEWART and ORR, Solicitors, 7 Pearse street (late Great Brunswick street).

NEXT WEDNESDAY, 12TH MARCH, AT 1 O'CLOCK.

MONEY-MAKING, FULLY-LICENSED PREMISES,

KENNEDY'S, 41 JAMES'S STREET.

LEASE 70 YEARS FROM FEBRUARY, 1893, at £35.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, by instructions of the Owner, Mr. John Kennedy, who has purchased a Licensed House and Farm in Killeen, Nenagh, Co. Tipperary.

JAMES L. BURKE and CO., Solicitors, 63 Upper O'Connell street.

Further particulars and Orders to View from

W. J. HOLDEN & SON, AUCTIONEERS, SAINT ANDREW STREET.

SALE WEDNESDAY, 26TH MARCH, AT 1 O'CLOCK.

FAMILY RESIDENCE ON 1¼ ACRES. POSSESSION.

"MOUNT HAROLD," HAROLD'S CROSS ROAD, WITH No. 12 LEINSTER ROAD, WEST, ADJOINING.

LEASE FOR 500 YEARS, AT £16 10s. 2d. PER ANNUM

This Property is situated on the tram line between Leinster road and Leinster road, West, standing on 1¼ Acres, with frontage of 250 feet to Harold's Cross road, and a depth of about 275 feet. The House is situated well in from the roadway, and the accommodation comprises 4 reception rooms, 5 bedrooms, servants room, bathroom (h. and c. supply), linen hot press, china closet, kitchen (3-oven close range), scullery (hot supply to trough), dairy (h. and c. trough), store-house, coal-house, etc. Enclosed yard at rear, having coach-house or garage, with loft overhead; 3-stall stabling, fruit-house, hen houses and run, etc. There is a right of way from Leinster road to this yard and to a large separate garage adjoining the yard, of which possession will be given the purchaser. Large fruit and vegetable garden (well stocked) at rear, with vinery and fern house, summer-house, etc. The remainder of the Land comprises a large paddock, with fine frontage to Harold's Cross road. This frontage should prove very valuable for building purposes in the immediate future. There is a carriage entrance from Harold's Cross road.

No. 12 LEINSTER ROAD, WEST, is a two-storey House, containing 4 apartments and yard; large garden in front. Let to a monthly tenant at £32 per annum.

Clear Possession of the entire Property, excepting 12 Leinster road, West, will be given.

Can be seen each day between 2-5 p.m. only, on production of Card to View from THE AUCTIONEERS.

Conditions of Sale from JOSEPH TIERNEY, Solicitor, 2 Saint Andrew street.

Further particulars, Orders to View, etc., from

W. J. HOLDEN & SON, AUCTIONEERS (M.I.A.A.), SAINT ANDREW STREET.

WEDNESDAY, 26TH MARCH, AT 1 O'CLOCK,

DWELLINGHOUSES & BUSINESS PREMISES (4 LOTS), MAIN STREET, DUNDRUM.

HELD FOR 150 YEARS FROM 1879 AT £5 PER ANNUM EACH.

NO. 1 GLENVILLE TERRACE, MAIN STREET, DUNDRUM, is a semi-detached, red brick, two-storey House, containing 2 sittingrooms, 4 bedrooms, servant's room, kitchen, etc.; gas laid on; good garden at rear, with side entrance; plot in front. Let to a quarterly tenant (much under value) at £45 per annum, tenant in addition paying water rate. There is a plot of ground at rear of garden which will be Sold with this House. It is at present let at £2 per annum.

NO. 2 GLENVILLE TERRACE is a somewhat similar house, and contains 2 sittingrooms, 3 bedrooms, servant's room, bath (hot supply), kitchen, etc.; good garden at rear and plot of ground beyond; plot in front. Let to a quarterly tenant at £50 per annum, tenant in addition paying water rate.

NO. 3 GLENVILLE TERRACE.—Similar house to No. 2, and having same accommodation. Let to a monthly tenant at £50 per annum, and water rate, in addition.

NO. 4 GLENVILLE TERRACE.—Two-storey structure, containing Shop and Dwelling, comprising sittingroom and 3 bedrooms, kitchen, etc.; electric light and gas laid on; yard at rear. Let to a quarterly tenant at £35 per annum, tenant also paying all rates and taxes.

Conditions of Sale of above four Lots from J. W. DAVIS, Solicitor, 10 Fleet street.

Further particulars, etc., from

W. J. HOLDEN & SON, AUCTIONEERS (M.I.A.A.), SAINT ANDREW STREET, DUBLIN.

SALE WEDNESDAY, 26TH MARCH, AT 1 O'CLOCK.

HIGH-CLASS CITY BAR,

"BERKLEY'S," 89 SOUTH GT. GEORGE'S STREET

(CORNER OF DAME LANE)

Lease 200 years from 1795 at £83 1s. 6d.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, by instructions of the Owner, Mr. Michael Berkley, who is retiring from business, owing to continued ill-health. The Premises consist of a fine corner building, containing roomy, well-appointed Shop, with cellarage and private bar (separate entrance). The domestic accommodation comprises 8 apartments, with halldoor entrance.

These Premises occupy a very important situation at one of the most frequented spots in the heart of the city. There is a semi-private entrance from Dame lane, just a few yards from the gate of Dublin Castle, Law Courts, etc.

This is a most valuable adjunct, as there is a big volume of pedestrian traffic passing the door. A large trade has been carried on by the Vendor, particulars of which will be shown to bona-fide buyers by the Auctioneers.

Premises can be viewed each day between 3 and 5 p.m. on production of an Order to View from THE AUCTIONEERS.

Conditions of Sale from HENRY B. O'HALPIN, Solicitor, 58 Dame street.

Further particulars, Orders to View, etc., from

W. J. HOLDEN & SON, AUCTIONEERS (M.I.A.A.), 2 SAINT ANDREW STREET.

AUCTION TO-DAY AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK. COX'S AUCTION ROOMS.

SUPERIOR DUBLIN-MADE FURNITURE, PIANOS, &c.

Removed from Messrs. Wallis's Stores and several Private Residences for Convenience of Sale.

COMPRISING:—A LARGE AND VARIED SELECTION OF DININGROOM AND DRAWINGROOM FURNITURE, INCLUDING GLASS-BACK SIDEBOARDS, SCREW DINING TABLES, MAHOGANY AND WALNUT CABINETS, SEVERAL SETS OF DINING CHAIRS, IN MAHOGANY FRAMES, ETC.; WALNUT, MAHOGANY AND GILT-FRAMED OVERMANTEL GLASSES; 9-PIECE OAK-FRAMED DININGROOM SUITE, HAIR-STUFFED; MAHOGANY AND OAK DUMB WAITERS, OVAL AND ROUND TABLES, ON PILLAR AND CLAW; PICTURES AND COLOURED PRINTS. BRASS FENDERS AND FIRE BRASSES, MAHOGANY PEDESTAL AND ENCLOSED CARVED-BACK SIDEBOARDS, DRAWINGROOM CHINA DISPLAY AND END OF ROOM CABINETS, IN INLAID ROSEWOOD, EBONISED MAHOGANY, ETC.; 3 HALL STANDS, PAIR HALL CHAIRS, SEVERAL DRAWINGROOM AND PARLOUR SUITES, HAIR-STUFFED CHESTERFIELD SET, 3 PIECES COVERED IN RICH SILK; SINGLE ARM CHAIRS, IN VELVET; SINGLE HAIR-STUFFED CHESTERFIELDS, BEDROOM FURNITURE IN VARIETY, INCLUDING SUPERIOR 6FT. BURR WALNUT CHEVAL SUITE, MAHOGANY AND BURR WALNUT 4FT. 6IN. WARDROBES, WITH HANGING COMPARTMENTS, SLIDING TRAYS, AND DRAWERS; ANTIQUE AND EBINBORO' CHESTS OF DRAWERS, BURR WALNUT DUCHESSE PAIRS; SEVERAL BEDROOM SUITES, IN MAHOGANY, DARK WALNUT, AND SATIN WALNUT; STAINED WARDROBES AND PRESSES, DRESSING TABLES, WASH STANDS, PEDESTALS; DOUBLE AND SINGLE BEDS, WIRES AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES; KITCHEN AND DEAL FURNITURE IN VARIETY, DRESSERS, TABLES, CHAIRS, MANGLE, POTS, PANS AND SAUCEPANS, AND A FEW GOOD SECONDHAND CARPETS; ALSO THREE LEARNERS' PIANOS AND ONE OVERSTRUNG GERMAN INSTRUMENT. GOODS ON VIEW. AUCTION COMMENCES AT 12.30. PIANOS SOLD AT 3 O'CLOCK.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER.

ON VIEW TO-DAY.

SALE BY AUCTION TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), AND MONDAY NEXT (IN CONTINUATION).

MESSRS. JAMES HILL & SON WILL HOLD IN THEIR AUCTION ROOMS, 9 & 10 BACHELOR'S WALK, A SPECIAL TWO-DAYS'

AUCTION OF NEARLY NEW HIGH-CLASS MODERN FURNITURE, PIANOFORTES, CARPETS, CYLINDER ROLL-TOP DESK, &c.

Comprising principally—Two superior modern Cottage Pianofortes, by eminent makers; beautiful Rosewood Inlaid China Cabinet of exceptional manufacture; Louis China Cabinet, Mahogany Ebonised Cabinet, one 4ft. Dark Walnut ditto, one 4' 6" Satin Walnut Bedroom Suite of 3 pieces, one 4' 6" Light Oak Bedroom Suite of 3 pieces, six Mahogany and Oak Enclosed Sideboards, with mirror backs; one 4' 6" Dark Walnut Glass-door Wardrobe, two Mahogany Bookcases and Cabinet, Walnut Music Cabinet, Pair Walnut Dressing Tables, Chests of Drawers, several Mahogany Screw Expanding Dining Tables and Sets of Mahogany Dining Chairs; Chesterfield Settees, Lounge and Easy Chairs, Occasional Tables and Chairs, Nin-piece Drawingroom Suite, in crimson velvet; Seven-piece Settee Suite, in silk tapestry; Mahogany Cheval Glass, Overmantel Glasses, in gilt mahogany, walnut and oak frames; Brass Fenders, Fire Brasses, Coal Depots, etc.; Hall Stands and Chairs, All-Brass and Black and-Brass Bedsteads and Bedding; Axminster and Brussels Room and Stair Carpets, Hearth Rugs, etc.; Kitchen and Deal Furniture, Mangles, Dressers, Presses; Pictures, Paintings, Engravings; Typewriters, Sewing Machines, China, Glass and Ornamental Items, Gongs and Drums.

FULL PARTICULARS IN TO-MORROW'S ADVERTISEMENT.

JAMES HILL & SON, M.I.A.A., AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 9 AND 10 BACHELOR'S WALK.

MOORHALL, KILLINCHY, CO. DOWN.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE RESIDENTIAL HOLDING.

WE HAVE RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS TO

SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES, ON MONDAY, 10TH MARCH, 1924,

AT THE HOUR OF ELEVEN O'CLOCK,

ALL THAT VALUABLE AND WELL-KNOWN FARM OF LAND, in the Townland of Ballybredagh County Down, with Gentleman's Residence thereon, known as "Moorhall," containing 143 acres 2 roods 20 perches, Statute measure, or thereabouts, and held as a Statutory Tenancy under the Land Law (Ireland) Acts at the yearly judicial rent of £117 10/-.

The Lands are of the best quality, and are all practically laid down in permanent pasture, well watered, drained and fenced, and are noted for their grazing qualities.

The Dwellinghouse is substantially built and very commodious, containing drawingroom, diningroom, breakfast room, mistress's pantry, 4 bedrooms, servant's bedroom, bathroom, lavatory and w.c.; kitchen, scullery, wash-house, etc. The Office Houses are very extensive, all recently built and comprise—Stable for 5 horses, with Riddel's fittings, and stable for 4 horses, with loft over all; 10 loose boxes and 3 byres for 23 head cattle; 2 cart sheds, 2 large cattle houses and turnip house, all under one roof, 108 feet in length; implement house, large workshop and large barn, with threshing machine (by Proctor), driven by Tangye oil engine; store-house, motor garage, coach-house, and new zinc cattle shed, to accommodate 30 head cattle. There is a Coachman's Residence in the yard, containing 2 bedrooms, sittingroom and kitchen, and also 3 Cottier Houses on the Lands.

The Lands are situate on the leading road from Comber to Killyleagh, about 6 miles from Comber Railway Station and 3 miles from the Port at Killyleagh on Strangford Lough, of which they command a good view. There is also a constant motor service daily from Comber to Killyleagh. The County Down Staghounds and North Down Harriers meet and hunt regularly in the district.

TERMS—£25 per cent. deposit at time of Sale, balance on completion, with usual Auction Fees.

For particulars as to Title and Conditions of Sale apply to

MOORHEAD and WOOD, Solicitors, 30 Rosemary street, Belfast.

WILLIAM MORRISON & SON, AUCTIONEERS, CROSSGAR, DOWNPATRICK, & KILLYLEAGH.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED BY JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 110 GRAFTON STREET.

ESTABLISHED 90 YEARS. TELEPHONE No 63.

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER FOR DUBLIN People is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning. Price 2½pence.

THE WEEK'S EVENTS IN IRELAND are recorded in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." The Paper for Home and Foreign Readers. Price 2½pence.

MEYRINGEN,

SOMERBY ROAD, GREYSTONES.

MONDAY NEXT, MARCH 10th, 1924,

At 12 o'clock.

HAVING disposed of the above House, I have been further instructed by the OWNER to SELL by AUCTION, the valuable and attractive Furniture and Effects, comprising:—Upright Piano, by Squire and Longson, London, in inlaid walnut case; Walnut Overmantels, Easy Arm, and Occasional Chairs; Chesterfield, Invalid Chair, Wicker Tables and Chairs, Plush and Lace Curtains, 3 Axminster Carpets, 13 feet x 12 feet, and 12 feet x 12 feet; Axminster Stair Carpet, Brass and Steel Curbs, Fire Irons, Line, Coal Scuttles, Music Waggon, Walnut Sideboard, with mirror back, nicely fitted; solid Mahogany Cottage Sideboard, Inlaid Mahogany Chiffonier, with marble-top, enclosed; 3-door Mahogany Bookcase, screw expanding Dining Table, 6 Walnut Dining Chairs, Mahogany Rocking Chair, 6 Mahogany Dining Chairs, Mahogany Arm Chairs, covered in leather; small Mahogany Dumb Waiter, Walnut Hat and Umbrella Stand, 6-piece Inlaid Mahogany Bedroom Suite, Mahogany Bedstead, 5-piece Polished Ash Suite, Satin Walnut Combined Dressing Chest, Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Bolsters, Blankets, Quilts, Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Wash Stands, Soiled Clothes Basket, Commodes, Chest Drawers, Books, Pictures, Camp Stools, Bedroom Mirrors, Daisy Vacuum Cleaner, Kitchen Tables, Dressers, Clothes Airer, Kitchen Chairs, 2-light Valor Cooker, Delph, China, Glass, Cooking Utensils, Meat Safe, Pennsylvania Lawn Mower, Tennis Marker, Croquet and Ransome Lawn Mowers, Tennis Marker, Croquet Set, Sun Dial, Garden Tools, Metal Roller, Tennis Net and Poles, Greenhouse Plants, 2 Step Ladders, Tubs, Bar Frame, Bee Box, etc., etc.

On View Monday, from 10 o'clock.

Terms—Cash and 5 per cent. Com.

ROCHFORT DOYLE,

Auctioneer,

GREYSTONES.

'Phone 32.

"MOORLANDS,"

WHITSHED ROAD, GREYSTONES.

TUESDAY NEXT, 11th MARCH.

JAMES ADAM and SONS, having Sold the Premises, have been further instructed by G. P. A. Colley, Esq., to hold an AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, in CLEAN, GOOD CONDITION, comprising:—Chesterfield Couch and Divan Easy Chairs, in tapestry; Inlaid Sheraton Easy and Occasional Chairs and Tables, 2 Antique Sheraton Semi-oval Side-Tables, Set 4 Inlaid Quartette Tables; Antique Sheraton, "Oak, Gate-leg, and Chamber Tables; Mahogany and Oak Pedestal Writing Desks, 2 Oak Bureaus, Oak Roll-top Desk, Mahogany Revolving and Oak Open Bookcases, Oak Sideboard, Cupboard, Telescope Dinner Table and 10 Dining Chairs and Carvers, Oak Weish Dresser, Antique Mahogany Two-tier Waiter; Bohemian, Indian, and Axminster Room and Stair Carpets and Rugs; Oval Mirrors, Brass Fenders and Coal Boxes, Clocks, Barometer, Lounge, Wicker, and Garden Chairs; Screens, Water-Colours and Engravings, Ornamental China, White Enamel and Oak Bedroom Suites, with Twin and Double Bedsteads to match; Gents' Antique Mahogany and Satin Walnut Wardrobes, and Duchess and Combination Toilet Tables and Glasses; Brass and Iron Stretcher Beds, Spring and Hair Mattresses and Bedding, Child's Cot, Linoleums, Kitchen Dresser, Meat Safe, Furniture and Utensils, Maid's Room Furniture, Chests Drawers, Perfection Oil Cooking Stove, Wheelbarrow, Step Ladder, Lawn Mower, Tools, Tennis Marker, Hose, Water Carrier, Garden Benches, Frames, etc.

On View Morning of Sale, 10 till 12. Sale Tuesday, 11th March, at 12 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES ADAM & SONS,

Auctioneers and Appraisers,

17 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

STORE CATTLE SALES EVERY THURSDAY,

R. & J. WILKINSON, M.I.A.A.,

40-41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

GRAZING LANDS

TO LET BY PRIVATE TREATY.

44 Acres at Tallaght.

18 Acres at Dundrum.

5 Acres at Raheny.

5½ Acres at Whitechurch.

R. & J. WILKINSON, M.I.A.A.

40 and 41 PRUSSIA ST., DUBLIN.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.)

WIRELESS BROADCASTING, ETC.

AT Pitman's, 16 Crow street, Dublin—Orders being booked for Famous Radior P 24.2 Valve Sets, from £6 15/-; many satisfied users. T

AERIALS Erected by skilled experts, at very moderate cost; all makes (including amateur) or Wireless Sets Repaired, promptly, reasonably.—Orgel and Co., 55 Lower Abbey street (next Elkan's). 4 E

WIRELESS Demonstrations in town, home or country, over 20 years' experience; special courses for Amateurs.—Atlantic College, 45-47 Henry street, Dublin; 'phone, 3235; wires, "Broadcast." 8 1

SPECIFIC ARTICLES WANTED.

ANTIQUE Silver Cups, Candlesticks, Salvers, Sugar Bowls, &c.; also Diamonds, Ornaments, Precious Stones and Old Gold; highest prices given.—West and Son, Grafton House, Grafton street.

DIAMONDS, Old Gold, Antique Silver, Miniatures, etc., Purchased for cash.—Edmond Johnson, Ltd., 94 Grafton street. T

FEATHER BEDS WANTED.

Highest prices given. Will send to examine in city.

IRISH FEATHER CO., LTD., TARA ST., Dublin.

'Phone, 661. T

IRISH FLAX.

RABBIT, Otter, Goat, and all kinds Skins Wanted; also Horse Hair.—T. Mohan, 27 North Great George's street, Dublin. 8 7

THE Counties Dairy Co. (Ireland), Ltd., 50 Upper Stephen street, Dublin, are open to receive additional supplies of selected Eggs, Cream, etc., from private persons; highest prices paid for regular supplies; prompt returns. 29 E

1/- A Tooth, and extra for Metal Plates, paid for discarded Artificial Teeth (old or new) wanted; cash by return.—L. Dembo, 16 Dean street, St. Paul's, Bristol. T

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

ANGLING—Most Practical House in Ireland for Fishing Rods, Reels, Flies, etc.; Salmon Licences issued; Trade supplied; lists free.—Garnett, Crampton Court, Dublin (opposite Dublin Castle). T

CANE Repaired; carefully and skilful work; moderate charges; Gun lists free.—Garnett, Gunmaker, Crampton Court, Dublin (opposite Dublin Castle). T

GUNS—Webley and Scott's unrivalled shot guns, H.S.A. Gun and other makes, Gun Cartridges and Accessories; Gun Repairs by experienced gunsmiths; illustrated catalogue free.—L. Keegan, Gunmaker, Ines quay, Dublin. 4

SHOOTING—Procure your Guns, Cartridges, and Shooting and Netting requirements from Garnett's; Agent for Vickers and H.S.A. Guns and Rifles; lists free.—Garnett, Gunmaker, Crampton Court, Dublin (opposite Dublin Castle). T

PHOTOGRAPHY.

FOR Sale, No. 3 Special Kodak, Cooke lens, £6 3/-; autographic and combination backs, lots of accessories. Can view Saturday or Sunday evening, 12 Ashfield Park, Terenure.

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

ALL Owners of Gardens to ensure best results should Sow Drummond's specially tested Vegetables and Flower Seeds; awarded over 1,000 First Prizes.—W. Drummond and Sons, 57 and 58 Dawson street. T

A1 CABBAGE 2/6 100, delivered; Cauliflowers, Onions, 3/6.—Pennick, Nurserymen, Seedsmen, Greystones. 32 16

APPLE Trees (Bramleys), the most profitable of all varieties, 1 strong trees, 10/-, 20/- per dozen; catalogues of fruit trees, forest trees, ornamental shrubs and hedge plants now ready.—Nash, Nurseries, Athlone. 16 20

AT Lowest Prices—Poles for Pergolas, Rosaries and Arches, delivered.—Clare, Foxrock. 8 5

AUCTION, Fruit Trees, Roses, Shrubs, Alpines, &c. Herbaceous, Thursday, 13th March, 11 South King st., One o'clock.—Arthur Jones.

BRADSHAW, Arasac—Wallflowers, 4/6 100; Lupins, Hollyhocks, Sweet-William, Everlasting Sweet Pea, Gallardia, Antirrhinums, Gypsophilia, Fanfax, Violas; all these are fine plants, 3/- dozen. 27 A

BRADSHAW—Carnations, for border, best double, fine, 3/6 for 25 27 A

BRADSHAW—Thorn Quicks, 6/ 100, 50/- 1,000; Blackthorn, 8/ 100; Privet, 20/- 100; Potting Soil (1 quality only), 1 bushel 2/-, 2 bushels 3/-; free. 27 A

CHEAP Offer before Transplanting—Laurels, 12-18 inch 100 6/-, 1000 55/-; 18-24 inch 100 8/-; Scotch Fir, 12-24, 100 5/-; 24-30 inch, 8/-; Spruce, 12-18 inch, 100 8/-; 18-24, 10/-; each Arbutus, Golden Privet, 16-20 inch 100 20/-. 27 A

CABBAGE Plants, best varieties, 10/-, 1,000; Cauliflowers, 2/6 100.—Gray, Kilcoole, Co. Wicklow. 29 E

CABBAGE Plants, excellent, all varieties, 10/- 1,000 post free, 2/- 100; Onions, 2/6 100; Parsley, 1/- dozen.—Thornton, Newcastle, Co. Wicklow. T

CABBAGE Plants, 10/- per 1,000.—Garrett, Kilcool, Co. Wicklow.

CHURNS—Butter made in seven minutes; very simple and easily cleansed.—Kennan's, Fishamble street, Dublin.

FOR Sale, good mixed Dahlias, mostly red double; 25 for 1/6, postage extra.—Lancaster, Hill of Down, Co. Meath.

GREENHOUSE for Sale. Apply Ashbourne House, Howth.

GRASS Seed, prime Italian and Perennial, each £3 per cwt. Address "Z 794, Seed," this office.

HAY for Sale, best quality.—Murray, Shankill Castle, Shankill, Co. Dublin.

LAWN Mowers of all makes promptly and thoroughly sharpened and done up. Send to Maguire and Gatebell, Ltd., 7-15 Dawson street, Dublin. 12 21

SEED Oats for Sale, Victory, prime sample. Apply S. F. Cuthbert, the Scalp, Enniskerry. 5 E

SHAMROCK, Red Triple Leaf, in boxes, 1/- to 5/-; by Harps, 4d.—Miss O'Sullivan, Millcove, Rosscarbery, Cork. 3 B

POULTRY, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

AT 6/- Setting, Rhode Island Reds (Measures), White Wyandottes (Barron), White Leghorns (Barron), White Runner Ducks (Walton).—Mrs. Craigie, Harristown, St. Margaret's, Co. Dublin. T

AT Borris Poultry Farm, Maryborough. Phone, 15—Settings 6/6, free, Rhode Island Reds (Measured), White Leghorns (Cam-Pudman), Black Leghorns (Snowden). T

ALL Stock Trapnested—Pedigree Rhode Island Reds Settings, from hens with records to 280 eggs, 10/6, 12/6, 25/-; Chicks booking.—McCann, Frankfield, Foxrock; 'phone, Foxrock, 43. 3 E

AT Belfield Poultry Farm, Stillorgan road—Settings, 5/- Day Old Chicks and Ducks, White Wyandottes, Buff Orpingtons and Aylesbury; catalogue free. 25 26

A1 LAYING Crosses—Leghorn Ancona, W. Wyandotte Leghorn, also Pure Ancona, W. Wyandotte and Brown Leghorn, 6/6 a dozen; box and carriage free.—Mrs. Sheridan, Omard House, Ballysaxny, County Cavan. 4 A

AT 5/- Settings from pedigree White Leghorns; hens trapnested, records to 274; Combe-high cock—Woodworth, 2 Mignonebrook terrace, Terenure. 6 F

A FEW Settings, Barnevelders (Brienza), 3/5 free.—A. Jessop, Maryborough. 6 A

BABY Meal, fully tested, £10 per ton, ex store Dublin.—Fitzgerald, Commercial Buildings, Dublin. 5 B

BARRON'S Pens of White Leghorns, "Lady Eglantine" strain, records to 274; Combe-high cock—Woodworth, 2 Mignonebrook terrace, Terenure. 6 F

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"BOOKEYE" Incubators, the world's best hatchers; "Backeye" Brooders, mothers chicks better than a hen.—Keenan's, Fishamble street, Dublin.

CANARIES, Doves, Larks, Love Birds, Breeding Cages, Seeds, Driniers, Nests.—Keogh, 58 Upper Ormond quay. 24 19

CLARE, Richard, and Sons, Foxrock, Dublin—Poultry Houses; illustrated price lists free. 16 6

CRAMPTON Rearing, shoo and utility strains, White Leghorns, Rhode Island Reds 4/6; black Orpington, Minorca, Aylesbury Ducks, 7/-; Indian Game, 12/6 per setting; carriage free.—Woods, Bien Mills, Syerga. 4 F

CANARIES, Cocks and Hens, reasonable; also Rollers.—Holler, 66 Fitzroy avenue, Dublin. 5 A

CROSS Breed Pullets for Sale, good layers, 10 months old, 7/- each.—Landscape, Dundrum. 8 6

CLUCKING Hen, reliable, gentle, young L. Sussex, 10/6.—32 Sandford road, monkstown. 8 8

DAIRY Utensils, Churns, Butter Workers, Separators, Milk Cans, Measures, lowest prices.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21/22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 22 5

DAY Old Chicks, pedigree, trapnested Rhode Island Reds, due 5th, 10th, 12th, 17th, 22nd, 25/- doz., special 45/- doz.; Mothers, 12/6 extra, if required.—McCann, Frankfield, Foxrock; 'phone, Foxrock, 43. 3 F

DUCK Setting, 6/-, pure bred White Runner, and Buff Orpingtons.—Miss St. Lawrence, Howth Castle. 3 F

DAY Old Chicks, due 14th and 17th, White Wyandottes (Strong Barron), White Leghorns (Cavanagh Barron), Rhode Island Reds (Cavanagh-Colchen), 1/9 each; Rhode or Wyandotte Mothers, 10/- each; Settings, 8/-; all carriage paid.—Young, Tullow, Co. Carlow. 2

EMDEN Geese Egg for Sale, 2/- each.—Kidd, Mount Sherlock, Donadea, Kilcock. 5 A

EGGS—R.I.R. Boucher Pen L., Special Pen (05/- dozen), 10/1 Setting; Wyandotte Cross, 7/6.—Finegan, Gortlass, Swan. 6 C

FOR Sale, 3 American Bronze Turkeys; £1 1/- each. Bishop, Kiltornan, Co. Dublin. 5 A

FOR Sale, Glenum Fostermother, 150 chicks, perfect order. Can be seen working, Landscape, Dundrum. 5 A

HATCHING Eggs for Sale, White Wyandotte and White Leghorn, 7/6 per 15; R.I.R., 10/6; Eggs from birds now competing in Belfast Show.—Dee, Landscape, Dundrum. 'Phone, 65 Dundrum. 27 8

HATCHING Eggs, 5/6 dozen, White Leghorns, White Wyandottes (Coubrough); New Laid Eggs daily.—Mrs. Grey, Lakelands Park, Terenure. 4 F

INDIAN Runner Duck Eggs, pure (Simon Hunter-Upjohn) from my renowned layers, 5/6, free.—Evans, Farranbaldy, Delgany. T

LOVELY R.I.R. Cockerels, 7/6 each; would exchange.—Hughes, Foxhill, Enfield. 5 X

LIGHT Sussex Settings from pen headed Bostock Smith (242) cockerel; imported direct.—"Woodlea," Churchtown, Dundrum, Dublin. 3 A

MILLVIEW Poultry Farm, Maanside—Rhodes, White Leghorns, Ancona; Sittings from 8/6; Chicks, double matings; list free. 4 F

MRS. Conurona—All-ireland Cup Winner Sittings, White Leghorns, White Wyandottes, and Light Sussex.

MR. Strong's famous Wyandottes again leading in All Ireland Laying Test this year; winner of silver cup in England and Ireland and £25 prize in Daily Sketch International Test 1921; only breeder whose birds ever made 5 world's records for laying. Also White Leghorns, White Runners. Eggs 6/6, 12/6, dozen, 50/- 100. Chicks, due 10th March, 2/6 dozen. List ready.—Monte House, Kells, Meath. 5 B

PORK, Fresh and Cured, 11d.; Hams, 1/-; Eggs, Boiling and Roasting Fowls.—Ballinastraw Farm, Arcos. 5 F

R. RHODE Island Reds—Hatching Eggs from 8/6; Chicks, due 18th, from 17/-, carriage paid.—Millview Poultry Farm, Malahide. 4 A

SILVER Camping Eggs, 6/- dozen, free; Khaki Campbell Duck Eggs, 5/6 free; both best strains.—Mrs. Hickey, Hyde Park, Killiney. 3 E

SALE, Incubator, Gloucester, 70, Standard (Hearson pattern), 120; both perfect; White Leghorns.—Ormeby, Rathmore, Ballina. 6 B

WHITE Runner Ducks (Taylor's strain), Sittings 5/-, carriage extra.—Hely-Hutchinson, Lissen Hall, Swords. 6 F

WHITE Leghorn and Ancona Hens, layng; 4/- each. Before 11, after 2 o'clock. Roebuck Grove, Donnybrook. 6 B

WANTED, Silver Campine Cockerel of good strain.—Sinders, Oranoh, Co. Kerry

WM. HENRY (Strong's), second and third year, now starting lay, 18, with unrelated Cock, lot £25.—Woodlands, Rochestown avenue, Monkstown. 6 B

FURNITURE.

AT Highest Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Purchase Furniture, Pianos, Antiques. T

CHESTERFIELD Settee, Lounge, Chairs, splendid condition, Sell cheap.—Kehoe, Alma, Rathmines Park. 3 E

CHEVAL Glass for Sale; perfect condition.—11 Upper Fitzwilliam street. 4 E

FOR Sale, privately, Bedroom Suite, Diningroom Chairs, etc.; no dealers.—H 1884, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. F

LANCLOR, Briscoe will Buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture, Auction every Thursday.—50 Ormond quay. T

OLD Polished Oval Dining Table, extends 6ft. long, 5 brass claws; valued £15; what offers?—T 36, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 6 D

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

A COTTAGE Piano Wanted; Grand might suit; state particulars; no dealers.—H 1834, this office. T

CELLO Wanted, ¾ or full size; state full particulars. H 1847, this office. 9 12

GRAMOPHONES, made by Winner Company—Reliable Machines from £3 10/-; lists free.—Gramophone Stores, Johnston's Court, Grafton st., Dublin. Open till 8.30. 26 T

KEARNEY'S Music, 6d to 3/-; lists free.—Kearney's, 14 Canal street, Dublin. 20 X

PIANOLA, beautiful sweet toned instrument, with all latest improvements, 62 rolls, is almost new condition, owner going away. Apply H 2000, this office. 5 A

PIANOLA for Sale, perfect order; bargain.—K 77, this office. F

DRESS AND COSTUME.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Higgins, 1 Aston's quay; highest prices Ladies', Gents', Children's Left Off Clothing, Jewellery, Artificial Teeth; country parcels received. T

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Crunch, 65 Aungier st., gives highest prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, etc.; distance no objection. T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest cash paid for all Left Off Clothes, Jewellery, Silver Plate, Furs, Teeth, Pictures, China, Glass, Furniture, etc.; Postcard immediate attention; distance no objection. Telephone 435, Rathmines.—Wellington House, 58 Wellington quay. T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices for Ladies' or Gents', Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no objection.—Mrs. White, 18 Aungier street. T

ALL Present Styles, Costumes, Gowns, etc.—Madame Clarke, 7 Kenilworth square (first floor). Renovated material made up, Remodelling done; Furs Renovated.

EVERY description Ladies' Discarded Clothing Bought; also Children's Outgrown Clothes; country parcels immediate attention.—Drier Agency, 106 Drury Buildings, off st

Slyne's Undies.

Pyjama Suit, in thick Crepe Schappe, in Cream, bound with duck-egg blue, price 42/-

A lovely Trousseau Set of Nightie, Chemise and Knickers, is in Ochre Crepe-de-Chine, with real filet lace tinted to shade.

Slyne 71 Grafton St. DUBLIN, 1 and 2 HARRY STREET.

POULTRY, ETC., CONTINUED.

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